Upper Mississippi River Restoration Program Coordinating Committee Quarterly Meeting

February 7, 2018

Highlights and Action Items

Program Management

- Marshall Plumley will serve as UMRR's new program manager, officially starting on March 4, 2018. Plumley brings substantial experience working on Corps aquatic ecosystem programs nation-wide, including Puget Sound, Chesapeake Bay, Louisiana's coast, and the Illinois River. Andy Barnes reflected on Marv Hubbell's successful tenure as UMRR Program Manager. Hubbell has been an important visionary and motivating leader, positioning UMRR well to do incredible habitat restoration and science while also competing for funding within the Corps. Hubbell will officially retire in June 2018 and will assist Plumley as he assumes the program manager responsibilities.
- Hubbell reflected on the tremendous value of UMRR's partnership, noting the value of each
 partner's unique strengths that they contribute to the program. The UMRR Coordinating Committee
 applauded Hubbell for his many contributions to UMRR and thanked him for his dedication to
 partnership and the resource.
- Congress passed a second FY 18 continuing resolution authority (CRA) on December 22, 2017 following the expiration of the first CRA on December 8, 2017. The second CRA expires on February 9, 2018. It is not yet known how Congress will act. [Subsequent to the meeting, Congress enacted a third CRA expiring on March 23, 2018.] District staff are authorized to execute the program at \$33.17 million. The House and Senate Appropriations Committees each approved \$33.17 million for UMRR in their respective FY 18 energy and water appropriations measures.
- At the \$33.17 million planning scenario, UMRR's FY 18 internal allocations are as follows:
 - Regional Administration and Programmatic Efforts \$1,110,000
 - Regional Science and Monitoring \$9,325,000
 - Long term resource monitoring \$4,725,000
 - o Regional science in support of restoration − \$3,175,000
 - \$1.025 million for data analysis
 - \$2.15 million for special research initiatives
 - Regional science staff support \$150,000
 - Habitat project evaluations \$975,000
 - Habitat Needs Assessment II \$300,000
 - Habitat Restoration \$22,735,000
 - o Model certification (i.e., AHAG) \$100,000
 - \circ MVP \$10,922,000
 - \circ MVR \$5,747,000
 - \circ MVS \$5,966,000

[Note: The FY 18 District HREP allocations above reflect repayment after transferring work among Districts in FY 17.]

- As standard every year, District staff anticipate receiving a pass back on its draft FY 19 spending plans in mid-February.
- District staff are working to simplify the budget report documents typically supplied in the agenda packets and will begin to include them on a regular basis again starting in May 2018. Hubbell distributed a handout that provides a clearer way of showing UMRR's financial information. It will also allow for better tracking spending on specific activities over time.
- Hubbell reflected on UMRR's maturity and milestones throughout his involvement as UMRR's program manager as follows:
 - Two UMRR long term resource monitoring status and trends reports
 - New approaches for evaluating UMRR's ecological resilience and habitat needs
 - Improvements to the habitat project planning process and evaluation
 - Robust funding with consistent high execution achievements
 - Publication of three reports to Congress
 - [Note: Hubbell served as Illinois' UMRR Coordinating Committee representative during the 2004 UMRR Report to Congress development.]
 - Endorsement and signing of a charter for UMRR's coordinating groups
- In response to the UMRR Coordinating Committee's request on a November 27, 2017 conference call, Corps public relations staff are working internally to create a more concise, strategic UMRR communications plan. Samantha Heilig said the plan revolves around UMRR's tag line: leading, innovating, partnering. Heilig explained that the communications plan will utilize the partnership's network, rotating leadership responsibilities among the implementing partner agencies. District staff will prepare a draft plan for the UMRR Communications Team to consider this spring and then will begin developing content.

UMRR Showcase Presentations

• Julie Millhollin discussed habitat degradation at Steamboat Island and how the potential restoration techniques would improve aquatic habitats and floodplain forest.

Long Term Resource Monitoring and Science

- The following manuscript was published in the first quarter of FY 18, "Can data from disparate long-term fish monitoring programs be used to increase our understanding of regional and continental trends in large river assemblages?"
- UMESC published a story map for UMRR's long term resource monitoring web site that combines text, images, and video to summarize information in a compelling and understandable way. The story map can be used for a variety of purposes (e.g., outreach, virtual tours, delivering information) and found here:

 https://usgs.maps.arcgis.com/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=261453998dc844099bdb48d203de
 b736.
- The January 16-18, 2018 UMRR LTRM Science Meeting facilitated extensive, collaborative dialogue among Upper Mississippi scientists and habitat managers about future goals and priorities for UMRR's research and analysis. While the primary objective was to determine FY 18 research priorities, the meeting also resulted in longer term ideas for future work and enhanced the network

of UMRR's restoration professionals and scientists. Six working groups explored the following themes, which partners reviewed prior to the meeting:

- Theme 1: Understanding changes in hydrogeomorphology and their implications for the future condition of the UMRS
- Theme 2: Understanding relationships between hydrogeomorphic conditions and the distribution and abundance of biota
- O Theme 3: Understanding the physical, chemical, and biological processes behind the observed spatial and temporal patterns in LTRM data
- The anticipated schedule for selecting and funding FY 18 research proposals is as follows:

March 16: Full proposals due to UMRR management team for review
 March 30: Proposals distributed to A-Team for review and evaluation

o Early to mid April: A-Team and UMRR federal partners review and rank proposals

o April 25: A-Team considers proposal rankings

May 16: UMRR Coordinating Committee consider recommended FY 18 research

proposals for endorsement

- UMRR's FY 18 LTRM allocation includes \$5.75 million for base monitoring and \$2.15 million for other science-related efforts. Actual costs for base monitoring are estimated at \$5.6 million in FY 18, allowing for \$149,330 to fund aerial camera testing and FY 17 work plan needs as well as other science-related efforts.
- The A-Team's next scheduled meeting is for April 25, 2018.

Habitat Restoration

- The St. Louis District is exploring options to expand the number of sponsors it works with on habitat projects. The District anticipates submitting a final draft feasibility report for Crains Island to MVD in mid to late February for approval in order for the project to be construction-ready in FY 19. A bid is currently open for the Clarence Cannon pump station construction. MVS is finalizing the O&M manual for Ted Shanks before closing out the project.
- The St. Paul District finalized construction of Harpers Slough and is planning a dedication ceremony and tree planting event for this spring. The District has not yet issued an award for Conway Lake given issues with the awards received. It anticipates finalizing an award this spring. District partners have selected Bass Lake Ponds (on the Minnesota River), Lower Pool 10, and Reno Bottoms to advance as its next UMRR habitat projects.
- The Rock Island District awarded a construction contract in early February to repair one large pump stations at Rice Lake. MVR is actively planning on Keithsburg and Steamboat Islands. The District accelerated the planning of Beaver Island and will move the project into construction in FY 18, given reallocated FY 17 money from the St. Paul District. That funding will be repaid in FY 18. MVR is working through the river teams to identify one to three projects to initiate planning within the next several months.
- Partners at the November 29-30, 2017 UMRR HREP strategic planning meeting discussed a range of issues affecting implementation of habitat projects. The discussion resulted in the following actions:
 - Vision statement for habitat restoration led by Steve Clark, Steve Winter, Kirk Hansen, and Karen Hagerty

- o Project selection in 2018 to 2019 led by UMRR program manager
- o Project selection process led by UMRR program manager and UMRBA staff
- o Project formulation led by Camie Knollenberg, Monique Savage, and Angela Dean
- o Non-federal sponsorship led by UMRR program manager, UMRBA, TNC, and Audubon

Habitat Needs Assessment II

- USGS is considering input from all agency partners regarding a manuscript of HNA II's inventory of habitats and ecosystems conditions of the UMRS. A formal USGS review is underway for the manuscript's publication. Its content is the foundation information by which restoration practitioners will make inferences about habitat needs on the UMRS.
- A rapid assessment of each indicator will be employed through the individual river teams. The RRAT Exec performed the exercise on January 23 and the FWIC is scheduled to do so on February 20 and the FWWG on February 23. Given scoring of indicator rankings in various areas of the UMRS, the river teams will determine whether the area (per each indicator) is far from, near to, or at the desired condition. A "HNA II from Information to Management" report will be developed in March and April through the following steps:
 - o Summarize the river teams' rankings at pool and "cluster" scales
 - o Develop new graphics, including spider diagrams
 - o Provide narrative summaries of habitat needs to river teams for review
 - o Conduct a system assessment by comparing cluster-level evaluations
- An update regarding the system assessment will be provided to the UMRR Coordinating Committee at its May 16, 2018 meeting. The HNA II Steering Committee and A-Team will be asked to review the draft HNA II from Information to Management report in the early half of summer. A final draft report will be supplied to the UMRR Coordinating Committee for consideration of approval at its August 2018 quarterly meeting. Pending the Committee's approval, the report would be finalized and published in early fall.

Water Level Management

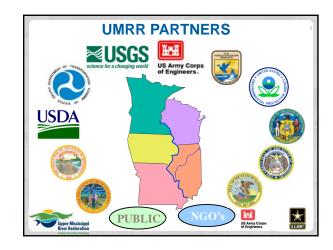
- The St. Paul District River Resources Forum's Water Level Management Task Force sent a December 28, 2017 letter to the UMRR Coordinating Committee requesting information regarding whether UMRR could and would be willing to fund all or portions of a pool-wide water level reduction and for clarity on related policy questions.
- The UMRR Coordinating Committee approved a motion to reply to the Task Force with a letter explaining the Committee's understanding of current policy and desire to explore opportunities for UMRR to implement a pool-wide WLM project should program partners select it as a high priority among other restoration opportunities.

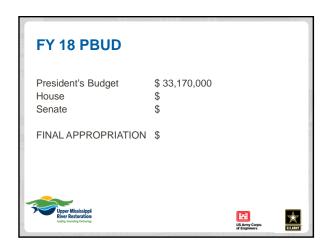
Other Business

- USGS is currently seeking a research ecologist to fill the position that Yao Yin served.
- The Institute for Journalism and Natural Resources is planning a June 2018 paid fellowship opportunity for 15 to 20 journalists. USGS, UMRBA, and other river partners are working with the Institute's staff to assist in their planning effort. This is a great opportunity to showcase UMRR's science and restoration work throughout the entire river system.

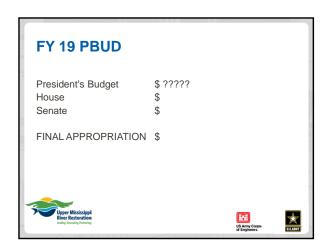
- Marv Hubbell recognized Brad Walker for his many contributions to the Upper Mississippi, including UMRR. Walker plans to retire at the end of February 2018.
- Upcoming quarterly meetings are as follows:
 - May 2018 St. Louis
 - UMRBA quarterly meeting May 15
 - UMRR Coordinating Committee quarterly meeting May 16
 - August 2018 La Crosse/UMESC
 - o UMRBA quarterly meeting August 14
 - **UMRR Coordinating Committee quarterly meeting August 15**
 - October 2018 Twin Cities
 - UMRBA quarterly meeting October 30
 - UMRR Coordinating Committee quarterly meeting October 31

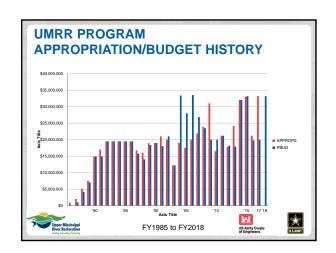






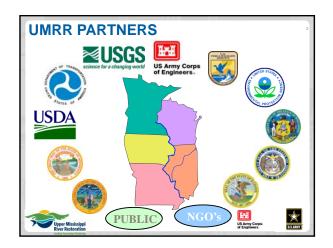


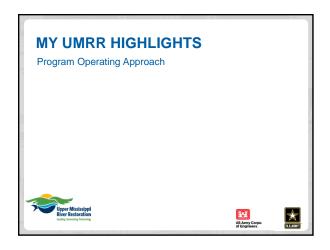


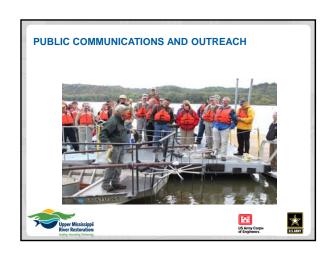








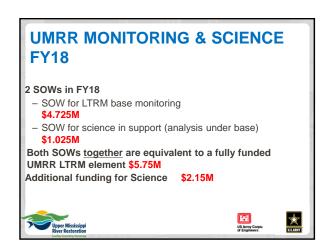


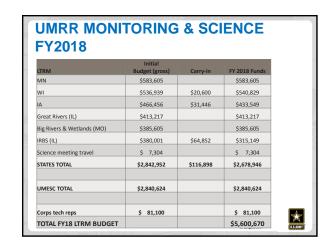


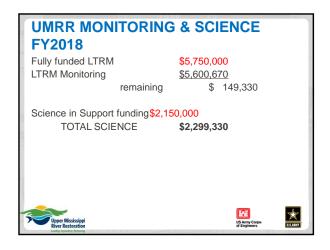


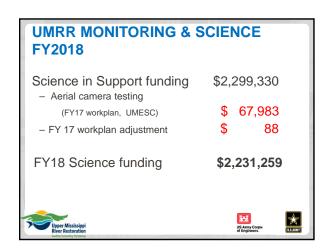


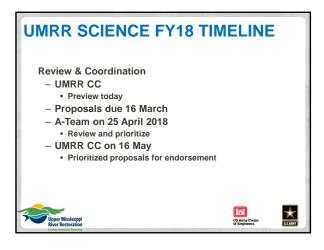


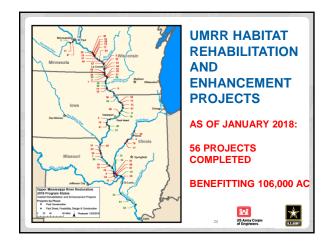




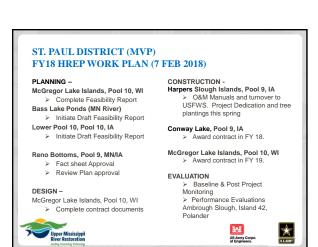


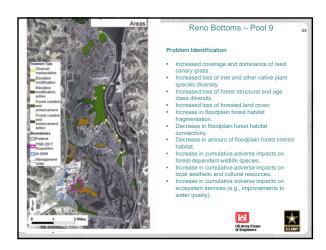


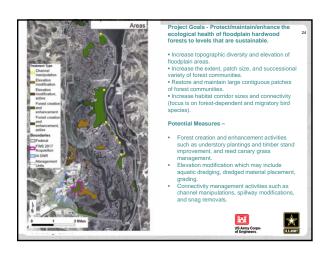


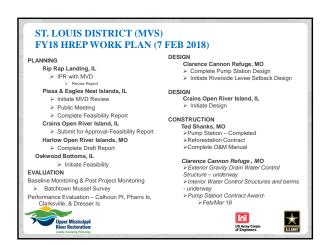


PROJECT SCHEDULES OVER THE NEXT 1-3 YEARS MVS MVR MVP



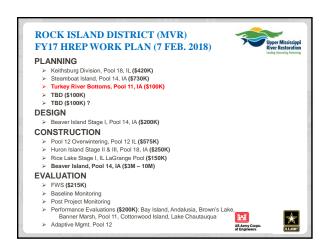


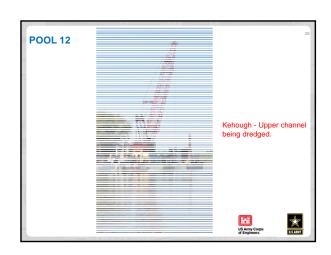


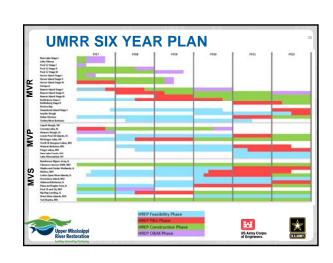




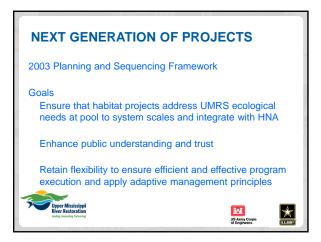


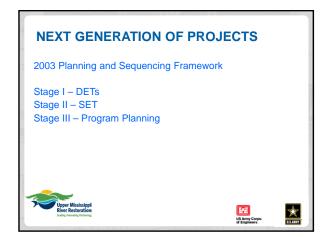


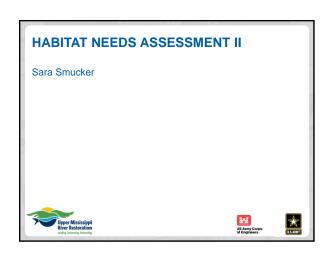




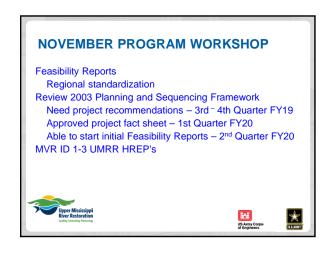














NEXT GENERATION OF PROJECTS

2003 Planning and Sequencing Framework

Who:

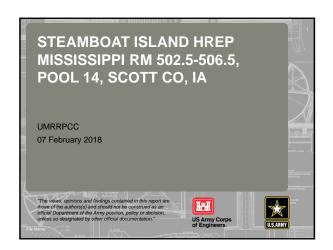
DET = FWIC, FWWG, RRAT Tec., ILWG and RRCT, RRF, RRAT Exec.

SET = System Ecological Team (scientists and managers with backgrounds in geomorphology, hydrology, forestry, wetlands, fish and wildlife, and limnology)
PPT = UMRR CC









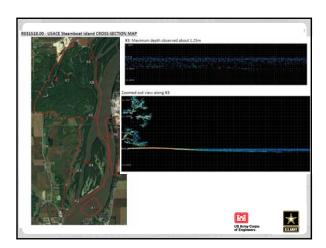


STEAMBOAT ISLAND HREP Problems: Years of slit deposition in off-channel areas has decreased backwater fisheries habitat and allowed willows and silver maples to colonize the once-aquatic portions of the Project area, resulting in degraded aquatic and wetland complexes. Higher water tables and the increase in floof frequency and duration over time have affected forest composition and regeneration, as well as reduced species diversity. Effects of the impoundment of the UMRS and erosion have reduced the number and acreage of islands in the lower sections of many UMR pools, resulting in the loss of habitat and food sources and the important function of current/wave deflection. Goals: Maintain, enhance and restore quality habitat for native and desirable plant, animal, and fish species Maintain, enhance, restore and emulate natural river processes, structures, and functions for a resilient and sustainable ecosystem Objectives: Maintain and/or increase habitat for protected species and species of special concern and refuge priority resources of concern; Protect, enhance, and restore areal coverage and diversity of forest stands and habitat and increase hard mast-producing trees, as measures in acres of elevated topography and number of hard-mast tree species present in the Project area; Increase syear-round aquatic habitat diversity, as measures by acres and native fish use of spawning, rearing, and overwintering habitat; Increase syear-round aquatic habitat diversity, as measures by acres and native fish use of spawning, rearing, and overwintering habitat; Protect backwater and interior wetland areas; and Maintain and miprove acreage and topography of Steamboat Island and side channel islands; Protect backwater and interior wetland areas; and Maintain and miprove acreage and topography of Steamboat Island and side channel islands; Protect backwater and interior wetland areas; and Maintain or modify is dechannel riverine pytrodynamic, sediment transport, and











Can data from disparate long-term fish monitoring programs be used to increase our understanding of regional and continental trends in large river assemblages? PLOS ONE 13(1): e0191472

Counihan, T.D., Waite, I.R., Casper, A.F., Ward, D.L., Sauer, J.S., Irwin, E.R., Chapman, C.G., Ickes, B.S., Paukert, C.P., Kosovich, J.J., Bayer, J.M.

- Used data collected from long term fish monitoring programs to better understand the spatial and temporal trends of large river fish assemblages
- Evaluated data from programs that monitor fishes in the Colorado, Columbia, Illinois, Mississippi, and Tallapoosa rivers



Can data from disparate long-term fish monitoring programs be used to increase our understanding of regional and continental trends in large river assemblages?. PLOS ONE 13(1): e0191472

- The five rivers examined in this study have commonalities with respect to landscape-level stressors, and to some extent, management actions to mitigate the effects of stressors on fish assemblages.
- Described significant spatial and temporal trends in all five rivers.
- Using information from existing programs over broad geographical scales, we can identify opportunities for learning across established programs.
 Increased knowledge of factors affecting large river resources at broad geographical scales will help managers better formulate policy that addresses emerging issues at spatial scales much larger than the individual programs allow.



Upper Mississippi River Restoration Program Long Term Resource Monitoring Story Map

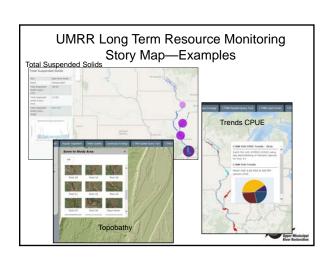
Jayme Stone (lead), JC Nelson, and Enrika Hlavacek (UMESC)

- Story Maps let you combine maps with text, images, and video to tell a story
- Used for a wide variety of purposes such as outreach, virtual tours, and delivering information.





UMRR Long Term Resource Monitoring Story Map The UMRR LTRM Story Map gives the viewers a flavor of the LTRM history and data/information available. Includes links so one can explore more of the rich LTRM data, information, reports, and manuscripts available to the public.







UMRR 2018 Science Meeting Participating Agencies

- USACE, USGS, USFWS
- MDNR, WDNR, IADNR, INHS, MDC, UMRBA
- National Great Rivers Research and Education Center
- UW-La Crosse, UW-Stevens Point, Southern Illinois University, West Virginia University





An Unusual Opportunity

- 2018 funding
- River/floodplain science



River/floodplain restoration

- Mix of extensive experience and fresh perspectives
- Time to think and discuss





The Basic Idea Previous work River science Restoration projects Restoration objectives (2018 Focal areas) River/Floodplain scientists Restoration professionals Resources Collaborative, Relevant, Projects Collaborative, Relevant, Projects

2018 Science Focal Areas (see C20 - C25 in meeting packet)

- Purpose: Distill existing research frameworks, and previous reports & publications into a few focal areas for 2018
- Premise:
 - Restoration projects generally modify/restore river geomorphology (depth, connectivity, fetch, topographic diversity, etc.) in order to rehabilitate various physical, chemical and biological conditions.
 - Selection and design of restoration projects would benefit from a better understanding of the likely future geomorphology of the river and the implications for biota.
- Initial draft of focal areas distributed in November as read ahead for 19 November Webinar.
- Webinar feedback and written comments incorporated into working draft used for the science meeting.



Themes for 2018 focal areas

- Theme 1: Understanding changes in hydrogeomorphology and their implications for the future condition of the UMRS
- Theme 2: Understanding relationships between hydrogeomorphic conditions and the distribution/abundance of biota
- Theme 3: Understanding the physical, chemical, and biological processes behind the observed spatial and temporal patterns in LTRM data



UMRR is well-equipped to address these themes

• LTRM

- Systemic data sets (topobathy, land cover)
- Detailed biotic and biogeochemical data
- Extensive analytical and ecological expertise
- Infrastructure and expertise to strategically and efficiently collect additional data

HREP

- Large scale manipulations of fundamental ecological drivers
- Ongoing opportunities to learn about how the river responds (e.g., Finger Lakes; Pool 12 overwintering studies)



Meeting Goals

- Primary goal: Develop proposals for consideration in FY 2018.
- Other meeting outcomes:
 - Ideas for future work
 - Better network of restoration professionals and river/floodplain scientists



Meeting Agenda

Tuesday afternoon

- Introductions / Logistics / Overview Presentation
- Initial working group discussions

Wednesday Morning

• Work groups reconvene and develop initial outlines of proposals.

Wednesday Afternoon

- Working groups continue work on proposal outlines and develop brief presentation for plenary session.
- Plenary session presentations: Working groups 1, 2, and 3

Wednesday evening

Dinner and Social

Thursday morning:

- Plenary Session presentations Working Groups 4, 5, and 6.
- Discussion of next steps

Thursday afternoon

Working group wrap-up discussions.

Working groups & leaders (see C-12 - C17 in packet)

Working Groups	Leads Jim Rogala (USGS) and Jon Hendrickson (USACE)			
Working Group 1. Geomorphic Change in the UMRS				
Working Group 2. Interactions among water quality, aquatic vegetation, and wildlife	Deanne Drake (WDNR), Eric Lund (MDNR), and Stephen Winter (USFWS)			
Working Group 3. Native freshwater mussels in the UMRS: identification of associations among critical biological processes and hydrogeomorphology	Teresa Newton (USGS)			
Working Group 4. Understanding relationships among floodplain hydrogeomorphic patterns, vegetation and soil processes, and nutrient cycling	Nate De Jager (USGS)			
Working Group 5. Woody debris in the UMRS: Quantity, distribution, and role in the hydrogeomorphology and ecology UMRS:	KathiJo Jankowski (USGS) and Molly Van Appledorn (USGS)			
Working Group 6. Understanding critical biological rates for select fishes of the UMRS and how they vary across hydrogeomorphic, climatic, and biological gradients	Kristen Bouska (USGS), Andy Bartels (WDNR), and Quinton Phelps (WVU)			



WG1: Geomorphic Change in the UMRS

General framework for the study of Geomorphic Change

PATTERNS AND PROCESSES

What are the causes & patterns of geomorphic and hydraulic changes within the UMRS?

RATES OF CHANGES

What are the rates of geomorphic and hydraulic changes in the UMRS?





FUTURE CONDITIONS (and recent changes): What is occurring systematically within the UMRS that has altered, or will alter into the future, water depth and connectivity of aquatic habitats and inundation of terrestrial habitats?



WG1: Geomorphic Change in the UMRS Example Conceptual Model from Missouri River 1. Form a working group and convene (Skalak et al. 2013) a workshop to: Develop a hydrogeomorhology-based Idealized Inter-Dam Morphology: conceptual model, hierarchical logical Features classification system, and a prototype GIS database framework (Lead: F. Fitzpatrick (USGS-WI WSC)) Review existing work on the UMRS (e.g., Cumulative Effects Study) Conceptual hydrogeomorphic model for the UMRS Classification system to describe sedimentation and flow in the UMRS GIS database framework

WG1: Geomorphic Change in the UMRS

- 1. Form a working group and convene a workshop to: Develop a hydroge conceptual model, hierarchical classification system, and a prototype GIS database framework (Lead: F. Fitzpatrick (USGS-WI WSC))

 - Review existing work on the UMRS (e.g., Cumulative Effects Study)
 Conceptual hydrogeomorphic model for the UMRS
 Classification system to describe sedimentation and flow in the UMRS
 Gls database framework
- 2. Measure and better understand geomorphic rates of changes (Lead: J. Rogala (USGS UMESC))
 - 1) Hydroacoustic surveys in selected study areas
 - 2) Establish transects in backwaters to measure sedimentation rates
 - 3) Determine planform changes using UMRR land cover datase
 - · All findings will be added to the GIS framework developed in #1
- 3. Develop a better understanding of changes in connectivity using existing flow data. (Lead: J Hendrickson, USACE)
- 1) Determine changes in water exchange rates between channels and backwaters over last 3 decade
- 2) Estimate the future trajectory of water exchange based on these changes
- · All findings will be added to the GIS framework developed in # 1



WG2. Interactions among water quality, aquatic vegetation and wildlife

Title	Research Question(s)	Leads
	Is water clarity in the UMRS driven by inputs from the watershed or biological drivers within the pools?	Drake & Carhart (WDNR)



WG2. Interactions among water quality, aquatic vegetation and wildlife

Title	Research question(s)	Leads		
How do fluctuations in	To what extent do water level fluctuations vary among/within pools?			
		Kalas & Carhart (WDNR)		
	Does water level fluctuation in the context of photic zone explain SAV distribution?			

Project leads LTRM

Deanne Drake (WI DNR) Alicia Carhart (WI DNR) John Kalas (WI DNR)

UW-La Crosse Eric Strauss (UW-La Cross

UW-Stevens Point

USFWS n Winter













WG3: Native Freshwater Mussels

- Title: Systemic analysis of hydrogeomorphic influences on native freshwater mussels
- Research question: Which hydrogeomorphic features are predictive of mussel distribution, abundance, diversity, and recruitment
- Objectives:
 - Estimate the number, species abundance, and distribution of mussels in two reaches (Pools 8 and 26) of the UMR
 - Identify geomorphic gradients in physical habitat conditions across six navigation pools of the UMR
 - Assess if geomorphic metrics are predictive of the distribution, abundance, diversity, and recruitment of native mussels in the UMR

Relevance to UMRR

- Mussels are good indicators of riverine health (e.g., longlived, sessile, linked to other ecosystem components)
- Because of their imperiled status, they are of significant management concern to States, Federal agencies, and non-governmental organizations
- Responsive to hydrophysical gradients (e.g., substrate
- Data can be used to inform systemic, reach, or pool scale habitat project planning

Basic Approach

- Data sets:
 - Conduct pool-wide sampling for mussels in Pools 8 and 26
 - Use existing data in Pools 3, 5, 6, and 18
- Review the existing HNA2 metrics and select those that are likely to influence mussel distributions
- Possible mussel response metrics: presence/absence, total abundance, abundance of individual species, abundance of adults, abundance of juveniles, diversity, age, length
- Use univariate and multivariate analyses to explore patterns in mussel responses across a gradient of geomorphic metrics

Collaborators & Roles

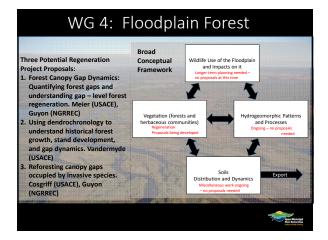
USGS: Lead, GIS analyses, report

USFWS: Field work support

USACE (St. Paul): Field work supportUSACE (ERDC): Statistical analyses

• MN DNR: Sample collection in Pools 8 & 26, data entry

• INHS: Field work support

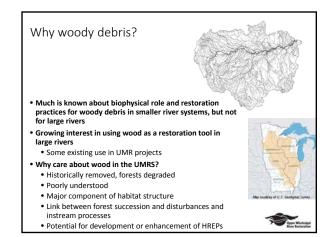


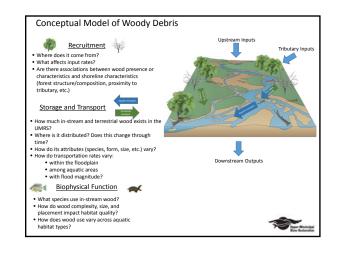
WG 5: Woody debris in the UMRS: Quantity, distribution, and role in hydrogeomorphology and ecology

Working group members:

<u>USGS</u>: Molly VanAppledorn, KathiJo Jankowski, Jason Rohweder, Larry Robinson, John Manier; <u>USACE</u>: Dave Potter, Kip Runyon; <u>MN DNR</u>: Dan Dieterman, Rob Burdis; <u>IA DNR</u>: Travis Kueter; <u>INHS - AL</u>: John Chick, Ben Lubinski, Kris Maxson; <u>MDOC</u>: Molly Sobotka







Main Research Questions & Approaches

- What is the distribution, recruitment and transport of woody debris in the UMR? What are the important drivers/constraints of these nrocesses?
 - Current inventory/distribution Sonar & aerial surveys in 3-6 LTRM pools
 - Understanding of transport and recruitment Wood budgets in 2-3 LTRM
- . What is the biophysical role of wood in the UMR, and does that vary across hydrogeomorphic settings? (hydraulics, sedimentation, channel grade control, shade, primary and secondary production, fish habitat)
 - ullet Analysis of existing LTRM fisheries data (wood presence/absence ullet fish abundance, community composition?)
 - Enhance fisheries electrofishing surveys to include more quantitative
 - Additional field surveys to assess habitat associated with existing wood across hydrogeomorphic settings



Expected outcomes

- Geospatial dataset of wood distribution
- Wood budget of 2-3 contrasting pools
- Potential reports/manuscripts:
 - Linking geophysical drivers to current wood distribution
 - Change in wood load along gradients of discharge
 - Relative role of woody debris in structuring habitat in different aquatic areas and reaches of the UMR
- Baseline information to inform management:
 - Where is wood lacking currently and where will it be going forward?
 - Where will wood placement more effectively create habitat?



WG6: Understanding critical biological rates for select fishes of the UMRS and how they vary across hydrogeomorphic, climatic, and biological gradients

<u>Title:</u>
Investigating vital rate drivers of UMRS fishes to support management and restoration

Leads: Andy Bartels (WI DNR) Kristen Bouska (UMESC) Quinton Phelps (WVU)



Research Questions

Vital Rates

Can we combine vital rate data (new) with LTRM data (existing) to characterize short-term (3-5 years) population status (age structure, growth rates, recruitment, mortality)?

2) Do variations in vital rates within and across species correspond with abiotic and biotic drivers and hydrogeomorphology in LTRM reaches

Microchemistry

To what extent are spatial and temporal patterns in recruitment/year class strength driven by "local" recruits vs. immigrants?

4) Are strong year classes associated with particular nata environments, and are these patterns consistent among r reaches?

Genetics

5) Can we define distinct genetic stocks in the UMRS?

6) Is genetic structure a driver of vital rates?



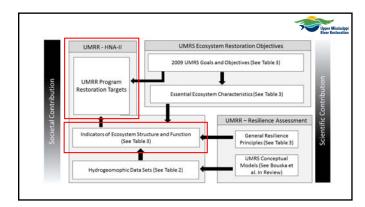
Post-meeting survey summary

- Basic concept of substantial time in work groups to develop project proposals was popular. Most seemed to appreciate the minimal structure imposed on the working group discussions and the overall structure of the meeting.
- The meeting was valuable for developing (or renewing) collaborative connections and generally interacting with folks from across the partnership
- Having expected outcomes identified to focus effort at the meeting was viewed as important for making the meeting productive.
- Opinion on the plenary sessions were mixed. Some seemed to think it a strength of the meeting, others didn't find it a good use of time.
- More time for attendees to prepare and a little more information (presented in a better organized way), further in advance were suggested.
- Many would like to see more time and a better mechanism for interactions among groups
- Some wanted a longer meeting, some thought it was about right, & a few thought it was already too long.
- There were some suggestions to focus the meeting even further in the future—building it around a more specific theme.

Next steps for 2018 Proposals

- 16 March 2018: Full proposals due to UMRR Management Team for initial review.
- 30 March 2018: Proposals distributed to A team for review and evaluation
- A-team (States and USFWS), UMESC and USACE will review and rate proposals before the A team meeting
- 25 April: Discuss proposal rankings at quarterly A-team meeting.
- Early May: UMRR Management team makes final decisions with A team chair in attendance
- 16 May: UMRR CC meeting: Recommended proposals will be presented and the endorsement of the Committee will be requested.





Indicators of ecosystem structure and function



- Being used as 'information content' in HNA-II by River Teams
- Also In Review:
 - USGS (Official Reviews)
 - SupervisoryAnonymous
 - Partner Reviewers
 - INHS
 MN DNR
 - USACE
 - IDNR
 - USGS
 - · All partners have provided feedback on earlier drafts via the steering committee
 - Next Steps: reconcile reviews, and submit for USGS approval for publication

From Information to Management



River Team Workshops

- RRAT Exec: January 23
- FWIC: February 20
- FWWG: February 23
- Goal: Conduct a rapid assessment of each indicator developed in the report (see previous slide)
 Red-Yellow-Green Assessment
 - - $\label{lem:Red: Substantial deviations from your defined desired condition; creating severe negative conditions that merit action.$
 - that ment action.

 Yellow: existing condition is near your defined desired condition, but may merit actions to maintain or improve conditions.

 Green: existing condition meets your defined desired condition, continuation of management and monitoring may still be needed to maintain "green" status.

 - Additional narative statements to clarify remarks and provide reference conditions ldentify future needs and desired next steps

 i.e., setting desired future conditions, system-wide data needs, etc

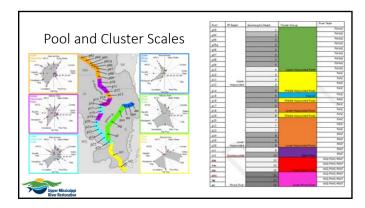
HNA-II Indicators



(Subset of resilience indicators agreed upon by the Steering Committee)

- Connectivity
- Longitudinal (Aquatic)
- Longitudinal (Floodplain)
 Lateral (River-Floodplain)
 Diversity and Redundancy
- - Aquatic Hydrogeomorphic Areas
 Lentic functional classes
 Lotic functional classes
 - Aquatic Vegetation
 - Floodplain Hydrogeomorphic Areas (Floodplain functional classes)
 Floodplain Vegetation
- · Slow Variables and Feedbacks
 - Water Surface Elevation Fluctuations
 Total Suspended Solids Concentrations

 - · Sedimentation in Off-Channel Areas • Floodplain Forest Succession



Example 1

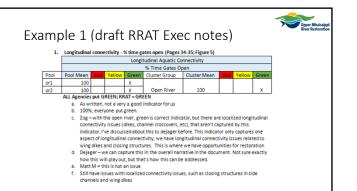


1. Longitudinal connectivity - % time gates open (Pages 34-35; Figure 5)

	Longitudinal Aquatic Connectivity								
	% Time Gates Open								
Pool	Pool Mean	Red	Yellow	Green	Cluster Group	Cluster Mean	Red	Yellow	Green
or1	100								
or2	100				Open River	100			X

Longitudinal Aquatic Connectivity

- · Aspect of General Resilience: Connectivity
- Definition: Average % of days that dam gates were in "open river" conditions annually; 1985-1994 & 2006-2015.
- Purpose: Indicator for unobstructed flow and movement for migratory fishes (% time gates open)



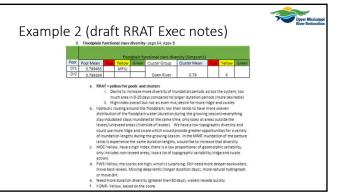
Example 2

9. Floodplain functional class diversity- page 64; Appx B

	floodplain functional class diversity (Simpson's)									
Pool	Pool Mean	Red	Yellow	Green	Cluster Group	Cluster Mean	Red	Yellow	Green	
Or1	0.799465									
Or2	0.789369				Open River	0.79				

Floodplain functional class diversity

- Aspect of General Resilience: Diversity and Redundancy
- · Definition: Based off modeled surface-water inundation dynamics; areas expected to experience different total growing season inundation durations based on average hydrologic conditions from 1972 to 2011; Simpon's Diversity
- Purpose: Indicator of inundation diversity; indicator of hydrogeomorphic variability of non-aquatic areas



Next Steps

- Summarize narratives at pool and "cluster" scales Gather any additional indicator detail, as needed
- Address any questions generated through workshop
 Develop new graphics (spider diagrams, etc.)
- Send narrative summaries out to river teams for review and refinement
- · Conduct system assessment by comparing each cluster-level evaluation across the
- This will help guide where in the system there may be more need for restoration based on existing condition data
- Synthesize draft "HNA II from Information to Management" report:
 Narrative summaries for pool and cluster scales

 - System assessment Next steps

2018 Schedule



- - River teams perform preliminary red-yellow-green assessment
- compile next steps/future work/desired data sets (Steering Committee/River Teams)
- Feb UMRR-CC status update
- March-April compile red-yellow-green results; make new graphics; start
- May UMRR-CC- provide update on red-yellow-green assessment
- June report writing
- June/July Steering Committee/A-Team review of draft assessment
- July/August UMRR-CC review/concurrence of draft assessment
- August-Sept finalize assessment for partnership