# UMRR HREP INSPECTION OF COMPLETED WORKS 2016

#### I. PROJECT:

Potter's Marsh Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement Project (HREP)

#### II. AUTHORITY:

Upper Mississippi River Restoration (UMRR) Program

#### III. LOCATION:

Pool 13, Mississippi River Miles (RM) 522.5 to 526.0, Carroll and Whiteside Counties, IL

#### IV. PREVIOUS REPORTS:

Reports listed below are posted at this website:

http://www.mvr.usace.army.mil/Missions/Environmental-Protection-and-Restoration/Upper-Mississippi-River-Restoration/Habitat-Restoration/Rock-Island-District/Potters-Marsh/

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Upper Mississippi River System, Environmental Management Program, Definite Project Report (R-9F) with Integrated Environmental Assessment, Potters Marsh Rehabilitation and Enhancement, April 1992.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Operation and Maintenance Manual, Potters Marsh Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement Program, October 1997.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Upper Mississippi River System, Environmental Management Program, Post-Construction Initial Performance Evaluation Report, Potters Marsh Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement, November 1998.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Upper Mississippi River Restoration, Environmental Management Program, 7 Year Post-Construction Performance Evaluation Report, Potters Marsh Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement, October 2003.

Potters Marsh HREP 2013 Annual Inspection Report, Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife Refuge; US Fish and Wildlife Service. August 2013.

## V. PROJECT GOAL & OBJECTIVES:

The project goals and objectives were outlined in the original Definite Project Report and are summarized in the following table.

**Table 1: Project Goals and Objectives** 

Project Goals and Objectives						
Goals	Objectives	Project Features				
Rehabilitate and Enhance Aquatic	Restore and create fisheries habitat	Hydraulically dredged channel				
Habitat	Reduce sediment input	Mechanically excavated sediment trap				
Enhance	Increase migratory bird feeding/resting	Managed marsh unit				
Migratory Birds through Wetland	areas	Grass/forb plantings				
Rehabilitation	Increase waterfowl brood habitat/fall feeding sites	Potholes				

## VI. MONITORING PLAN EVALUATION CRITERIA:

The following tables were copied from the following report: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island District, Upper Mississippi River Restoration, Environmental Management Program, 7 Year Post-Construction Performance Evaluation Report, Potters Marsh Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement, 2003.

No changes or discussion of these tables was made during this site assessment.

Table 2: Monitoring and Performance Evaluation Matrix

Activity	Purpose	Responsible Agency	Implementing Agency	Funding Source	Remarks
Sedimentation Problem Analysis	System-wide problem definition. Evaluates planning assumptions	USGS	USGS	LTRMP	Leads into pre-project monitoring; defines desired conditions for plan formulation
Pre-project monitoring	Identifies and defines problems at HREP site. Established need for proposed project feature	Sponsor	Sponsor	Sponsor	Attempts to begin defining baseline. See DPR.
Baseline monitoring	Establishes baselines for performance evaluation	USACE	Field station or sponsor thru Cooperative Agreements or Corps	HREP	See DPR for location and sites for data collection and baseline information. Actual data collection will be accomplished during Plans & Specification phase.
Data Collection for Design	Includes identification of project objectives, design of project, and development of performance evaluation plan	USACE	USACE	HREP	Comes after fact sheet. This data aids in defining the baseline
Construction Monitoring	Assesses construction impacts; assess permit conditions are met	USACE	USACE	HREP	Environmental protection specifications to be included in construction contract documents. Inter-agency field inspections will be accomplished during project construction phase
Performance Evaluation Monitoring	Determine success of project as related to objectives	USACE (quantitative), sponsor (field observations)	Field station or sponsor thru Cooperative Agreements or Corps	HREP	Comes after construction phase of project
Analysis of Biological Responses to Project	Evaluates predictions and assumptions of habitat unit analysis. Determine critical impact levels, cause-effect relationships, and effect on long-term losses of significant habitat	USACE	USACE	HREP	Problem Analysis and Trend Analysis studies of habitat projects

**Table 3: Performance Evaluation and Monitoring Schedule** 

·	Pot	ters Marsh Ha	bitat Rehabilitat				truction	Performano	e Evaluati	on Plan¹	
Goal	Objective	Alternative	Enhancement Feature	Unit	Enhancement Po Year 0 (1995) Without Alternative	Year 0 (1995) With Alternative (As-Built)	Year 7 With Alt.	Year 7 With Alt.	Year 50 Target With Alt. <sup>27</sup>	Feature Measurement	Annual Field Observations by Site Manager
Rehabilitate & Restore & create fisheries habitat an lower Potters Habitat Slough and embayment areas	Create deep water in lower channel & embayment	Hydraulically dredge channel seg. 2 & 3	Acre-feet of deep water	0	290	220	240	190	Soundings	Describe presence of snags, debris, channel sedimentation or vegetation	
		areas	Improved water quality	Mg/l DO	Approx. 1-4			Generally ≥5 at times	> 5	Perform water quality tests	Describe presence of fish stress or kills
			S	Fish Counts				49 fish, 7 species		Fish survey	Describe fish usage
	Reduce sediment input in the upper Potters Slough area	Create deep water above and below causeway	Hydraulically dredge Seg. 1 & mech. excav. hole below causeway	Acre-feet of deep water	0	37	32	27	24	Soundings	Describe presence of snags, debris, channel sedimentation or vegetation
Enhance Habitat for Migratory Birds Through	Increase migratory bird feeding or resting area	Best use of Confined Placement Site surface	Managed marshland	Acres of managed water level	0	32.5	32.5	Not determined	32.5	Aerial survey	Presence of waterfowl
Wetland Rehabilitation			Grass and forbs plantings	Acres of grassland		7		Not determined	7	Vegetation transect	Survival of plantings
	Increase waterfowl brood habitat & fall feeding sites	Pothole creation	Pothole Creation	Acres of potholes	Approx. 2.0		9.45	8.3	6.8	Sediment transects/aerial photography	Presence of vegetation and presence of waterfowl

#### VII. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS SINCE LAST INSPECTION

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) has listed significant events which have impacted the site since construction. A drought year was observed in 2012. High water was observed in 2013.

**Table 4: Significant Events at the Refuge (Provided by USFWS)** 

Spring 1997	Significant flood
Spring 2001	Second largest flood event on record.
Spring 2008	High flows through LD 13 around 191,600 cfs on April 29.
	Approximate crest elevation at project location RM 524: 588.6 (about 5.6'
	above flat pool)
Summer and	High flows through LD 13 around 178,400 cfs on July 26, 2010; and around
Fall 2010	186,600 cfs on October 6, 2010. Approximate crest elevations at project
	location: 586.6 and 587.3.
Spring 2011	High flows through LD 13 around 231,600 cfs on April 21, 2011; Pool 13
	elevation 590.29 on April 22, 2011. Approximate crest elevation at project
	location 590.8.

## VIII. PROJECT SPONSOR UPDATES

Project Sponsor contacts are listed in the following table.

**Table 5: Project Sponsors** 

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Upper Mississippi River Refuge							
Name	Position	Address	Phone	Email			
Ed Britton	Wildlife Refuge Manager	7071 Riverview Thomson, IL 61285	815-273-2732	ed_britton@fws.gov			
Sharonne Baylor, P.E.	Environmental Engineer	51 East Fourth St. Winona, MN 55987	507-494-6207	sharonne_baylor@fws.gov			

## IX. ONGOING MONITORING AND/OR REPORTS

Potters Marsh HREP Annual Inspection Reporting, Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife Refuge; USFWS.

X. DATE OF FIELD VISIT: July 21, 2016, Hot, sunny, mid 90's °F

#### **XI. ATTENDEES:**

The following table outlines the list of personnel who visited the site in 2016.

Table 6: 2016 Site Visit Attendees

Name	Office	Title	Number
Kara Mitvalsky	USACE – Rock Island	Environmental Engineer	309-794-5623
Ben Vandermyde	USACE – Rock Island	Lead Forester	309-794-4522
Chuck Theiling	USACE – Rock Island	Biologist	309-794-5636
Tom Kirkeeng	USACE – Rock Island	Civil Engineer	309-794-5433
Rebecca Laugen	USACE – Rock Island	Civil Engineer	309-794-5411
Ed Britton	U.S. Fish & Wildlife	District Manager	815-273-2732
			Ext 111
Russell Engelke	U.S. Fish & Wildlife	Assistant District	815-273-2732
		Manager	Ext 113
Sharonne Baylor	U.S. Fish & Wildlife	Environmental Engineer	507-494-6207
Bill Davison	U.S. Fish & Wildlife	Maintenance Mechanic	815-273-3153
Mike Griffin	Iowa DNR	Wildlife Biologist	563-872-5700

#### XII. OBSERVATIONS:

**Dredge Cuts:** Some of the dredge cut locations could be observed by changed or lack of aquatic vegetation. Most of these cuts have filled in more than expected, especially at the downstream end of the site.

**Sediment Trap:** According to the USFWS, the excavation into the project (near the bridge/causeway) has significantly settled in. There are no recent hydrosurveys of the area.

**Potholes:** The potholes were not inspected since vegetation prevented the inspection team from easily finding and accessing the potholes.

**Marsh:** The confined placement site is in good condition. The containment dike remains in good condition, and is well maintained with little woody debris or erosion noted. The slopes are satisfactory with good vegetation cover, and the top of the dike is graded properly and mowed. The interior holds water and has diverse vegetation.

**Marsh well pump:** The water well and pump are maintained well and continues to operate adequately.

**Access Road:** The access road was in good condition.

**Grassland:** The grassland is full of mixed vegetation. At the time of inspection, much of the vegetation was in bloom, including lotus, purple coneflower, purple poppy mallow, rose marshmallow, and black eyed susan. The containment dike roadway was mowed for a clear path around the project site.

**Waterfowl Use:** The site is actively used by waterfowl. Hunting blinds are situated south of the Marsh.

#### XIII. SUMMARY

Overall the Potters Marsh HREP appears to be generally meeting its goals and objectives through continued operation and maintenance by the USFWS.

## XIV. RECOMMENDATIONS

Continued HREP monitoring at this site. Conduct hydrosurveys of dredge cuts.

#### XV. LESSONS LEARNED

The sedimentation rate in the sediment trap and dredge cuts was underestimated.

# Attachment A 2016 Photos



Photo 1: View from Thomson Causeway Recreation Area access road – Sediment Trap and Hydraulic Dredging



Photo 2: Containment Interior, looking south from the containment dike road



Photo 3: Containment Interior, looking southeast from the containment dike road



Photo 4: Well



Photo 5: Electrical equipment for the well





Photo 7: Vegetation in the containment interior



Photo 8: Habitat channels



Photo 9: Mallard Bay, looking southwest from the containment dike road



Photo 10: Containment Interior vegetation, looking northeast from the road



Photo 11: Containment Dike and Interior, looking north from the containment dike road



Photo 12: Stoplog structure





Photo 14: Containment dike interior and gage



Photo 15: Beaver lodge in the containment interior, looking east



# Attachment B US FWS Annual Inspection Report

## Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge

## **Potters Marsh HREP**

## **2013 Annual Inspection Report**



Old beaver lodge (covered in purple loosestrife) and staff gauge, looking from structure, August 2013.

Prepared by Sharonne Baylor, Environmental Engineer Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge 51 E Fourth St., Room 101 Winona, Minnesota 55987 December 2014





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## **INSPECTION DAY**

Date(s) of Inspection	August 14, 2013		
Inspector(s)	Sharonne Baylor, Environmental Engineer		
Others Present	None		
Project Location	Pool 13, RM 522.5-526, left descending bank of navigation channel		
Weather	Warm, cloudy, calm, nice, mid 70's °F		
River Level	• Lock and Dam 12 tailwater at RM 556.7: 585.21		
	• Lock and Dam 13 pool at RM 522.4: 583.09		
	• Approximate elevation at project location RM 524: 583.2 (about 0.2' above flat pool)		
	• Lock and Dam 13 flow: 33,613 cfs		

## RECOMMENDATIONS

## **Recommended Actions to Take Immediately**

- 1. Repair beaver damage to dike around stoplog structure. A layer of riprap next to the structure would help prevent future damage. Continued damage could lead to piping through the dike.
- 2. Repair interior slope damage approximately at STA 45+00. This is a safety hazard for mowing and other maintenance work.
- 3. Continue to remove woody vegetation growing next to stoplog structure.

## **Recommended Actions to Prolong Life of Project**

- 1. Inspect inside of structures and stoplogs when repositioning stoplogs.
- 2. Continue to keep woody vegetation off containment dike and from around structure.
- 3. Continue to monitor project.

## INSPECTION RESULTS

Item	Observations/Condition	Remarks/Recommendations
Containment Dike	Generally good condition, though	Repair damage to dike around
	some beaver and other minor	stoplog structure.
	damage near stoplog structure and	Repair damage to dike interior
	interior slope around STA 45. No	around STA 45. This is a large
	apparent sloughing.	hole.
	Solid vegetation coverage.	Continue to keep woody vegetation
	Top is graded properly.	off dikes and monitor.
	Photos 1-2, 4-6, 8-9.	

Item	Observations/Condition	Remarks/Recommendations
Containment	Heavy lotus and willow vegetation.	Management issue.
Interior (Duckfoot	Also areas of open water.	
Marsh)	There does not appear to be an	
	active beaver around.	
	Photos 1-10.	
Stoplog Structure	Concrete, handrail, and grating in	Repair damage to dike around
	good condition.	stoplog structure.
	Heavy vegetation around structure.	Remove woody vegetation around
	Stoplog area plugged.	stoplog structure.
	Outlet headwall clear.	Inspect inside of structures and
	Beaver damage around structure into	stoplogs in fall when repositioning
	dike.	stoplogs.
	Does not appear to be the beaver	
	activity there has been in the past.	
	Photo 11.	
Well	Visually ok. Did not operate.	Continue to consult with
	Photos 12-14.	professional electrician or well
		installers if problems with well or
		electrical panel.
Potholes	Did not inspect.	Continue to monitor.
Access Road	Good condition.	Continue to monitor.
Dredge Cuts	Did not inspect.	Have Corp perform bathymetric
	Photo 15.	surveys, perhaps for future Project
		Evaluation Report. Previously, the
		Corps provided their 2007 survey
		cross-sections which indicated cuts
		are continuing to fill in, especially
		cuts C and K.

## **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

## Operation and Maintenance Responsibilities

See O&M manual, pages 13-19.

## **Operation and Maintenance Cost History and Activities**

Costs before FY03 not all well documented.

Year	Years	Estimated	Actual	Activities
	in	Annual	FWS	
	O&M	Cost w/	Costs	
		Inflation		
1996	1	\$7,024	\$460	Operate WCS, install gauge
1997	2	\$7,185	\$1,485	Operate WCS, mow

Year	Years in O&M	Estimated Annual Cost w/ Inflation	Actual FWS Costs	Activities
1998	3	\$7,300	\$3,400	Operate WCS, prescribed burn, mow, maintain vegetation, cleanup after 1997 flood
FY 2003	8	\$8,243	\$650	Operate WCS, move, cleanout WCS
FY 2004	9	\$8,465	\$3,277	Remove downed trees, operate stoplogs, mow and grade levee
FY 2005	10	\$8,753	\$583	Well pumping, operate WCS
FY 2006	11	\$9,033	\$2,238	Well pumping, operate WCS, mow and grade levee
FY 2007	12	\$9,295	\$1,000	Prescribed burn, mow, remove trees, inspections, pump fall 2006
FY 2008	13	\$9,648	\$4,200	Prescribed burn, mow, tree removal, inspections, pump fall 2007
FY 2009	14	\$9,610	\$2,100	Inspections, mow
FY 2010	15	\$9,763	\$3,500	Inspections, mow
FY 2011	16	\$10,076	\$3,500	Inspections, mow, remove trees, pumping, operate WCS
FY 2012	17	\$10,287	\$10,800	Inspections, mow, remove trees, pumping, operate WCS, burning, weed control
FY 2013	18	\$10,442	\$6,100	Inspections, mow, remove trees, pumping, operate WCS, operate well, electricity, weed control

## PROJECT HISTORY AND DOCUMENTS

**Significant Past Project Events and Activities** 

Spring 1997	Significant flood.		
Spring 2001	Second largest flood event on record.		
Spring 2008	High flows through LD 13 around 191,600 cfs on April 29.		
	Approximate crest elevation at project location RM 524: 588.6 (about 5.6'		
	above flat pool)		
Summer and	High flows through LD 13 around 178,400 cfs on July 26, 2010; and around		
Fall 2010	186,600 cfs on October 6, 2010. Approximate crest elevations at project		
	location: 586.6 and 587.3.		
Spring 2011	High flow through LD 13 around 231,600 cfs on April 21, 2011; Pool 13		
	elevation 590.29 on April 22, 2011. Approximate crest elevation at project		
	location: 590.8.		

**Construction History and Costs** 

Construction Complete	July 1996
Construction Contractor	J.F. Brennan Co., Inc.
Construction Cost	\$2,163,000
Total Project Cost	\$2,975,000

**Project Documents** 

Definite Project Report/ Environmental Assessment	April 1992
Operation and Maintenance document	March 1997
Waterfowl and Wading Bird Use of Potholes at the Potters	October 1997
Marsh HREP	
Post-Construction Initial Performance Evaluation Report	November 1998
7-Year Post-Construction Performance Evaluation Report	October 2003

## **INSPECTION PHOTOS**

Project inspection photos below taken by Sharonne Baylor on August 14, 2013 unless otherwise noted. See photo layout reference map below for photo locations.

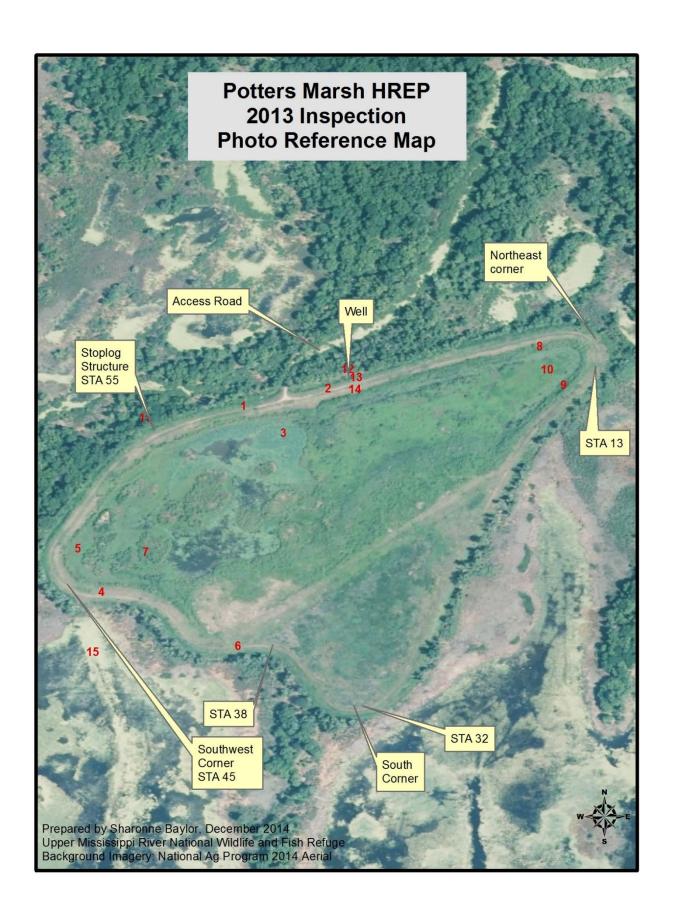




Photo 1: Containment dike and interior, looking southwest from access road.



Photo 2: Containment dike and interior, looking northeast from access road.



Photo 3: Interior, looking south from access road area.



Photo 4: Containment dike and interior, southwest corner looking east.



Photo 5: Containment dike and interior, southwest corner looking northeast.



Photo 6: Containment dike and interior, southwest side looking east.



Photo 7: Interior, southwest corner looking northeast.



Photo 8: Containment dike and interior, northeast corner looking west (toward well).



Photo 9: Containment dike and interior, northeast corner looking southwest.



Photo 10: Interior, northeast corner looking southwest.



Photo 11: Stoplog structure outlet headwall.



Photo 12: Well electrical.



Photo 13: Well.



Photo 14: Well outlet pipe.

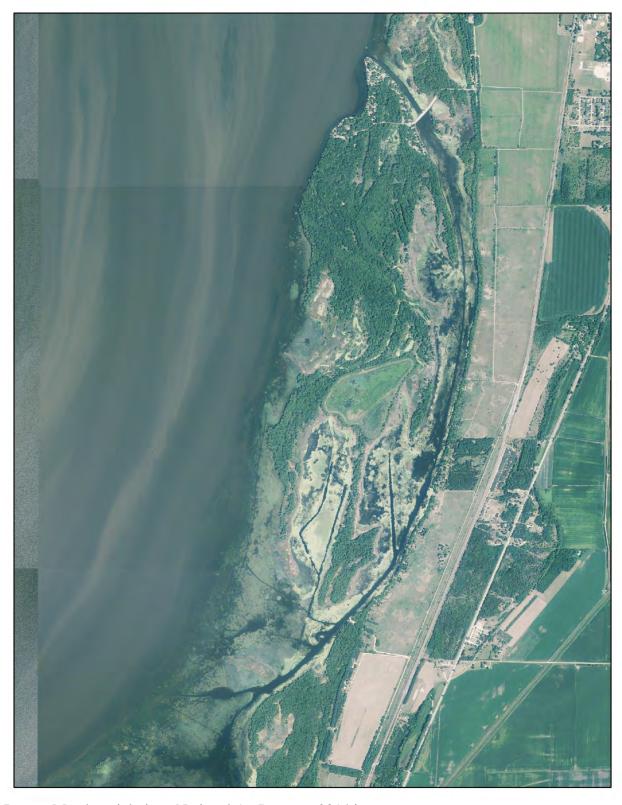


Photo 15: Dredge cut, looking west toward river from southwest corner of containment dike.

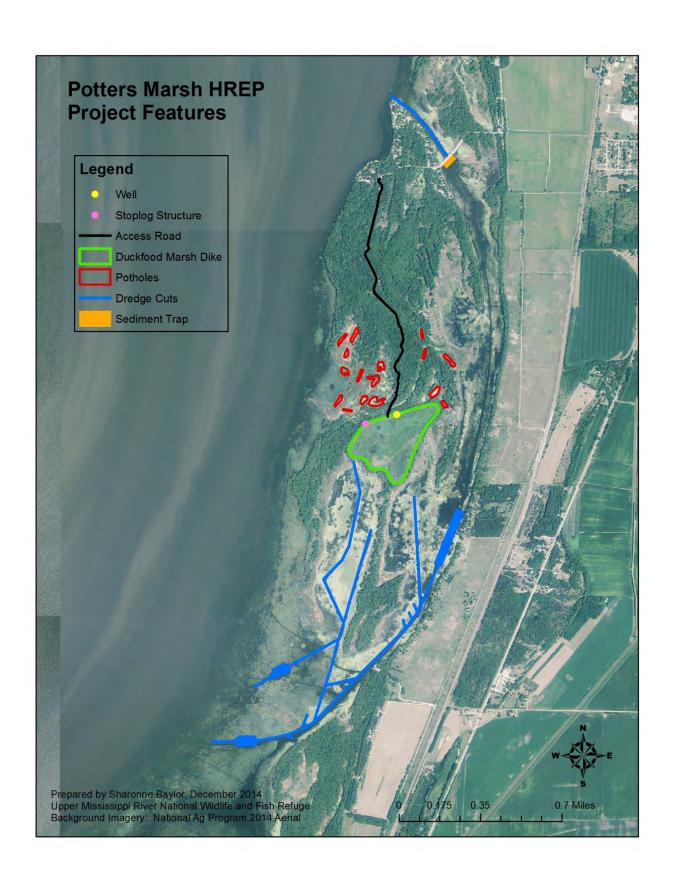


Photo 16: Potters Marsh project area, looking northwest from river. (2004 photo?)

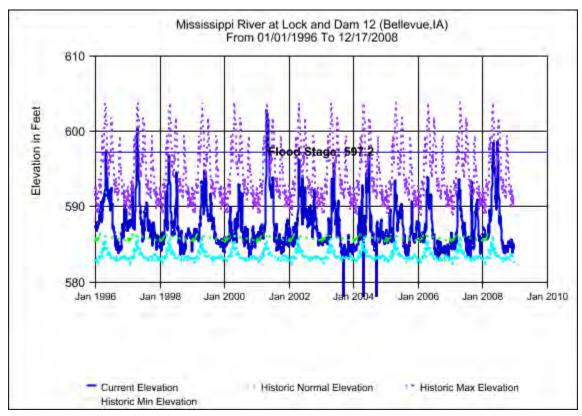
## **AERIAL PHOTO AND PROJECT FEATURES**

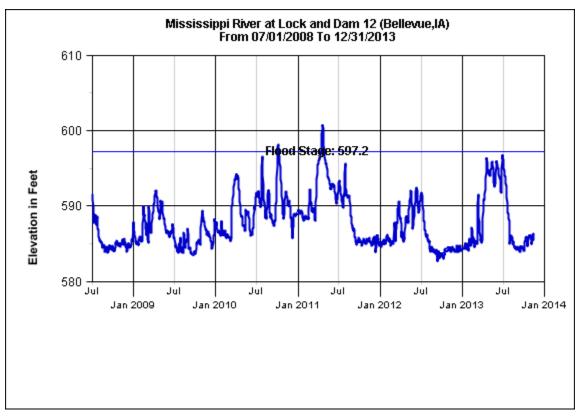


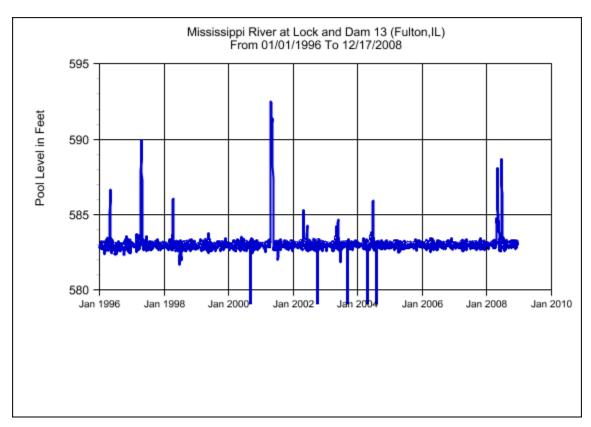
Potters Marsh aerial view, National Ag Program 2014 imagery.

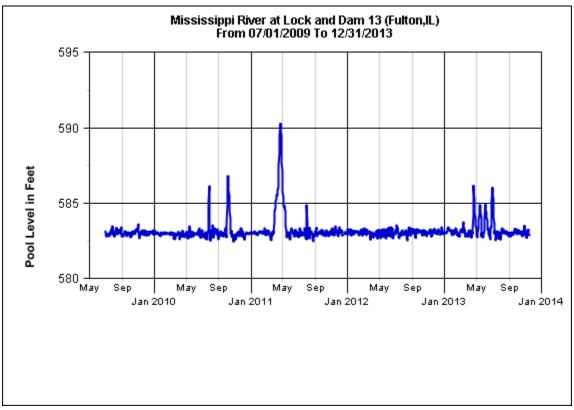


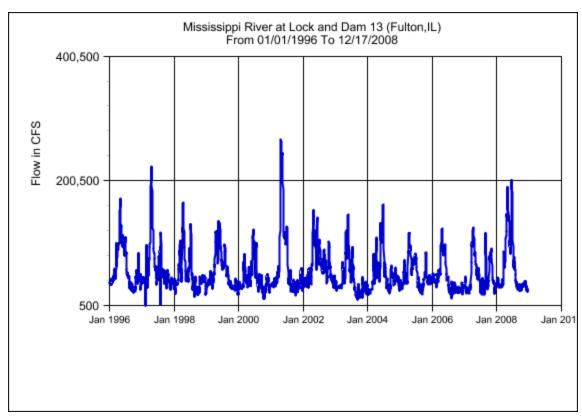
## **HYDROGRAPHS**

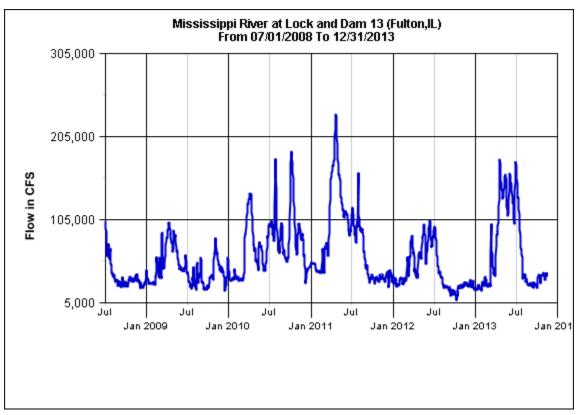












# Attachment C Site Plan and Monitoring Plan Plates

