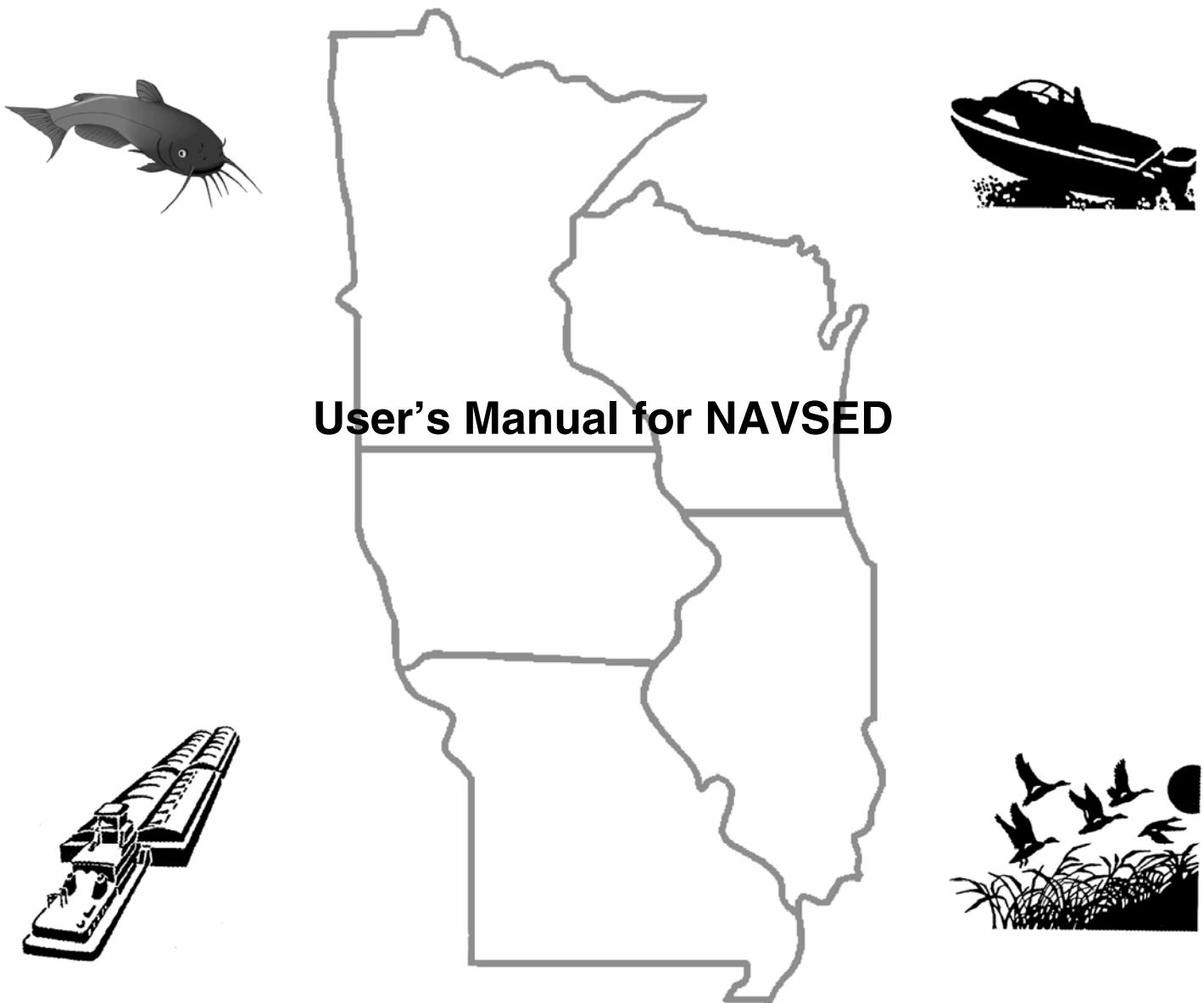


Interim Report For The Upper Mississippi River — Illinois Waterway System Navigation Study



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User's Manual for NAVSED

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Interim report

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ABSTRACT: The NAVSED program generates sediment concentration time histories due to passage of shallow draft navigation. This user's manual describes how to run the program interactively or how to set up batch files to run the program. The various input and output file formats are described and example files are presented.

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Preface

The work reported herein was conducted as part of the Upper Mississippi River - Illinois Waterway (UMR-IWW) System Navigation Study. The information generated for this interim effort will be considered as part of the plan formulation process for the System Navigation Study.

The UMR-IWW System Navigation Study is being conducted by the U.S. Army Engineer Districts of Rock Island, St. Louis, and St. Paul under the authority of Section 216 of the Flood Control Act of 1970. Commercial navigation traffic is increasing, and in consideration of existing system lock constraints, will result in traffic delays that will continue to grow in the future. The system navigation study scope is to examine the feasibility of navigation improvements to the Upper Mississippi River and Illinois Waterway to reduce delays to commercial navigation traffic. The study will determine the location and appropriate sequencing of potential navigation improvements on the system, prioritizing the improvements for the 50-year planning horizon from 2000 through 2050. The final product of the System Navigation Study is a Feasibility Report which is the decision document for processing to Congress.

This study was conducted in the Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory (CHL), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), Vicksburg, MS. The work was conducted under the direction of Mr. Thomas A. Richardson, Director, CHL. This report was written by Mr. W. Clay Lahatte and Dr. Stephen T. Maynard, CHL, ERDC.

At the time of publication of this report, COL James R. Rowan was Commander and Executive Director of ERDC, and Dr. James R. Houston was Director.

1 Overview

General

The NAVSED program generates sediment concentration time histories due to passage of shallow draft navigation on the Upper Mississippi Illinois Waterway. The concentration given is a combined concentration of both fine sediments and sands. The concentration time histories represent the combined influences of prop/bow shear under the barge-tow, shear due to the return currents, and re-suspension due to the short period waves propagating from the barge-tow to the shore.

Input and output are in metric units.

-
- **Note:** Key elements of the NAVSED program are described in Copeland et al. (2001), Parchure, McAnally, and Teeter (2001), and Maynard et al. (2002).
-

Pools and Trend Pools

In the development of NAVSED, dimensionless distributions of sediment concentration were developed based on numerical modeling described in Copeland et al. (2001). The numerical modeling was conducted in Trend Pools 8, 26 and 31 (LaGrange). The dimensionless sediment distributions used in NAVSED are found in the file UMMOD.DAT. For pools other than 8, 26, and 31, the sediment distributions are as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Trend Pool Associations for Upper Mississippi River Study	
For Pools	Use Trend Pool
00-17	08
18-27	26
On Illinois Waterway	31 (LaGrange Reach)

For Pools	Use Trend Pool
00-17	08
18-27	26
On Illinois Waterway	31 (LaGrange Reach)

Data Files

The NAVSED program requires data input via files, and creates an output file containing results.

Input files

The NAVSED program requires data input via files, and creates an output file containing results.

- `Pxx_yz.OUT` (NAVEFF output).
There are nine NAVEFF files for combination of three stages and three sailing lines, as described in Maynard et al. (2002). The NAVEFF output provides the bed shear stress, from the velocity changes caused by the tow and the maximum wave height, that is used in the sediment re-suspension calculations.
- `Pxx_PARM.DAT` (tow characteristics)
See Maynard et al. (2002).
- `Pxx_ELEV.DAT`
See Maynard et al. (2002).
- `UMMOD.DAT` (common Trend Pool information)
Contains “Design Curves” which give the lateral and longitudinal distribution of sediment (see Copeland et al. (2001)).
- `Pxx_BWLENGTH.DAT`
Used when running fixed depth. The appropriate edition of the file must be in the backwater/secondary channel subdirectories (BW and SC).

where `xx` = pool number.

Output files

Depending upon the option specified at run time, the output file will be either the standard NAVSED output (.CTH file), utilizing the original depth from the NAVEFF output, or a fixed-depth NAVSED output (.CFD file), utilizing the specified fixed value for depth for all cells. The fixed depth option was used in backwater/secondary channel sedimentation and is documented in Maynard et al. (2002). The .CFD files are used as input to the SEDLOAD program package documented in the User’s Manual for SEDLOAD, LaHatte and Maynard (2002).

The NAVSED output file will be named as one of the following:

`Pxx_yz.CTH` - based on the NAVEFF depth values

`Pxx_yz.CFD` - based on the specified fixed-depth value

where

xx = Pool number
y = Stage
z = Sailing line

2 Installation

Set Up Directories

To successfully run the NAVSED package, a specific directory structure must be used. A general outline showing the directory structure is shown below.

- Project Root of the project, executables are here.
 - Pool01 One of the pool data directories.
 - bw Subdirectory for **backwater** data for the
 - sc Subdirectory for **secondary channel** data
 - Pool02 Another pool data directory.
 - .
 - .
- ... and so on, for all pools in this project.

The subdirectories for backwater and secondary channels are needed only if fixed depth calculations are made for specific backwaters and secondary channels. In this case, data are obtained from the Pxx_BWLENGTH.DAT file in each of the bw and sc subdirectories.

► **Tip:** You can create the data directories as you install the input data files for the pools that you need.

Project directory

The project directory is the root of the project. All data associated with this project will be located in subdirectories of this project directory.

The NAVSED executable program is to be stored in the project directory.

Example:

Project Directory:
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis

Data directory

The Data Directories will hold the pool data. Each pool will have its own data directory.

Example:

One or more Data Directories:
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool~~xx~~
where ~~xx~~ = pool number

Example:

C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool13

Data Files

The NAVSED program requires input via data files located in the Data Subdirectories. You will need all the files described below in order to make a complete automated run.

The data files should be organized as in Table 2.

Table 2 Data File Locations	
Data File	Location
NAVEFF output (nine files, *.out)	<i>Project\poolxx</i>
Pxx_PARM.DAT (tow characteristics)	<i>Project\poolxx</i>
Pxx_ELEV.DAT	<i>Project\poolxx</i>
UMMOD.DAT (common Trend Pool information) See Copeland et al. (2001)	<i>Project\poolxx</i>
Pxx_BWLENGTH.DAT (necessary only when running a fixed depth)	<i>Project\poolxx\bw and</i> <i>Project\poolxx\sc</i>

Program

The NAVSED executable program is to be installed in the project directory.

To install the program:

1. If not already existing, create a directory to contain the current project.

Example Project Directory:
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis

2. Copy the NAVSED executable (.exe) and batch (.bat) files into the project directory.

3 Executing the Program

Types of Runs

The NAVSED program can be run in one of two ways.

To make a run, you should be working in the pool subdirectory in which you are interested. For example,
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermisss\pool13.

Full run

A full run is an automated means of running the NAVSED program for all nine stage/sailing line scenarios via one command. A full run obtains runtime information from the batch file used to start the process.

Interactive run

At the start of an interactive run, runtime information is supplied via the computer keyboard. Running interactively will process only one of the nine stage/sailing line scenarios per run.

Making a Full Run

The process for running the NAVSED program has been made fairly simple. Once all the input files are in the proper locations, starting a run involves only the following steps:

1. If in Windows, open an MS-DOS command session.
2. Navigate to the directory of the pool in which you are interested.

Example:

```
cd C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermisss\pool13
```

3. Start the processes by typing:
.. \go_navsed xx
where xx = the pool number
Example:
.. \go_navsed 13

This will execute the batch file GO_NAVSED.BAT located in the project directory, i.e., c:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis, and begin the full NAVSED run.

► **Note:** As delivered, the value for depth is fixed at 0.25 meters. Therefore the NAVSED output files will be of type .CFD rather than type .CTH. If you need to change the depth value used for full automated runs, edit the GO_NAVSED.BAT file located in the project directory. To set up to run without a fixed depth (to use the actual depth values from the NAVEFF output files), set the value to zero (0).

Making an Interactive Run

The NAVSED program can be run interactively, meaning the program requires data keyed in from the computer keyboard. An interactive run will process only one stage/sailing line scenario per run.

The runtime prompts are as follows:

1. Enter the Pool Number (2 characters - Ex: 13) :
This is the pool number you are working with.
2. Enter the Flow/Channel (2 characters - Ex: LR) :
The Stage/Sailing Line combination for the current run.
3. Enter Fixed Depth value (0 (zero) for original depth) :
If you want to use a fixed depth value, such as 0.25 meters, enter the numerical value here, otherwise, to use the default values that are read from the NAVEFF output file, enter a zero (0).
4. Enter the path for all the NAVEFF output files.
If same as the default, enter a period (.)
Used to specify an alternate location for the NAVEFF output files, such as a CD-ROM, or other hard drive location. Generally the NAVEFF output files should be in the pool directory in which you are working.

4 Output

Final Results

The final output of the NAVSED program will be one of two types of files, depending upon the choice made at run time.

P_{xx}_y_z.CTH - based on the NAVEFF depth values

P_{xx}_y_z.CFD - based on the specified fixed-depth value

where

x_{xx} = Pool number

y = Stage

z = Sailing line.

This file is ready for use with the SEDLOAD package.

Format

The output file can be visualized as consisting of three sections.

Time Frame Section

The Time Frame Section contains the Start Time, End Time, and the number of time steps between the two. The start and end time values are in seconds and are relative to passage of the bow of the tow.

Time Step Intervals Section

Times are in seconds. Concentration is calculated at each time shown. Time intervals are small close to the tow, and large for large times before and after passage.

Data Section

The Data Section contains all the resulting data from the run.

The first line here contains the cellid/traffic scenario/Stage-Sailing Line combination.

The next line contains a write flag, the computed ambient sediment concentration, and the depth at the cell. The write flag is 0 if none of the computed concentration changes due to the tow exceed the computed ambient concentration by 5 mg/L. If the write variable is 0, no concentrations are output for the tow. If the write flag is 1, computed concentrations due to the tow exceed the ambient by 5 mg/L, and concentrations are output for all the time intervals.

An example of the output follows:

Sample of Output File

START TIME	END TIME	NO. TIME STEPS								
-1800.00	8000.00	125								
TIME VALUES (SECONDS)										
-1800.00	-1600.00	-1400.00	-1200.00	-1000.00	-800.00	-600.00	-500.00	-400.00	-300.00	
-275.00	-250.00	-225.00	-200.00	-175.00	-150.00	-125.00	-100.00	-90.00	-80.00	
-70.00	-60.00	-50.00	-40.00	-30.00	-20.00	-10.00	0.00	10.00	20.00	
30.00	40.00	50.00	60.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	100.00	110.00	120.00	
130.00	140.00	150.00	160.00	170.00	180.00	190.00	200.00	210.00	220.00	
230.00	240.00	250.00	260.00	270.00	280.00	290.00	300.00	310.00	320.00	
330.00	340.00	350.00	360.00	370.00	380.00	390.00	400.00	410.00	420.00	
430.00	440.00	450.00	460.00	470.00	480.00	490.00	500.00	525.00	550.00	
575.00	600.00	625.00	650.00	675.00	700.00	725.00	750.00	775.00	800.00	
850.00	900.00	950.00	1000.00	1100.00	1200.00	1300.00	1400.00	1500.00	1600.00	
1700.00	1800.00	1900.00	2000.00	2200.00	2400.00	2600.00	2800.00	3000.00	3200.00	
3400.00	3600.00	3800.00	4000.00	4200.00	4400.00	4600.00	4800.00	5000.00	5500.00	
6000.00	6500.00	7000.00	7500.00	8000.00						
15L5290 USSEK HL										
1	1.99	0.25	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99
1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99
1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	4.23	10.14	15.98	20.81	24.56	24.88	23.01	20.30	
17.59	15.23	13.37	11.95	10.89	10.11	9.48	8.97	8.55	8.20	
7.90	7.63	7.39	7.18	6.99	6.81	6.65	6.51	6.38	6.25	
6.14	6.03	5.93	5.84	5.76	5.68	5.60	5.53	5.46	5.39	
5.33	5.27	5.22	5.16	5.11	5.07	5.02	4.98	4.87	4.78	
4.70	4.62	4.55	4.49	4.43	4.37	4.32	4.27	4.22	4.18	
4.10	4.03	3.97	3.91	3.81	3.72	3.65	3.58	3.52	3.47	
3.43	3.38	3.34	3.31	3.24	3.19	3.13	3.08	3.04	2.99	
2.95	2.91	2.87	2.83	2.79	2.76	2.72	2.69	2.66	2.59	
2.39	2.14	2.05	2.01	2.00						
15L5290 USSEO HL										
0	9.25	0.25	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99
15L5290 USSMK HL										
1	1.99	0.25	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99
1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99
1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	1.99	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	4.23	10.14	15.98	20.81	24.56	24.88	23.01	20.30	
17.59	15.23	13.37	11.95	10.89	10.11	9.48	8.97	8.55	8.20	
7.90	7.63	7.39	7.18	6.99	6.81	6.65	6.51	6.38	6.25	
6.14	6.03	5.93	5.84	5.76	5.68	5.60	5.53	5.46	5.39	
5.33	5.27	5.22	5.16	5.11	5.07	5.02	4.98	4.87	4.78	
4.70	4.62	4.55	4.49	4.43	4.37	4.32	4.27	4.22	4.18	
4.10	4.03	3.97	3.91	3.81	3.72	3.65	3.58	3.52	3.47	
3.43	3.38	3.34	3.31	3.24	3.19	3.13	3.08	3.04	2.99	
2.95	2.91	2.87	2.83	2.79	2.76	2.72	2.69	2.66	2.59	
2.39	2.14	2.05	2.01	2.00						

References

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Appendix A

Batch Files

Go_NAVSED.BAT

```
@echo off

REM **** DEPTH VALUE
REM - Set depth=0 to use the actual depth values from the NAVEFF output files.
set depth=0.25

call ..\navsedx.bat %1 HL %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 HM %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 HR %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 ML %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 MM %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 MR %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 LL %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 LM %depth%
call ..\navsedx.bat %1 LR %depth%
```

NAVSEDX.BAT

```
echo.
echo.

echo Running NAVSED...
echo Pool%1, %2, Depth is %3

echo %1 > navsedx.inp
echo %2 >> navsedx.inp
echo %3 >> navsedx.inp
echo . >> navsedx.inp

echo.

..\\navsed < navsedx.inp

Del navsedx.inp
```

Appendix B

Source Code

NAVSED.FOR

```

*      PROGRAM NAVSED
*      VERSION 2.0 LAST MODIFIED 2/19/02 BY CL

DIMENSION NST(4),NSL(4)
DIMENSION ST(50,4),SL(10,4)
DIMENSION TPSHM(10,4),CONN(50,10,4)
DIMENSION XDAT(2000),YDAT(2000),CASD(50)
DIMENSION TOUT(125), COUT(1000), CFAMB(10,4)
DIMENSION TIMEW(2000),CONCW(2000)
CHARACTER*1 CDUM1,SPEED,SIZE,STAGE
CHARACTER*2 STGSL,STGSLB
CHARACTER*5 TRAFFIC,TRAFFICB
CHARACTER*10 CDUM10,CELLID,CELLID1,CELLIDC,CELLIDV(5000)
CHARACTER*7 DFNAME,DSNAME,DSNSBS,DSNSRC,DSNFBS,DSNFRC
CHARACTER*255 PARMDAT,ELEVDAT,NAVFOUT,OUTFILE,BWDAT
INTEGER COHSED,SEDTYP,COHSEDV,SEDTYPV
      integer bw_cohsed(1000),bw_sedtyp(1000), bw_cohsedx, bw_sedtypx

      character*2 pool, flowchan
      character*10 bw_cellid(1000), bw_cellidx
      real      bw_rm(1000), last_rmile
      character*6 c_rm, cc_rm
      dimension   bw_depth(1000)
      real      bw_depthx
      character PATH*255, naveffpath*255

DIMENSION GSV(5000),VSV(5000),COHSEDV(5000),SEDTYPV(5000)
C
      DATA TOUT/-1800.0, -1600.0, -1400.0, -1200.0, -1000.0,
+          -800.0, -600.0, -500.0, -400.0, -300.0,
+          -275.0, -250.0, -225.0, -200.0, -175.0,
+          -150.0, -125.0, -100.0, -90.0, -80.0,
+          -70.0, -60.0, -50.0, -40.0, -30.0,
+          -20.0, -10.0, 0.0, 10.0, 20.0,
+          30.0, 40.0, 50.0, 60.0, 70.0,
+          80.0, 90.0, 100.0, 110.0, 120.0,
+          130.0, 140.0, 150.0, 160.0, 170.0,
+          180.0, 190.0, 200.0, 210.0, 220.0,
+          230.0, 240.0, 250.0, 260.0, 270.0,
+          280.0, 290.0, 300.0, 310.0, 320.0,
+          330.0, 340.0, 350.0, 360.0, 370.0,
+          380.0, 390.0, 400.0, 410.0, 420.0,
+          430.0, 440.0, 450.0, 460.0, 470.0,
+          480.0, 490.0, 500.0, 525.0, 550.0,
+          575.0, 600.0, 625.0, 650.0, 675.0,
+          700.0, 725.0, 750.0, 775.0, 800.0,
+          850.0, 900.0, 950.0, 1000.0, 1100.0,
+          1200.0, 1300.0, 1400.0, 1500.0, 1600.0,
+          1700.0, 1800.0, 1900.0, 2000.0, 2200.0,
+          2400.0, 2600.0, 2800.0, 3000.0, 3200.0,
+          3400.0, 3600.0, 3800.0, 4000.0, 4200.0,
+          4400.0, 4600.0, 4800.0, 5000.0, 5500.0,
+          6000.0, 6500.0, 7000.0, 7500.0, 8000.0/
C
      TIMES = -1800.0
      TIMEE = 8000.0
      NPTS = 125
      IDSOLD = 0
      IRELEV = 0
      RMILE1 = 0.0
C
      FIXED_DEPTH=0.0

```

```

WRITE(*,*) '***** Program NAVSED *****'
WRITE(*,*) 
WRITE(*,*) 'This program reads NAVEFF input and output files'
WRITE(*,*) 'and generates sediment concentration time histories'
WRITE(*,*) 'due to a boat passage for each cell in the NAVEFF'
WRITE(*,*) 'output. The concentration given is a combined'
WRITE(*,*) 'concentration of both fines and sands. The'
WRITE(*,*) 'concentration time histories represent the'
WRITE(*,*) 'combined influences of prop/bow shear under the'
WRITE(*,*) 'barge-tow, shear due to the return currents, and'
WRITE(*,*) 'shear due to the short period waves propagating'
WRITE(*,*) 'from the barge-tow to the shore'
WRITE(*,*) '*****'

write(*,*) 'Enter the Pool Number (2 characters - Ex: 13):'
read (*,*) pool
write(*,*) 'Enter the Flow/Channel (2 characters - Ex: LR):'
read (*,*) flowchan
depthx=0.0
write(*,*)'Enter Fixed Depth value (0 (zero) for original depth):'
read (*,*) depthx

C
pool=trim(adjustr(pool))
if(pool(1:1) .eq. '') then
  pool(1:1) = '0'
endif
open (300,file='ns.tmp',status='unknown')
write(300,301) pool
301 format(a2)
close(300)

c used when running in debugger...
*      PATH = 'c:\windows\desktop\uppermiss\pool'//trim(pool)//'\
c NORMAL use
  PATH='

write(*,*) 'Enter the path for all the NAVEFF output files.'
  write(*,*) 'If same as the default, enter a period (.)'
  read(*,38) naveffpath
38 format(a200)

PARMDAT=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_PARM.DAT'
ELEVDAT=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_ELEV.DAT'
if(naveffpath .eq. '.')then
  NAVFOUT=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.OUT'
else
  NAVFOUT=
&   trim(naveffpath)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.OUT'
end if
if (depthx .ne. 0.0) then
  OUTFILE=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.CFD'
else
  OUTFILE=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.CTH'
end if

i_bwcnt = 0

if(depthx .GT. 0.0) then
  ! Read Backwater cellids
  BWDAT='bw\P'//pool//'_'//BWLENGTH.DAT'
  BWDAT=trim(PATH)//BWDAT
  OPEN(UNIT=110,FILE=BWDAT,STATUS='OLD',action='read',err=113)
  do 118
    read(110,*,end=111) bw_cellidx,bw_depthx,
&                      bw_cohsedx,bw_sedtypx
    ! Check for duplicate cellid and skip if found.
    do k=1,i_bwcnt
      if (bw_cellidx .eq. bw_cellid(k)) then

```

```

        goto 118 ! Read next cellid
    end if
end do
i_bwcnt = i_bwcnt + 1
bw_cellid(i_bwcnt) = bw_cellidx
    bw_depth(i_bwcnt) = bw_depthx
bw_cohsed(i_bwcnt) = bw_cohsedx
    bw_sedtyp(i_bwcnt) = bw_sedtypx
118    continue
111    close(110)

! Read Secondary Channel cellids
BWDAT='sc\P//pool//_''//BWLENGTH.DAT'
BWDAT=trim(PATH)//BWDAT
OPEN(UNIT=110,FILE=BWDAT,STATUS='OLD',action='read',err=114)
do 119
    read(110,* ,end=112) bw_cellidx,bw_depthx,
                           bw_cohsedx,bw_sedtypx
&           ! Check for duplicate cellid and skip if found.
    do k=1,i_bwcnt
        if (bw_cellidx .eq. bw_cellid(k)) then
            goto 119 ! Read next cellid
        end if
    end do
    i_bwcnt = i_bwcnt + 1
    bw_cellid(i_bwcnt) = bw_cellidx
        bw_depth(i_bwcnt) = bw_depthx
    bw_cohsed(i_bwcnt) = bw_cohsedx
        bw_sedtyp(i_bwcnt) = bw_sedtypx
119    continue
112    close(110)

      goto 115      ! Jump over error messages.
113    write(*,*) 'ERROR! Backwater cell list file was not found',
                  ' in BW subdirectory.'
&    write(*,*) 'Expected ',trim(BWDAT)
stop
114    write(*,*) 'ERROR! Backwater cell list file was not found',
                  ' in SC subdirectory.'
&    write(*,*) 'Expected ',trim(BWDAT)

115    continue
    write(*,*) 
    write(*,*) 'Using a fixed depth value of ', depthx
    write(*,*) i_bwcnt, ' unique cellids to be used...'

else
    write(*,*) 
    write(*,*) 'Using original depth value.'
end if

write(*,*)

open (300,file='ns.tmp',status='unknown')
read(300,302,err=306) IDS
302 format(i2)

      goto 307

306 IDS=3
write(*,*) 'Using trend pool 31 (LG)'
goto 305

307 if((IDS .ge. 28) .and. (IDS .le. 89)) then
    IDS=3
    write(*,*) 'Using trend pool 31 (LG)'
    goto 305
end if
if((IDS .le.17).or.(IDS .eq. 95))then
    IDS=2

```

```

        write(*,*) 'Using trend pool 13'
        goto 305
    end if
if(((IDS .ge. 18) .and. (IDS .le.27)).or.(IDS.eq.96))then
    IDS=1
    write(*,*) 'Using trend pool 26'
    goto 305
end if

305 close(300, status='delete')

*      WRITE(*,*) 'POOL SPECIFICATION'
*      WRITE(*,*) 
*      WRITE(*,*) 'Select one of the 3 trend pools.'
*      WRITE(*,*) 'For pools 0-17 use 2 (pool108).'
*      WRITE(*,*) 'For pools 18-27 use 1 (pool26).'
*      WRITE(*,*) 'For pools on Illinois use 3 (LaGrange).'
*      WRITE(*,*) ' to select POOL26, input a 1'
*      WRITE(*,*) ' to select POOL8, input a 2'
*      WRITE(*,*) ' to select LAGRANGE, input a 3'
*      READ(*,*) IDS
IDS = IDS*10
C
OPEN(UNIT=5,FILE=OUTFILE,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='..\UMMOD.DAT',STATUS='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=50,FILE=PARMDAT,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=60,FILE=ELEVDAT,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=70,FILE=NAVFOU,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
C
if(depthx .GT. 0.0) then
    OPEN(UNIT=110,FILE=BWDAT,STATUS='OLD',action='read',err=112)
    OPEN(UNIT=210,FILE='x.tmp',STATUS='unknown')
    do i=1,1000
        do i=1,i_bwcnt
            read(110,*),end=111) bw_cellid(i),bw_depth(i),
            & bw_cohsed(i),bw_sedtyp(i)
            i_pos=scan(bw_cellid(i),'LR')
            c_rm=trim(bw_cellid(i)(i_pos+1:i_pos+6))
            c_rm=adjustr(c_rm)
            cc_rm=c_rm(6:6)
            c_rm=trim(c_rm(2:5))//'.',//cc_rm
            c_rm=adjustl(c_rm)
            rewind(210)
            write(210,211) c_rm
211     format(a)
            rewind(210)
            read(210,*) bw_rm(i)

        end do
* 111     close(110)
*         close(210)
*         i_bwcnt=i-1
*         goto 113
* 112     write(*,*) 'ERROR! Backwater cell list file was not found.'
*         write(*,*) 'Expected ',trim(BWDAT)
*         stop
    end if
C
READ(50,55) CDUM10
READ(50,56) CDUM1,VBRGS
READ(50,56) CDUM1,VBRGM
READ(50,56) CDUM1,VBRGF
READ(50,*)
READ(50,55) CDUM10
READ(50,57) CDUM1,BWIDTHL,BLENGTHL
READ(50,57) CDUM1,BWIDTHS,BLENGTHS
READ(50,57) CDUM1,BWIDTHM,BLENGTHM
READ(50,57) CDUM1,BWIDTHB,BLENGTHB
C
55  FORMAT(A)
56  FORMAT(A,1X,F4.2)

```

```

57  FORMAT(A,1X,F5.2,1X,F6.2)
C
NLINE$ = 1
NCOUNT = 0
IONCE = 0
IRECORD = 0
RMILEOLD = 0.0
i_writeout=0

i_good_rmile=0
last_rmile = 0.0

DO II = 1, 90000000
    INODAT = 0
    NCOUNT = NCOUNT + 1
    IF (NCOUNT .EQ. NLINE$) IHAVE = 0
241  READ(70,*,$END=5000) RMILE,CDUM1,SPEED,SIZE,CDUM1,CDUM1,
+                      STAGE,CDUM1,TRAFFIC,STGSL,CELLID,DEPTH,
+                      DUM,DUM,DTSL,HMAX,DUM,TPSHR,DUM,DUM,TAMB
    if(depthx .le. 0.0) goto 455
c Only care about certain river miles, from cell depth file.
    if(last_rmile .eq. RMILE) then
        if(i_good_rmile .ne. 0) goto 455
        goto 241
    end if
    last_rmile=RMILE
    i_good_rmile = 0
    do i=1,i_bwcnt
        if(RMILE .eq. bw_rm(i)) then
            i_good_rmile = -1
            goto 455
        end if
    end do
    goto 241
c

*      if(depthx .GT. 0.0) then
*          depth_orig=DEPTH
*          do i=1,i_bwcnt
*              if(trim(CELLID).eq.trim(bw_cellid(i)))then
*                  i_writeout=-1
*                      if(DEPTH .gt. depthx) then
*                          DEPTH=depthx
*                      goto 455
*                  end if
*              end if
*          end do
*      else
*          i_writeout=-1
*      end if

455      IF(RMILEOLD.NE.RMILE)THEN
          WRITE(*,*) RMILE
        END IF
        RMILEOLD=RMILE

C 75  FORMAT(F5.1,1X,A1,1X,A1,1X,A1,1X,A1,1X,A1,1X,A1,1X,A5,
C +           1X,A2,1X,A10,1X,F6.2,1X,F7.3,1X,F7.3,1X,F7.1,1X,F7.3,
C +           1X,F9.4,1X,F9.4,1X,F9.4,1X,F12.7,1X,F12.7)

        if(HMAX .lt. 0.0) then
            if(HMAX .ne. -9.0)then
                HMAX=abs(HMAX)
            end if
        end if

        DTSL = ABS(DTSL)
        RMILEB = RMILE
        TRAFFICB = TRAFFIC
        STGSLB = STGSL

```

```

IF (IHAVE .EQ. 0) THEN
    BACKSPACE(70)
    NLINES = 0
    DTSLMIN = 2000.0
    DO JJ = 1, 100000
        NLINES=NLINES+1
        READ(70,* ,END=110) RMILE,CDUM1,SPEED,SIZE,CDUM1,CDUM1,
        +                      STAGE,CDUM1,TRAFFIC,STGSL,CELLID,DEPTH,DUM,
        +                      DUM,DTSL,HMAX,DUM,TPSHR,DUM,DUM,TAMB
456    if(HMAX .lt. 0.0) then
        if(HMAX .ne. -9.0)then
            HMAX=abs(HMAX)
        end if
    end if
    DTSL = ABS(DTSL)
    RMILED=ABS(RMILE-RMILEB)
    IF (RMILED .GT. 0.01 .OR. TRAFFIC .NE. TRAFFICB
    +          .OR. STGSL .NE. STGSLB) GO TO 110
    IF (DTSL.LT.DTSLMIN) THEN
        DTSLMIN=DTSL
        TPSHB=TPSHR
        DASL=DEPTH
        CELLIDC=CELLID
    END IF
    END DO
110    CONTINUE
    IHAVE = 1
    DO JJ = 1, NLINES
        BACKSPACE(70)
    END DO
    READ(70,* ,END=5000) RMILE,CDUM1,SPEED,SIZE,CDUM1,CDUM1,
    +                      STAGE,CDUM1,TRAFFIC,STGSL,CELLID,DEPTH,DUM,
    +                      DUM,DTSL,HMAX,DUM,TPSHR,DUM,DUM,TAMB
457    if(HMAX .lt. 0.0) then
        if(HMAX .ne. -9.0)then
            HMAX=abs(HMAX)
        end if
    end if
    DTSL = ABS(DTSL)
    NCOUNT = 1
    END IF
    IF (ABS(RMILE-RMILE1) .GT. 0.01) IRELEV = 0
    IF (HMAX .LT. -1.0) HMAX = 0.0
    IF (TPSHR .GT. 9000.0 .OR. TAMB .GT. 9000.0) INODAT = 1
    IF (INODAT .EQ. 0) THEN
C
        IF (IRELEV .EQ. 0) THEN
            REWIND(60)
            DO JJ = 1, 100000
                READ(60,65) RTEST,CELLID1,DUM,DUM,DUM,DUM,DUM,
                +                      GS,VS,COHSED,SEDTYP
                RMILED = ABS(RMILE-RTEST)
                IF (RMILED .LT. 0.01) GO TO 120
            END DO
65        FORMAT(F5.1,A10,F12.1,F12.1,F8.1,F8.3,
        +                      F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,I6,I6)
120        BACKSPACE(60)
        RMILE1 = RTEST
        IVLEN = 0
        DO KJ = 1,5000
        GSV(KJ) = 0.0
        VSV(KJ) = 0.0
        COHSEDV(KJ) = 0.0
        SEDTYPV(KJ) = 0.0
        END DO
        DO JJ = 1, 100000
            READ(60,65,END=130) RTEST,CELLIDV(JJ),DUM,DUM,DUM,DUM,
            +                      DUM,DUM,GSV(JJ),VSV(JJ),COHSEDV(JJ),SEDTYPV(JJ)
            RMILED = ABS(RMILE-RTEST)
            IF (RMILED .GT. 0.01) GO TO 130
            IVLEN = IVLEN + 1

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        END DO
130      CONTINUE
        IRELEV = 1
    END IF
DO JJ = 1, IVLEN
    IF (CELLIDV(JJ) .EQ. CELLID) THEN
        GS = GSV(JJ)
        VS = VSV(JJ)
        COHSED = COHSEDV(JJ)
        SEDTYP = SEDTYPV(JJ)
        do i_bw=1,i_bwcnt
            if(trim(CELLID).eq.trim(bw_cellid(i_bw)))then
                COHSED = bw_cohsed(i_bw)
                SEDTYP = bw_sedtyp(i_bw)
                goto 1234
            end if
        end do
    END IF
1234    IF (CELLIDV(JJ) .EQ. CELLIDC) THEN
        GSC = GSV(JJ)
        VSC = VSV(JJ)
    END IF
    END DO
C
GS=GS/1000.
VS=VS/100.
GSC=GSC/1000.
VSC=VSC/100.
C
    IF (SPEED .EQ. 'S') THEN
        VBRG=VBRGS
    ELSE IF (SPEED .EQ. 'M') THEN
        VBRG=VBRGM
    ELSE IF (SPEED .EQ. 'F') THEN
        VBRG=VBRGF
    END IF
    IF (SIZE .EQ. 'L') THEN
        BLENGTH=BLENGTHL
        BWIDTH=BWIDTHL
    ELSE IF (SIZE .EQ. 'S') THEN
        BLENGTH=BLENGTHS
        BWIDTH=BWIDTHS
    ELSE IF (SIZE .EQ. 'M') THEN
        BLENGTH=BLENGTHM
        BWIDTH=BWIDTHM
    ELSE IF (SIZE .EQ. 'B') THEN
        BLENGTH=BLENGTHB
        BWIDTH=BWIDTHB
    END IF
    IF (STAGE .EQ. 'H') THEN
        IDSF = 1
    ELSE IF (STAGE .EQ. 'M') THEN
        IDSF = 2
    ELSE IF (STAGE .EQ. 'L') THEN
        IDSF = 3
    END IF
    IDS = IDS + IDSF
C Now supply values to some variables based on the pool-flow selected
    IF (IDS .EQ. 11) THEN
        DSNSBS = 'p26hq'
        GSM = 0.0005
        VSM = 0.06
        TSHIFT = 140.0
        NPASS = 1
    ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 12) THEN
        DSNSBS = 'p26mq'
        GSM = 0.0005
        VSM = 0.06
        TSHIFT = 140.0
        NPASS = 1
    ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 13) THEN

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DSNSBS = 'p26lq '
GSM = 0.0005
VSM = 0.06
TSHIFT = 140.0
NPASS = 1
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 21) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'p8hqbs '
  GSM = 0.0005
  VSM = 0.06
  TSHIFT = 167.0
  NPASS = 1
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 22) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'p8mqbs '
  GSM = 0.0005
  VSM = 0.06
  TSHIFT = 140.0
  NPASS = 1
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 23) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'p8lqbs '
  DSNSRC = 'p8lqrcc'
  GSM = 0.0005
  VSM = 0.06
  TSHIFT = 103.0
  NPASS = 2
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 31) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'lghqsbs'
  DSNSRC = 'lghqsrc'
  DSNFBS = 'lqhqfb'
  DSNFRC = 'lghqfrc'
  GSM = 0.0001
  VSM = 0.00658
  TSHIFT = 213.0
  NPASS = 4
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 32) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'lgmqsbs'
  DSNSRC = 'lgmqsra'
  DSNFBS = 'lgmqfb'
  DSNFRC = 'lgmqfrc'
  GSM = 0.0001
  VSM = 0.00658
  TSHIFT = 219.0
  NPASS = 4
ELSE IF (IDS .EQ. 33) THEN
  DSNSBS = 'lg1qsbs'
  DSNSRC = 'lg1qsrc'
  DSNFBS = 'lg1qfb'
  DSNFRC = 'lg1qfrc'
  GSM = 0.0001
  VSM = 0.00658
  TSHIFT = 175.0
  NPASS = 4
END IF
INOREAD = 0
IF (IDS .EQ. IDSOLD) INOREAD = 1
IDSOLD = IDS
IDS = IDS - IDSF
C let GS = GSM and VS=VSM if no data
IF (GS .GT. 9.0) GS=GSM
IF (GSC .GT. 9.0) GSC=GSM
IF (VS .GT. 90.0) VS=VSM
IF (VSC .GT. 90.0) VSC=VSM
C Done to set grain size=grainsize used in trend pool (pool 31 (LG))
if(IDS.ge.31 .and. IDS.le.33)then
  GS=GSM
  GSC=GSM
  VS=VSM
  VSC=VSM
end if
C
C Now read data from the data set
C NOTE: go ahead and shift the ST values so that

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C      time zero corresponds to the time of bow passage
IF (INOREAD .EQ. 0) THEN
  DO L = 1,NPASS
    IF (L .EQ. 1) DSNAME = DSNSBS
    IF (L .EQ. 2) DSNAME = DSNSRC
    IF (L .EQ. 3) DSNAME = DSNFBS
    IF (L .EQ. 4) DSNAME = DSNFRC
    DO K = 1, 19
      READ(10,5) DFNAME
    5   FORMAT(A)
      READ(10,*) NST(L),NSL(L)
      READ(10,*) (SL(I,L),I=1,NSL(L))
      READ(10,*) (TPSHM(I,L),I=1,NSL(L))
      READ(10,*) (CFAMB(I,L),I=1,NSL(L))
      DO I=1,NST(L)
        READ(10,*) ST(I,L),(CONM(I,J,L),J=1,NSL(L))
        ST(I,L) = ST(I,L) + TSHIFT
    C
      if(L.eq.3)then
    c zero out boat shear fines on LaGrange
      do LL=1,NSL(L)
        CONM(I,LL,L) = CONM(I,LL,L)*0.67
      end do
      end if
    c reduce return current fines on LG by 50%
      if(L.eq.4)then
        do LL=1,NSL(L)
          CONM(I,LL,L) = CONM(I,LL,L)*0.67
        end do
      end if
    C
      END DO
      IF (DFNAME .EQ. DSNAME) GO TO 10
    END DO
  10  CONTINUE
     REWIND (10)
    END DO
  END IF
C      initialize the output concentration
  DO I = 1, 1000
    COUT(I) = 0.0
  END DO
C      now loop on all scenarios for the given pool
  DO L = 1, NPASS
C now do linear interpolation to find the peak shear at the given lateral distance
C for return currents
    IF (L .EQ. 2 .OR. L .EQ. 4) THEN
      DO I = 1, NSL(L)
        XDAT(I) = SL(I,L)
        YDAT(I) = TPSHM(I,L)
      END DO
      CALL VALUE(NSL(L),DTSL,XDAT,YDAT,0.0,1.0,1.0,TPSHM1)
    ELSE
      TPSHM1 = TPSHM(1,L)
    END IF
C now do linear interpolation to find design curve at the
C requested distance from the sailing line
    DO I = 1, NST(L)
      DO J = 1, NSL(L)
        XDAT(J) = SL(J,L)
        YDAT(J) = CONM(I,J,L)
      END DO
      CALL VALUE(NSL(L),DTSL,XDAT,YDAT,0.0,1.0,1.0,CASD(I))
    END DO
    IF (L .EQ. 1) THEN
C now find ratio for sands
      RATIO = CSAMB(TPSHB,GSC,VSC)/CSAMB(TPSHM1,GSM,VSM)
      RPD = 1.0
    ELSE IF (L .EQ. 2) THEN
      RATIO = CSAMB(TPSHR,GSC,VSC)/CSAMB(TPSHM1,GSM,VSM)
      DTSLC = (BWIDHT+20.0)/2.

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        IF (DTSL .LT. DTSLC) RATIO = 0.0
        RPD = 1.0
    ELSE IF (L .EQ. 3) THEN
C now find ratio for clays
        TC = 0.3
        IF (IDSF .EQ. 1) TC = 1.2
        RATIO = (TPSHB - TC)/(TPSHM1 - TC)
        IF (RATIO .LT. 0.0) RATIO = 0.0
        RPD = AMAX1((1. - TAMB/TC),0.0)
    ELSE
        TC = 0.3
        IF (IDSF .EQ. 1) TC = 1.2
        RATIO = (TPSHR - TC)/(TPSHM1 - TC)
        IF (RATIO .LT. 0.0) RATIO = 0.0
        IF (DTSL .LT. 25.0) RATIO = 0.0
        RPD = AMAX1((1. - TAMB/TC),0.0)
    END IF
C now multiply CASD by the ratio
    IF (L .EQ. 1) THEN
        CAMB = CSAMB(TAMB,GSC,VSC)
    ELSE IF (L .EQ. 3) THEN
        DO J = 1, NSL(L)
            XDAT(J) = SL(J,L)
            YDAT(J) = CFAMB(J,L)
        END DO
        CALL VALUE(NSL(L),DTSL,XDAT,YDAT,0.0,1.0,1.0,CFINES)
        CAMB = CFINES
    ELSE
        CAMB = 0.0
    END IF
    DO I = 1, NST(L)
        CASD(I)=CASD(I)*RATIO
    END DO
C now interpolate onto curve
    DO I = 1, NST(L)
        XDAT(I) = ST(I,L)
        YDAT(I) = CASD(I)
    END DO
    DO I = 1, NPTS
        VS1=VSC
        IF (L .GT. 2) VS1 = 0.0025
        CALL VALUE(NST(L),TOUT(I),XDAT,YDAT,VS1,DEPTH,RPD,COUT1)
        COUT(I) = COUT(I) + COUT1 + CAMB
    END DO
    END DO
C now do contribution from waves
    if(depthx .GT. 0.0) then
        depth_orig=DEPTH
        do i=1,i_bwcnt
            if(trim(CELLID).eq.trim(bw_cellid(i)))then
                i_writeout=-1
                if(DEPTH .gt. depthx) then
                    DEPTH=depthx
                    goto 444
                end if
            end if
        end do
    else
        i_writeout=-1
    end if
*
444  tvrmax = 1.0
    IF (DEPTH .LE. 1.5 .AND. COHSED .LT. 3) THEN
        DO I = 1, 2000
            TIMEW(I) = 0.0
            CONCW(I) = 0.0
        END DO
        CALL WAVECONC(SEDTYPE,DEPTH,HMAX,TVRMAX,BLENGTH,VBRG,
+           NUMPNTS,TIMEW,CONCW)
        TWA = DTSL/(SQRT(9.806*(DEPTH+DASL)*0.5))
        DO I = 1, NUMPNTS

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        XDAT(I) = TIMEW(I) + TWA
        YDAT(I) = CONCW(I)
        if(sedtyp.eq.1)then
            if(YDAT(I).GT.3000.0) YDAT(I) = 3000.0
            else if(sedtyp.eq.2) THEN
                IF(YDAT(I).GT.1500.0) YDAT(I) = 1500.0
            END IF
        END DO
        COUT1 = 0.0
        DO I = 1, NPTS
            CALL VALUE(NUMPNTS,TOUT(I),XDAT,YDAT,VS,DEPTH,1.0,COUT1)
            IF(DEPTHX .GT. 0.0) THEN
                if(depth_orig .gt. depthx) then
                    COUT1=COUT1*(depthx**2/depth_orig**2)
                end if
            END IF
            COUT(I) = COUT(I) + COUT1
        END DO
        END IF
    C now write out results
    NLNS=NPTS/10
    NRM=MOD(NPTS,10)
    IF (IONCE .EQ. 0) THEN
        IONCE = 1
        WRITE(5,*) 'START TIME   END TIME   NO. TIME STEPS'
        WRITE(5,13) TIMES,TIMEE,NPTS
        WRITE(5,*) 'TIME VALUES (SECONDS)'
        K=1
        DO I = 1, NLNS
            WRITE(5,15) (TOUT(J),J=K,K+9)
            K=K+10
        END DO
        IF (NRM .GT. 0) THEN
            NRMM1=NRM-1
            WRITE(5,15) (TOUT(J),J=K,K+NRMM1)
        END IF
    END IF
    if(i_writeout .ne. 0) then
        i_writeout=0
        WRITE(5,14) CELLID,TRAFFIC,STGSL
        IWRITE = 0
        DO I = 1, NPTS
            IF ((COUT(I)-COUT(1)) .GE. 5.0) IWRITE = 1
        END DO
        WRITE(5,16) IWRITE, COUT(1),DEPTH
        IF (IWRITE .EQ. 1) THEN
            K=1
            DO I = 1, NLNS
                WRITE(5,15) (COUT(J),J=K,K+9)
                K=K+10
            END DO
            IF (NRM .GT. 0) THEN
                NRMM1=NRM-1
                WRITE(5,15) (COUT(J),J=K,K+NRMM1)
            END IF
        END IF
    end if
    C the following end if is for INODAT loop
    END IF
13  FORMAT(2F10.2,I8)
14  FORMAT(A,1X,A,1X,A)
15  FORMAT(10F10.2)
16  FORMAT(I2,2F10.2)
    IF (INODAT .EQ. 0) IRECORD = IRECORD + 1
*     IF (INODAT .EQ. 0) WRITE(*,*) 'WROTE RECORD ', IRECORD
*     &                                         , ' FOR LINE ', II
*     IF (INODAT .EQ. 1) WRITE(*,*) 'NO DATA; NO RECORD WRITTEN'
*     &                                         , ' FOR LINE ', II
    END DO
C
      5000 CONTINUE

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      WRITE(*,*) 
      WRITE(*,*) 'Results file contains a concentration time history'
      WRITE(*,*) 'for each entry in the .OUT file. The entries are'
      WRITE(*,*) 'identified by CELL_ID, TRAFFIC, and STG_SL values.'
      WRITE(*,*) 'The time values for the time history are given'
      WRITE(*,*) 'at the beginning of the results file'
      WRITE(*,*) 
      STOP
      END

      SUBROUTINE VALUE(NWP,DLOC,XDAT,YDAT,VS,DEPTH,RPD,VOUT)
C
      INTEGER NWP
      REAL DLOC,XDAT,YDAT
      DIMENSION XDAT(2000),YDAT(2000)
      TC=-VS*RPD/DEPTH
      VALUET=YDAT(1)
      IF(XDAT(1) .GT. DLOC)
+VALUET = YDAT(1)*EXP(TC*(XDAT(1)-DLOC))
      DO I =1, NWP-1
         IF (XDAT(I) .LE. DLOC .AND. XDAT(I+1) .GT. DLOC)
+ VALUET = (DLOC-XDAT(I))*(YDAT(I+1)-YDAT(I))
+          /(XDAT(I+1)-XDAT(I)) + YDAT(I)
      END DO
      IF (XDAT(NWP) .LE. DLOC)
+VALUET = YDAT(NWP)*EXP(TC*(DLOC-XDAT(NWP)))
      VOUT = VALUET
      RETURN
      END

      REAL FUNCTION CSAMB(TAU,GS,VS)
      REAL TAU,GS,VS
C
      A = 1.3E-7
      USTAR = SQRT(TAU/1000.)
      REP = SQRT(9.806*1.65*GS)*GS/1.306E-6
      ZU = (USTAR*REP**0.6)/VS
      UST1 = AMAX1((USTAR/VS),0.5)
      RO = 1 + 31.5*UST1**(-1.46)
      CB = ((1.3E-7)*ZU**5.)/(1. + ((1.3E-7)*ZU**5.)/0.3)
      CSAMB = CB*2.65*1000000./RO
      END
*
*      subroutine waveconc(sedtyp,hDEP,hmax,tvrmax,tl,tvelg,
*                           numpnts, time, conc)
*
*      Common (Global) values
*
      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*                  MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO0
      common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
      common/flow/uu,QN
      common/tide/qqn,umax,ptide
      common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
      common/mr/gg1,gg2,uu2
      common/out/WSC0,WS0,WSA,WSB,WSM,WSN,DSK1,DSK2
      common/cal/suspmas,eromas
      common/bed/ dzb,TAUDEP,BDP1,BDP2,RHBBAR,PHIC,tcp1,tcp2,
*                  ERSMAX,ERP1,ERP2,tauero
      common/vest/ jn,zi,ci
*
      dimension time(2000), conc(2000)
*
      character DESCR*60
      real*8 dt
      real*8 tt,TRATIO
      real*8 vr,VRATIO
      real M0, kk, kkss
      dimension zi(500),ci(500)

```

```

*
* INTEGER WAVEPERIOD
* INTEGER numpnts !number of data points calculated by wavavg.
* INTEGER sedtyp !1=soft, 2=medium, 3=hard
* INTEGER tdir !Tow direction, 0=down (with), 1=up (against the current)

*
* Determines whether to use a slope for calculating
* h in range 4, in subroutine wavavg. 1=slope, 0=no slope
* INTEGER r4slopeF

*
* Total number of ratio array elements,
* associated with time history of return velocity.
* INTEGER RATOT
* dimension TRATIO(18)
* dimension VRATIO(18)

*
CHARACTER FILEWAVE*256, VESTOUT*256, ACKEROUT*256

*
dtrun = 97.0      !minutes - end time
dt     = 6.0       !seconds - time step
dtout = 0.1        !minutes - output interval

*
* * * sample values for vestuns, wavavg, acker
* sedtyp = 3          !1=soft, 2=medium, 3=hard
* h0 = .5             !meters - averaged water depth in the cell
* hmax = .5           !m - (h2) maximum vessel induced wave height
* tl = 100.           !meters - length of tow barge
* tvelg = 1.0          !m/sec - tow speed relative to the ground
* tvrmax = 0.5         !m/sec - maximum magnitude of return velocity
* tdir = 1             !0=downbound (with), 1=upbound (against the current)
* tbp                !sec - time for barge passage (dl/tvelg)
* tt                 !sec - tow time

*
* For Ackers subroutine...
* d50 = .001          !m - median grain diameter
* va = 1.0            !m/sec - ambient current velocity magnitude
* vr = 0.2            !m/sec - return velocity magnitude

*
FILEWAVE='filewave.dat'
VESTOUT = 'vestsub.out'
ACKEROUT = 'acker.out'

* - - - - -
*
* THIS ROUTINE LIMITS THE WAVE CONCENTRATION TO ABOUT 1000 MG/L
* THIS BECAME A PROBLEM WHEN WE HAD SHALLOW DEPTHS IN CELLS SUCH
* AS A 0.12 M DEPTH WITH A 0.10 M WAVE RESULTING IN LARGE MG/L
* WITHOUT THIS LIMITING DEPTH
H0=HDEP
TESTDEP=1.2*HMAX
IF(H0.LT.TESTDEP) H0=TESTDEP

*
DESCR = 'DATA FOR FLUID MUD UNDER WAVES AND WEAK CURRENTS'
!Discretization Parameters
M0 = 1.0
NGRIDS = 5
!Time Parameters
STT = 0.0
!Settling Velocity Parameters
WSC0 = 0.1
WS0 = 2.1E-05
WSA = 0.16
WSB = 7.0
WSM = 1.5
WSN = 1.33
!Stabilized Diffusion Constants
DSK1 = 0.5      !alpha0
DSK2 = 0.33     !beta0
!Define: Program Logic
MODE = 3        ! SELECTS WAVES + WEAK CURRENTS

```

```

!Deposition rate
DSP = 1.0
!Current Hydrodynamics
UU = 0.000001
* UU = 0.1      ! VALUE USED IN PARCHURE REPORT
QN = 0.02
!Wave Hydrodynamics
WDIFFK = 0.2
!Density
RHOSED = 2200.0
RHOW = 1000.0
!Define: Selection for bottom sediment
MCHO0 = 2
!Critical Stress of deposition
TAUDEP = 0.1
!Wave friction coefficient
WFRIIC = 0.015
!Bed density parameters
BDP1 = 0.794
BDP2 = -0.45
RHBBAR = 350.0
!Critical stress parameters
PHIC = 0.05
!Erosion rate coefficient parameters
ERSMAX = 0.2
ERP1sft = 7.0
ERP2sft = 0.35
ERP1MED = 6.5
ERP2MED = 0.35
ERP1HRD = 10.0
ERP2HRD = 0.1
!Initial concentration points
jn = 2
!Initial concentration profile
zi(1) = 0.2
zi(2) = 1.0
ci(1) = 0.0
ci(2) = 0.0
*
*
RATOT = 18
* ratio of tt/tbp - used to calculate tt given tbp
TRATIO(1) = -0.6
TRATIO(2) = -0.4
TRATIO(3) = -0.2
TRATIO(4) = 0.0
TRATIO(5) = 0.1
TRATIO(6) = 0.2
TRATIO(7) = 0.3
TRATIO(8) = 0.4
TRATIO(9) = 0.5
TRATIO(10) = 0.6
TRATIO(11) = 0.7
TRATIO(12) = 0.8
TRATIO(13) = 0.9
TRATIO(14) = 1.0
TRATIO(15) = 1.2
TRATIO(16) = 1.4
TRATIO(17) = 1.6
TRATIO(18) = 1.7
* ratio of vr/tvrmax - used to calculate vr given tvrmax
VRATIO(1) = 0.0
VRATIO(2) = 0.02
VRATIO(3) = 0.1
VRATIO(4) = 0.21
VRATIO(5) = 0.34
VRATIO(6) = 0.5
VRATIO(7) = 0.64
VRATIO(8) = 0.77
VRATIO(9) = 0.83
VRATIO(10) = 0.86

```

```

VRATIO(11) = 0.9
VRATIO(12) = 0.95
VRATIO(13) = 1.0
VRATIO(14) = 0.92
VRATIO(15) = 0.65
VRATIO(16) = 0.36
VRATIO(17) = 0.07
VRATIO(18) = 0.0
*
WAVEPERIOD = 2
*
RHO = 1000      !kg/l
VNU = 0.000001 !? - kinematic viscosity of water
*
RHOSFT = 1600.0
RHOMED = 1900.0
RHOHRD = 2000.0
TCP1SF = 1.0
TCP1MD = 7.0
TCP1HD = 6.0
TCP2SF = 1.5
TCP2MD = 1.5
TCP2HD = 1.0
*
* Determines whether to use a slope for calculating
*   h in range 4, in subroutine wavavg. 1=slope, 0=no slope
r4slopeF = 0
*
* - - - - -
*
      if (h0 .GT. 1.5) then
          h0 = 1.5
      end if
*
*
      tbp = t1 / tvelg
      do 121 i = 1, RATOT      !total number of ratios defined in TRATIO() and VRATIO()
          call calratio(TRATIO(i), tbp, tt)      !tt is the value "returned"
          call calratio(VRATIO(i), tvrmax, vr)    !vr is the value "returned"
121    continue
*
      close(1)
*
*
      if (sedtyp .EQ. 1) then
          Soft
          RHOM = RHOSFT
          tcp1 = TCP1SF
          tcp2 = TCP2SF
          ERP1 = ERP1SFT
          ERP2 = ERP2SFT
          --- vestuns+acker
          call wavavg(hmax,dtrun,WAVEPERIOD,r4slopeF,FILEWAVE,numpnts)
          call vestuns(h0, FILEWAVE, VESTOUT, time, conc)
      else if (sedtyp .EQ. 2) then
          Medium
          RHOM = RHOMED
          tcp1 = TCP1MD
          tcp2 = TCP2MD
          ERP1 = ERP1MED
          ERP2 = ERP2MED
          --- vestuns+acker
          call wavavg(hmax,dtrun,WAVEPERIOD,r4slopeF,FILEWAVE,numpnts)
          call vestuns(h0, FILEWAVE, VESTOUT, time, conc)
      else if (sedtyp .EQ. 3) then
          Hard
          RHOM = RHOHRD
          tcp1 = TCP1HD
          tcp2 = TCP2HD
          ERP1 = ERP1HRD
          ERP2 = ERP2HRD

```

```

*
*      --- vestuns+acker
*      call wavavg(hmax,dtrun,WAVEPERIOD,r4slopeF,FILEWAVE,numpts)
*      call vestuns(h0, FILEWAVE, VESTOUT, time, conc)
*      end if
*
*
*      stop
*      return
*      end
*
* =====
*
*      subroutine calratio(ratio, tbp, ret)
*      ret_tt will contain the value "returned"
*
*      real*8 ret, ratio
*
*      ret = tbp * ratio
*
*      RETURN
*      END
*
* =====
*
*      SUBROUTINE wavavg (hmax,dtrun,waveperiod,r4slopeF,FILEWAVE,noi)
C
C      This program calculates H when W and the slope
C      are provided
C
*      INTEGER waveperiod
*
*      Determines whether to use a slope for calculating
*      h in range 4. 1=slope, 0=no slope
*      INTEGER r4slopeF
*      INTEGER noi      !number of data points calculated by wavavg.
*      CHARACTER FILEWAVE*256
*
*      INTEGER npts
*
*      dimension h(3000)
*      open(unit=6,file=FILEWAVE,status='unknown')
*      DO JK = 1,3000
*          H(JK) = 0.0
*      END DO
*      int = 3
*      ix = 0
*      npts = 1915
*      npts = dtrun * 30
C      start of specified values
*      iwl = 25
*      iw2 = 75
*      iw3 = 200
*      iw4 = npts
*      units: cms
*      h1 = 0.0
*      h3 = hmax * 0.2
*      if (h3 .LE. 0.05) h3 = 0.05
*      h4 = 0.5*h3
*      h5 = 0.0
C      end of specified values
C
C      calculate range values
C
*      irang1 = iwl
*      irang2 = iw2 - iwl
*      irang3 = iw3 - iw2
*      irang4 = iw4 - iw3           !for decay
C
C      calculate slopes
C

```

```

xm1 = (hmax - h1) / irang1
xm2 = (h3 - hmax) / irang2
xm3 = (h4 - h3) / irang3
xm4 = (h5 - h4) / irang4 !for decay
c calculate h for range 1
do 400 i = 1, irang1
    ix = ix + 1
    h(ix) = xm1 * i + h1
400 continue
c calculate h for range 2
do 500 i = 1, irang2
    ix = ix + 1
    h(ix) = xm2 * i + hmax
500 continue
* calculate h for range 3
do 600 i = 1, irang3
    ix = ix + 1
    h(ix) = xm3 * i + h3
600 continue
* calculate h for range 4      !for decay
if (r4slopeF .eq. 0) then
    do 700 i = 1, irang4
        ix = ix + 1
        h(ix) = 0.0
700 continue
else
*     ... using slope
do 701 i = 1, irang4
    ix = ix + 1
    h(ix) = xm4 * i + h4
701 continue
end if
*
ipos = 0
sum = 0
noi = npts / int
avg = 0.0
write(6,315) avg, waveperiod
do 705 j = 1, noi
    sum = 0.
    do 710 k = 1, int
        ipos = ipos + 1
        sum = sum + h(ipos)
710 continue
xint = int
avg = sum / xint
write(6,315) avg, waveperiod
705 continue
315 format(f8.3, 2x, i1)
*
close (6)
*
RETURN
END
*
* =====
*
SUBROUTINE ACKER (h0, va, vr, d50, VNU, RHO, conc)
*      conc is "returned"
*
      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,rhow,visc,kkss,
*              MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO0
*
      real*8 dt, vr
*
*
      if (d50 .EQ. 0.0) then
          write (*,*) 'D50 cannot be zero. Stopping.'
          stop
      end if
      cfc = .06 / (LOG10(12.0 * h0 / (3.0 * d50))) ** 2

```

```

cfr = (2.87 + 1.58 * LOG10(1.0 / (3.0 * d50))) ** (-2.5)
TAU = .5 * RHO * cfc * (va + (cfr / cfc) ** .5 * vr) ** 2
if (RHO .EQ. 0.0) then
    write (*,*) 'RHO cannot be zero. Stopping.'
    stop
end if
ustar = (TAU/RHO)**.5
*
GRAV = 9.805
IF (ustar.EQ.0.0) GOTO 25
*
* compute equivalent vbar based on keulegan equation
*
vbar = ustar * 5.75 *LOG10(11.1 * h0 / (3 * d50))
*
* ackers white equation
*
if (VNU .EQ. 0.0) then
    write (*,*) 'VNU cannot be zero. Stopping.'
    stop
end if
dgr = d50 * ((GRAV * 1.65 / VNU ** 2) ** .3333)
IF(dgr.LE.60.0) GO TO 22
*
COARSE PARAMETERS
EN = 0.0
A = .17
EM = 1.78
C = .025
GOTO 23
22 CONTINUE
*
TRANSITION PARAMETERS
EN = 1 - .56 * LOG10(dgr)
A = .23 / (dgr)**.5 + .14
EM = 6.83 / dgr + 1.67
Cc = 2.79 * LOG10(dgr) - 0.98*(LOG10(dgr)) ** 2 - 3.46
C = 10 ** Cc
23 CONTINUE
*
SEDIMENT MOBILITY
FGR1 = (GRAV * d50 * 1.65)**.5
FGR11 = ustar ** EN / FGR1
FGR2 = 10 * h0 / d50
FGR21 = 5.675 * LOG10(FGR2)
FGR22 = (vbar / FGR21) ** (1 - EN)
FGR = FGR11 * FGR22
*
TEST FOR ZERO TRANSPORT
ZQS = FGR / A
IF(ZQS.LE.1.0) GO TO 25
GGR = C * (FGR / A - 1) ** EM
*
cnew = SED FLUX IN PARTS/PART by volume
conc = (GGR * d50) / (h0 * (ustar / vbar) ** EN)
*
conc in Mg
conc = conc * 10 ** 6
*
* LIMIT CNEW TO 0.3
* if(cnew.gt.0.3) cnew=0.3
GOTO 26
25 conc=0
26 CONTINUE
*
RETURN
END
*
* =====
*
* subroutine vestuns (h0, filewave, vestout, time, conc)
*      conc is returned
C
C*****NON-EQUILIBRIUM SUSPENSION PROFILE MODELING*****
C

```

```

*****
C*      This program was originally written by Yigong Li and A.J. Mehta
C*
C*      Coastal & Oceanographic Engineering Department
C*          University of Florida
C*          Gainesville
C*          1995
C*      Modified for variable waves and other needs of Upper Miss.
C*      whm Jan-Feb 98, May 98
C*
C*      To run the program you should give input filename--"FILEIN",
C*                      output filename--"FILEOUT",
C*
C*      Constant filenames           wave data filename--"filewave.inp"
C*                                         Depth-avg conc --- "VESTOUT.out"
C*
C*      For input data file the description is as follows:
C*1, descr: TITLE FOR INPUT DATA
C*2, h0:    WATER DEPTH (m)
C m0:    MUD DEPTH (m)
C NGRIDS: WATER LAYERS
C*3, STT:   STARTING TIME OF PROGRAM (min)
C dtrun:  END TIME OF PROGRAM (min)
C dt:     CALCULATING TIME STEP (sec)
C dtout:  OUTPUT TIME STEP (min)
C if dtout <= 0: the output time is given at the end of input file.
C idout:  NUMBER OF SELECTED OUTPUT TIME
C ddout(I): SELECTED OUTPUT TIME (min)
C*4, WSC0:  LIMIT CONCENTRATION FOR FREE SETTLING (kg/m**3)
C ws0:    FREE FLOC. SETTLING VELOCITY (m/s)
C wsa,wsb,wsm,wsn:  PARAMETERS FOR FLOCCULATION AND HINDERED SETTLING VELOCITY
C where, IF c.LT.WSC0
C           Ws=WS0
C           IF C.GT.WSC0
C           Ws=(WSA*c**WSN)/(C*C+WSB*WSB)**WSM
C*5, dsk1,dsk2:  PARAMETER FOR STABILIZED DIFFUSION
C where, k = kn/(1+DSK1*ri)**DSK2 (Munk and Anderson Method)
C ri:     GLOBAL RICHARDSON NUMBER
C kn:     NEUTRAL MASS DIFFUSIVITY
C*6, MODE:  SELECTION 1==CURRENT, 2==WAVE, 3==WAVE+WEAK CURRENT
C*7, uu:    AVERAGE CURRENT VELOCITY (m/sec)
C qn:    MANNING COEFFICIENT FOR CURRENT
C*8, wheight:  WAVE HEIGHT (m)
C wperiod:   WAVE PERIOD (sec)
C wlenght:   WAVE LENGTH ** CALCULATED IN PROGRAM
C WDIFFK:  MASS DIFFUSIVE COEFFICIENT FOR WAVE
C*9, RHOSED: SEDIMENT GRANULAR DENSITY (kg/m**3)
C rhom:    BULK DENSITY OF FLUID MUD OR BED(kg/m^3)
C RHOW:    DENSITY OF WATER (kg/m^3)
C*10, MCHO0: SELECTION FOR BOTTOM SEDIMENT:
C           1==FLUID MUD,2==BED
C ric:    CRITICAL RICHARSON NUMBER FOR ENTRAINMENT
C ggl,gg2,uu2:  MUD RHEOLOGICAL PARAMETERS
C             (THREE-ELEMENT MODEL - JIANG)
C where, IF GG11<0.0: TWO-ELEMENT VOIGT MODEL (G=GG2,U=UU2)
C ent0,enn:   COEFFICIENTS FOR ENTRAINMENT RATE
C where, Erate = RHOM*ub*ent0*[(ric)^2*rig^(-1)-rig]^(enn)
C ub:VELOCITY MAGNITUDE AT THE WATER BOTTOM
C rig:    RICHARDSON NUMBER
C*11, taudep:BED CRITICAL SHEAR STRESS FOR DEPOSITION
C wfrc:   WAVE FRICTION COEFFICIENT
C*12, bdp1,BDP2,rhobar:  BED DENSITY PARAMETER
C where, DRY DENSITY -- rhob=rhobar*BDP1*((m0-dzbed)/m0)**BDP2
C*13, PHIC,tcp1,tcp2:CRITICAL SHEAR STRESS PARAMETER
C where, critical stress--tauero=tcp1*(rhob/RHOSED-PHIC)**tcp2
C*14, ERSMAX,ERP1,ERP2:  EROSION RATE COEFFICIENT PARAMETER
C where, erosion rate -- erort=ERSMAX*exp(-ERP1*tauero**ERP2)*(taubed-tauero)
C dps:    Deposition probability
C*16, jn:    NUMBER OF INITIAL CONCENTRATION POINTS
C*17, zi,ci: INITIAL CONCENTRATION AND ELEVATION
C           (ZERO AT WATER-BED INTERFACE)

```

```

c
c
parameter (nd=500)
character filewave*256, vestout*256
real*8 mmc,mmt,tt,ctt,dt
real M0, kk, ks, kn, kkss
*
dimension c0t(nd),dvel(nd),c0(nd),c(nd),z(nd),
*           ws(nd),kn(nd),ks(nd)
dimension zi(500),ci(500),ddtout(500)
dimension p(nd),q(nd),r(nd)
common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO0
common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
common/flow/UU,QN
common/tide/qqn,umax,ptide
common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
common/mr/gg1,gg2,uu2
common/out/WSC0,WS0,WSA,WSB,WSM,WSN,DSK1,DSK2
common/cal/suspmas,eromas
common/bed/ dzb,TAUDEP,BDP1,BDP2,RHBBAR,PHIC,tcp1,tcp2,
*           ERSMAX,ERP1,ERP2,tauero
common/vest/ jn,zi,ci
c
C     integer, save :: resindex
integer resindex
save resindex
dimension time(2000), conc(2000)
*
data g, pi, kk, visc                         !Program Constants
*      / 9.81, 3.14159, 0.4, 1e-06 /
*
open(10,file=filewave,status='unknown')
open(11,file=vestout,status='unknown')
  write(11,*) 'VESTUNS output...'
  write(11,*) ' '
  write(11,*) 'Time Series of Suspended Sediment Concentration'
  write(11,*) 'due to vessel induced waves'
  write(11,*) ' '
  write(11,101)
101 Format(5x,' TIME      WAVE HT WAVE PERIOD  CBAR',//)
1      5X,' (sec)      (m)      (sec)      mg/l')
102 Format(5x,' TIME      WAVE HT WAVE PERIOD ABOVE BED  CONC',//)
1      5X,' (sec)      (m)      (sec)      (m)      mg/l')
*
*
C ???
  idt = 0
  resindex = 0
C ???
  if(dtout.le.0.000001) then
    iii=idt+1
    write(*,*)iii,dtout
  else
    iii=int((dtrun-STT)/dtout)+1
  end if
c
  if(wheight.lt.1e-10) then
    wheight=1e-10
  end if
  dz=h0/float(NGRIDDS)
  st=STT*60.0
  mmc=dtout*60.0
  mmt=dtrun*60.0
c*      initial data **
do 1 i=1,NGRIDDS
  z(i)=(float(i)-0.5)/float(NGRIDDS)*h0
1  continue
c
  if(jn.eq.1) then
    do 2 i=1,NGRIDDS

```

```

        c0(i)=ci(1)
2      continue
end if
c
if(jn.gt.1.and.jn.lt.NGRIDS) then
  do i=1,jn-1
    if(zi(i+1).le.zi(i)) then
      write(*,*)'Incorrect selection for initial concentration input.'
      write(*,*)'The zi(i) is not in an increasing order.'
      stop
    end if
  end do
  do 3 j=1,jn-1
    do 4 i=1,NGRIDS
      ss=(float(i)-0.5)*dz
      if(z(i).le.zi(1)) then
        c0(i)=ci(1)
      else if(z(i).ge.zi(jn)) then
        c0(i)=ci(jn)
      else
        if(z(i).gt.zi(j).and.z(i).lt.zi(j+1)) then
          c0(i)=ci(j)+(ci(j+1)-ci(j))
          *(z(i)-zi(j))/(zi(j+1)-zi(j))
        else if(z(i).eq.zi(j)) then
          c0(i)=ci(j)
        else if(z(i).eq.zi(j+1)) then
          c0(i)=ci(j+1)
        end if
      end if
    continue
3      continue
end if
c
if(jn.eq.NGRIDS) then
  do 5 i=1,NGRIDS
    c0(i)=ci(i)
5      continue
end if
c
tt=st-dt
ctt=-dt
eromas=0.0
c
do i=1,NGRIDS
  c(i)=c0(i)
end do
c ****
c
c     BEGIN TIME STEPPING
c
999  tt=tt+dt
      ctt=ctt+dt
c
do 6 i=1,NGRIDS
  if(c0(i).lt.0.000001) then
    c0(i)=0.000001
  end if
6  continue
c
c     begin mods to vary wave.  whm jan 98
c
read(10,*,err=909)wheight, wperiod
if(MODE.eq.1) then
if(MCHO0.eq.1) then
  write(*,*)'For entrainment of fluid mud under current,'
  write(*,*)'This case is not appropriate for practical use.'
  write(*,*)'Sorry!!!'
  stop

```

```

c           call hydroflow1(h0,dvel,kn)
c           ustar=UU
c       else if(MCHOO.eq.2) then
c           call hydroflow2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
c       else
c       end if
c       end if
c
c       if(MODE.eq.2) then
c           call prowmita(PWD1,PWD2,PDEN1,PDEN2,PWP,PAMP1,
c                           *                  PMU1,Puu,PGG1,PGG2,ip,RRR,rr2)
c       if(MCHOO.eq.1) then
c           pmul=visc*RHOW
c           ip=10
c           call prowmita(h0,M0,RHOW,RHOM,wperiod,wheight,
c                           *                  pmul,uu2,gg1,gg2,ip,rrr,rr2)
c           dudb=rrr
c           call hydrowave1(h0,dvel,kn,rr2)
c           ustar=ub
c       else if(MCHOO.eq.2) then
c           call hydrowave2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
c       else
c       end if
c       end if
c       if(MODE.eq.3) then
c           call prowmita(PWD1,PWD2,PDEN1,PDEN2,PWP,PAMP1,
c                           *                  PMU1,Puu,PGG1,PGG2,ip,RRR,rr2)
c       if(MCHOO.eq.1) then
c           pmul=visc*RHOW
c           ip=10
c           call prowmita(h0,M0,RHOW,RHOM,wperiod,wheight,
c                           *                  pmul,uu2,gg1,gg2,ip,rrr,rr2)
c           dudb=rrr
c           call wavecurrent1(h0,dvel,kn,rr2)
c           ustar=ub
c       else if(MCHOO.eq.2) then
c           rr2=0.0
c           call wavecurrent2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
c       end if
c       end if
c       if(MODE.eq.4) then
c           call hydrotide(dvel,kn,tt,ustar)
c       end if
c
c       end mods whm
c
c       do 12 i=2,NGRIDS
c* settling velocity      *****
c       ccc=abs((c0(i)-c0(i-1))/(c0(i)+c0(i-1)))
c       if(ccc.gt.0.7) then
c           cc=c0(i)
c       else
c           cc=(c0(i)+c0(i-1))/2.0
c       end if
c       cc=(c0(i)+c0(i-1))/2.0
c       if(cc.lt.WSC0) then
c           ws(i)=(WSA*WSC0**WSN)/(WSC0*WSC0+WSB*WSB)**WSM
c       else
c           ws(i)=(WSA*cc**WSN)/(cc*cc+WSB*WSB)**WSM
c       end if
c* diffusion coefficient   *****
c       if(MODE.eq.1) then
c           vcc=0.01
c       elseif (MODE.eq.2.) then
c           vcc=0.0001
c       elseif (MODE.eq.3) then
c           vcc=0.01
c       end if
c       vcc=0.001
c       if(cc.lt.vcc.or.dvel(i).le.0.0)then
c           rri=0.0

```

```

    else
        if((-c0(i)+c0(i-1)).lt.0.0) then
            ri=-0.5/DSK1
        else
            ri=(g/cc)*((-c0(i)+c0(i-1))/dz)/(dvel(i))**2.0
        end if
    end if
    ks(i)=kn(i)/(1.0+DSK1*ri)**DSK2
12  continue
C* Bottom boundary condition      ****
if(c(1).lt.WSC0) then
    wsbb=(WSA*WSC0**WSN)/(WSC0*WSC0+WSB*WSB)**WSM
else
    wsbb=(WSA*c0(1)**WSN)/(c0(1)*c0(1)+WSB*WSB)**WSM
end if
if(MCHO0.eq.1) then
    call bedflux1(wsbb,c0(1),ustar,fs,erconst)
else
    call bedflux2(wsbb,c0(1),taubed,fs,erconst)
end if
    eromas=eromas+fs*dt
C* initial conditions      ****
if(abs(tt).le.(st+1.0e-6)) then
    call result(h0,tt,c,ws,cbar)
    !store tow times and concentrations in arrays
    ! for use by calling routine
    resindex = resindex + 1
    time(resindex) = tt
    conc(resindex) = cbar
end if
C* implicit calculation      ****
r(1)=-dt/(dz*dz)*ks(2)
p(1)=1.0-r(1)
c0t(1)=c0(1)+dt/dz*fs
do 13 i=2,NGRID
    q(i-1)=r(i-1)-dt/dz*ws(i)
    r(i)=-dt/(dz*dz)*ks(i+1)
    p(i)=1.0-q(i-1)-r(i)
    c0t(i)=c0(i)
13  continue
call stm(NGRID,c,c0t,p,q,r)
C* output results      ****
if(mmc.gt.0.0001) then
    if(abs(ctt-mmc).le.0.0001 .and. tt.gt.0.00001) then
        call result(h0,tt,c,ws,cbar)
        !store tow times and concentrations in arrays
        ! for use by calling routine
        resindex = resindex + 1
        time(resindex) = tt
        conc(resindex) = cbar
        ctt=ctt-mmc
    end if
else
    do i=1,idt
        if(abs(tt/60.0-ddtout(i)).lt.0.001) then
            call result(h0,tt,c,ws,cbar)
            !store tow times and concentrations in arrays
            ! for use by calling routine
            resindex = resindex + 1
            time(resindex) = tt
            conc(resindex) = cbar
        end if
    end do
end if
do 14 i=1,NGRID
    c0(i)=c(i)
14  continue
if(tt.lt.mmt) then
    goto 999
end if
    close(10)

```

```

        close(11)
*
stop
return
909 end
C
C Following is program VESTSUB.FOR
C
C
C Subroutine for tri-diagonal matrix equations **
C
subroutine stm(n,x,z,a,b,c)
dimension x(n),z(n),a(n),b(n),c(n)
dimension y(500),p(500),q(500),r(500)
q(1)=a(1)
do 1 i=1,n-1
    r(i)=b(i)
    p(i)=c(i)/q(i)
    q(i+1)=a(i+1)-p(i)*b(i)
1 continue
y(1)=z(1)
do 2 i=1,n-1
    y(i+1)=z(i+1)-y(i)*p(i)
2 continue
x(n)=y(n)/q(n)
do 3 i=n-1,1,-1
    x(i)=(y(i)-r(i)*x(i+1))/q(i)
3 continue
end
C
C          BEDFLUX Subroutine for Fluid Mud
C
subroutine bedflux1(wsbb,c0bb,ustar,fs,erconst)
real*8 dt
real M0, kk, kkss, ustar
common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
C
if(rig.ge.ric) then
    fen=0.0
else
    fen=RHOM*ustar*ent0*(ric*ric/rig-rig)**enn
end if
fse=-1.0*dps*wsbb*c0bb
fs=fen+fse
return
end
C
C          BEDFLUX Subroutine for Bed
C
subroutine bedflux2(wsbb,c0bb,taubed,fs,erconst)
real*8 dt
real M0,kk,kkss
common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
common/bed/ dzb,TAUDEP,BDP1,BDP2,RHBBAR,PHIC,tcp1,tcp2,
*           ERSMAX,ERP1,ERP2,tauero
C*
     bed density      *****
if(dzb.ge.M0) then
    write(*,*)"All the sediment at the bottom is eroded!"
    write(*,*)"Your bed depth is incorrect or time step is too large!"
    stop
else if(dzb.lt.0.0) then
    rhob=RHBBAR*BDP1
else
    rhob=RHBBAR*BDP1*((M0-dzb)/M0)**BDP2
end if
C*
     erosion shear strength      *****
tauero=tcp1*(rhob/RHOSED-PHIC)**tcp2
erconst=ERSMAX*exp(-ERP1*tauero**ERP2)

```

```

c*      Erosion or depstion rate      *****
if(taubed.lt.TAUDEP) then
  fs=-1.0*wsbb*c0bb*(1.0-taubed/TAUDEP)
else if(taubed.ge.tauero) then
  fs=ERSMAX*exp(-ERP1*tauero**ERP2)*(taubed-tauero)
else
  fs=0.0
end if
c*      Bed change      ** ????  *****
dzbt=dzb+dt*fs/rhob
if(dzbt.le.M0) then
  dzb=dzbt
else
  fs=(M0-dzb)*rhob/dt
  dzb=M0
end if
return
end

C
C      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--FLOW for fluid mud
C
c      subroutine hydroflow1(h0,dvel,kn)
c      real*8 dt
c      real M0, kk, kn, kkss
c      dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
c      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
c      *           MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
c      common/flow/UU,QN
c      common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
cc
c      kkss=3.15*100000.0*9.8**3.0*QN**6.0
c      y0=kkss/30.1
c      do 2 i=2,NGRIDS+1
c        z=(float(i-1))*dz
c        dvel(i)=UU/z/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)
c        kn(i)=(kk*kk*UU)/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)*z*(h0-z)/h0
c2      continue
c      rig=g*h0*(RHOM-RHOW)/RHOW/(UU*UU)
c      return
c      end
C
C      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--FLOW for bed
C
subroutine hydroflow2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
real*8 dt
real M0, kk, kn, kkss
dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
common/flow/UU,QN
kkss=3.15*100000.0*9.8**3.0*QN**6.0
y0=kkss/30.1
ff=8.0*9.8*QN**2.0/h0**((1.0/3.0))
taubed=RHOW*ff*UU**2.0/8.0
do 2 i=2,NGRIDS+1
  z=(float(i-1))*dz
  dvel(i)=UU/z/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)
  kn(i)=(kk*kk*UU)/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)*z*(h0-z)/h0
2  continue
return
end

C
C      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--WAVE for fluid mud
C
subroutine hydrowave1(h0,dvel,kn,rd)
real*8 dt
real M0, kk, kn, kkss, rd
dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC

```

```

common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
c
      sig=2.0*3.14159265/wperiod
      qkk=(sig*sig)/9.8
1      qk=sig**2.0/(9.8*tanh(qkk*h0))
      if(abs(qk-qkk).gt.0.000001) then
          qkk=0.5*(qk+qkk)
          goto 1
      end if
      wnu=0.5*(qk+qkk)
      wlength=2.0*3.14159265/wnu
      wfr=2.0*pi/wperiod
      do 2 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
          z=(float(i-1))*dz
          dvel(i)=wheight/2.0*wfr*wnu
          *           *sinh(wnu*z)/sinh(wnu*h0)
c      kn(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*(sinh(wnu*z))**2.0
c          /(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
c      kn(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*sinh(wnu*h0/(h0+rd)*(z+rd))
c          *cosh(wnu*z)/(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
2      continue
      rig=g*(visc*wperiod)**0.5*(RHOM-RHOW)/RHOW/(dudb*dudb)
      ub=sig/2.0*wheight/(sinh(wnu*h0))
      return
      end
c
c      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--WAVE for bed
c
      subroutine hydrowave2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
      real*8 dt
      real M0, kk, kn, kkss
      dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
      *           MODE,NGRIDDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
      common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
      sig=2.0*3.14159265/wperiod
      qkk=(sig*sig)/9.8
1      qk=sig**2.0/(9.8*tanh(qkk*h0))
      if(abs(qk-qkk).gt.0.000001) then
          qkk=0.5*(qk+qkk)
          goto 1
      end if
      wnu=0.5*(qk+qkk)
      wlength=2.0*3.14159265/wnu
      wfr=2.0*pi/wperiod
      do 2 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
          z=(float(i-1))*dz
          dvel(i)=wheight/2.0*wfr*wnu*sinh(wnu*z)/sinh(wnu*h0)
          kn(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*(sinh(wnu*z))
          *           *cosh(wnu*z)/(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
2      continue
      taubed=RHOW*WFRIC/2.0*(wheight/2.0*wfr/sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0
      return
      end
c
c      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--WAVE + WEAK CURRENT
c          for fluid mud
c
      WAVE -- entrainment and WAVE + WEAK CURRENT -- diffusion
      subroutine wavecurrent1(h0,dvel,kn,rd)
      real*8 dt
      real M0, kk, kn, kkss,knc,knw,rd
      dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
      dimension knc(500), knw(500), dvelc(500), dvelw(500)
      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
      *           MODE,NGRIDDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
      common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
      common/flow/uu,QN
      common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
c
      kkss=3.15*100000.0*9.8**3.0*QN**6.0
      y0=kkss/30.1

```

```

do 1 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
  z=(float(i-1))*dz
  aatt=alog(h0/y0)
  dvelc(i)=UU/z/(aatt-1.0)
  knc(i)=(kk*kk*UU)/(aatt-1.0)*z*(h0-z)/h0
1 continue
c
  sig=2.0*3.14159265/wperiod
  qkk=(sig*sig)/9.8
2  qk=sig**2.0/(9.8*tanh(qkk*h0))
  if(abs(qk-qkk).gt.0.000001) then
    qkk=0.5*(qk+qkk)
    goto 2
  end if
  wnu=0.5*(qk+qkk)
  wlengt=2.0*3.14159265/wnu
  wfr=2.0*pi/wperiod
  do 3 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
    z=(float(i-1))*dz
    dvelw(i)=wheight/2.0*wfr*wnu
    *           *sinh(wnu*h0/(h0+rd)*(z+rd))/sinh(wnu*h0)
c     kn(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*(sinh(wnu*z))**2.0
c     /((2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
c     knw(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*sinh(wnu*h0/(h0+rd)*(z+rd))
c     *cosh(wnu*z)/(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
    dvel(i)=dvelw(i)+dvelc(i)
    kn(i)=knw(i)+knc(i)
3  continue
  rig=g*(visc*wperiod)**0.5*(RHOM-RHOW)/RHOW/(dudb*dudb)
  ub=sig/2.0*wheight/(sinh(wnu*h0))
  return
end

C
C      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--WAVE + WEAK CURRENT
C          for bed
C
  subroutine wavecurrent2(h0,dvel,kn,taubed)
  real*8 dt
  real M0, kk, kn, kkss,knc,knw
  dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
  dimension knc(500), knw(500), dvelc(500), dvelw(500)
  common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*           MODE,NGRIDDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO
  common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
  common/flow/UU,QN
c
  kkss=3.15*100000.0*9.8**3.0*QN**6.0
  y0=kkss/30.1
  do 1 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
    z=(float(i-1))*dz
    aatt=alog(h0/y0)
    dvelc(i)=UU/z/(aatt-1.0)
    knc(i)=(kk*kk*UU)/(aatt-1.0)*z*(h0-z)/h0
1  continue
  ff=8.0*9.8*QN**2.0/h0**1.0/3.0
  taubedc=RHOW*ff*UU**2.0/8.0
c
  sig=2.0*3.14159265/wperiod
  qkk=(sig*sig)/9.8
2  qk=sig**2.0/(9.8*tanh(qkk*h0))
  if(abs(qk-qkk).gt.0.000001) then
    qkk=0.5*(qk+qkk)
    goto 2
  end if
  wnu=0.5*(qk+qkk)
  wlengt=2.0*3.14159265/wnu
  wfr=2.0*pi/wperiod

  do 3 i=2,NGRIDDS+1
    z=(float(i-1))*dz
    dvelw(i)=wheight/2.0*wfr*wnu

```

```

*           *sinh(wnu*z)/sinh(wnu*h0)
c     kn(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*(sinh(wnu*z))**2.0
c           /(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
c     knw(i)=WDIFFK*wfr*wheight**2.0*sinh(wnu*z)
*           *cosh(wnu*z)/(2.0*(sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0)
dvel(i)=dvelw(i)+dvelc(i)
kn(i)=knw(i)+knc(i)
3    continue
taubedw=RHOW*WFRIC/2.0*(wheight/2.0*wfr/sinh(wnu*h0))**2.0
taubed=taubedw+taubedc
return
end

cC
cC      HYDRODYNAMICS Subroutine--tide
cC
c      subroutine hydrotide2(h0,dvel,kn,tt,taubed)
c      real*8 tt, dt
c      real M0, kk, ks, kn, kkss
c      dimension dvel(1), kn(1)
c      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
c      *          MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO0
c      common/tide/qqn,umax,ptide
c      u=abs(umax*sin((tt/3600.0)*(6.2832/ptide)))
c      kkss=3.15*100000.0*9.8**3.0*qqn**6.0
c      y0=kkss/30.1
c      ff=8.0*9.8*qqn**2.0/h0**1.0/3.0
c      taubed=RHOW*ff*u**2.0/8.0
c      do 2 i=2,NGRIDS+1
c          z=(float(i-1))*dz
c          dvel(i)=u/z/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)
c          kn(i)=(kk*kk*u)/(alog(h0/y0)-1.0)*z*(h0-z)/h0
c2    continue
c    return
c    end

c
c      OUTPUT Subroutine
c
c routine modified to remove file and graph outputs, used only to compute
c depth-averaged concentration. May 98
c
c      subroutine result(h0,tt,c,ws,cbar)
*      cbar is returned
*
      real*8 tt,dt
      real M0, kk, kkss
      dimension c(1),ws(1)
      common/com/M0,g,pi,kk,RHOW,visc,kkss,
*          MODE,NGRIDS,dz,dtrun,dtout,dt,STT,dps,MCHO0
      common/wave/wheight,wperiod,WDIFFK,wlength,ub,WFRIC
      common/flow/uu,QN
      common/tide/qqn,umax,ptide
      common/mud/RHOSED,RHOM,ric,rig,dudb,ent0,enn
      common/mr/gg1,gg2,uu2
      common/out/WSC0,WS0,WSA,WSB,WSM,WSN,DSK1,DSK2
      common/cal/suspmas,eromas
      common/bed/ dzb,TAUDEP,BDP1,BDP2,RHBBAR,PHIC,tcp1,tcp2,
*          ERSMAX,ERP1,ERP2,tauero
*
c
c      if(abs(tt-STT*60.0).gt.0.01) goto 30
*      WRITE(*,*) 'Program IN PROGRESS - DO NOT TOUCH KEYBOARD'

30      suspmas = 0.0
wssum=0.
*      WRITE(*,*) 'Program in Progress: Time=',tt/60.0,'(min)'
*      write(*,103, advance='no')
*103      format('..')
do 11 i=NGRIDS,1,-1
zz=(float(i)-0.5)*dz
suspmas=suspmas+c(i)*dz
wssum=wssum+ws(i)

```

```

11      continue
c      mod by whm jan 98
102     format(5x,4(g10.4),g12.6)
c      cbar=suspmas/h0 * 1000
c      wbar=wssum/NGRIDS
*
*          write(11,101)tt,wheight,wperiod,cbar
101    format(5x,3(g10.4),g12.6)
c      mod end
9999   return
end
C
C      VEST1>FOR
C
C      MAIN PROGRAM FOR WAVE-MUD INTERACTION
C
subroutine prowmita(PWD1,PWD2,PDEN1,PDEN2,PWP,PAMP1,
*                      PMU1,Puu,PGG1,PGG2,ip,RRR,rr2)
integer ip
real*4   PWD1,PWD2,PDEN1,PDEN2,PWP,PAMP1,
*                      PMU1,Puu,PGG1,PGG2,RRR
*                      REAL*8 V1(101),V2(101),V1S(101),V2S(101),
*                      U1(101),U2(101),U1S(101),U2S(101),
*                      P1(101),P2(101),P1S(101),P2S(101),
*                      Z1(101),Z2(101)
*                      REAL*8 VA1(101),VA2(101),VA1S(101),VA2S(101),
*                      UA1(101),UA2(101),UA1S(101),UA2S(101),
*                      PA1(101),PA2(101),PA1S(101),PA2S(101)
c      real*8 u1,u2
REAL*8 DEN1,DEN2,WP,AMP1,SIGN,SIGN2,PI
REAL*8 WD1,WD2,CRIT,WDY1,WDY2
REAL*8 MU1,NU1
REAL*8 GG1,GG2,UU2,AQ1,BQ0,BQ1
COMPLEX*16 LSINH,LCOSH
COMPLEX*16 A2,B2,C2,D2,E2,F2,G2,H2,AMP2,BAMP2
COMPLEX*16 MU2,NU2
COMPLEX*16 A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,BAMP1,WN
COMPLEX*16 UY1,UY2
COMPLEX*16 II,LAM1,LAM2,BET1,BET2
PI=DACOS(-1.0D0)
II=(0.0,1.0)
SIGN=.1D1
SIGN2=.1D1
CRIT=1.0D-15
WD1=DBLE(PWD1)
WD2=DBLE(PWD2)
DEN1=DBLE(PDEN1)
DEN2=DBLE(PDEN2)
WP=DBLE(PWP)
AMP1=DBLE(PAMP1)
MU1=DBLE(PMU1)
GG1=DBLE(PGG1)
GG2=DBLE(PGG2)
uu2=dble(puu)

C      OPEN(1,FILE='LI.IN',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
C      READ(1,*)WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,WP,AMP1,MU1,uu2,GG1,GG2,ip
C      CLOSE(1)

C***** MUD RHEOLOGICAL MODEL *****
IF(PGG1.GE.0.0) THEN
AQ1=uu2/(GG1+GG2)
BQ0=(GG1*GG2)/(GG1+GG2)
BQ1=(uu2*GG1)/(GG1+GG2)

```

```

      MU2=((6.2832D0/WP*(BQ1-BQ0*AQ1))
      *      +II*(BQ0+AQ1*BQ1*(6.2832D0/WP)**2.0))
      *      /(6.2832D0/WP*(1.0D0+(AQ1*6.2832D0/WP)**2.0))
      ELSE
      MU2=uu2+II*(GG2*dble(wp/(2.0*3.14159265)))
      END IF

      NU1=MU1/DEN1
      NU2=MU2/DEN2

C***** CALL JIANG'S (1993) SUBROUTINE ****
      CALL CWAVE2ND(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,AMP1,SIGN,
      #           SIGN2,WN,A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,BAMP1,
      #           A2,B2,C2,D2,E2,F2,G2,H2,BAMP2,AMP2,CRIT)

      LAM1=SIGN*(WN*WN-II*(0.62832D1/WP)/NU1)**0.5
      LAM2=SIGN*(WN*WN-II*(0.62832D1/WP)/NU2)**0.5
      BET1=SIGN2*(4.0D0*WN*WN-2.0D0*II*(0.62832D1/WP)/NU1)**0.5
      BET2=SIGN2*(4.0D0*WN*WN-2.0D0*II*(0.62832D1/WP)/NU2)**0.5

      ip1=ip

      WDY1=dsqrt(nu1*wp/2.0d0/pi/2.0d0)
      WDY2=WD2
      UY1=II*(A1*LCOSH(WN*WDY1)+B1*LSINH(WN*WDY1)
      *      +C1*LAM1/WN*CDEXP(LAM1*(WDY1-WD1))
      *      -D1*LAM1/WN*CDEXP(-LAM1*WDY1))
      UY2=II*(E1*LCOSH(WN*WDY2)+F1*LSINH(WN*WDY2)
      *      +G1*LAM2/WN*CDEXP(LAM2*(WDY2-WD2))
      *      -H1*LAM2/WN*CDEXP(-LAM2*WDY2))
      rr2=sngl(cdabs(bamp1))

      WDY1=dsqrt(nu1*2.0d0*wp/2.0d0/pi)
      UY1=II*(A1*LCOSH(WN*WDY1)+B1*LSINH(WN*WDY1)
      *      +C1*LAM1/WN*CDEXP(LAM1*(WDY1-WD1))
      *      -D1*LAM1/WN*CDEXP(-LAM1*WDY1))
      RRR=SNGL(CDABS(UY1-UY2))

      RETURN
      END

      FUNCTION LSINH(X)
      COMPLEX*16 LSINH
      COMPLEX*16 X
      LSINH=(CDEXP(X)-CDEXP(-X))/0.2D1
      RETURN
      END

      FUNCTION LCOSH(X)
      COMPLEX*16 LCOSH
      COMPLEX*16 X
      LCOSH=(CDEXP(X)+CDEXP(-X))/0.2D1
      RETURN
      END

C
C      VEST2.FOR
C
C***** C
C      This subroutine is solving for the coefficients:
C      A2,CB2,C2,D2,E2, F2,G2,H2,AMP2,B2 for second order solution
C      SH1=sinh(2*k*h1), CH1=cosh(2*k*h1)
C      SH2=sinh(2*k*h2), CH2=cosh(2*k*h2)
C      need subroutine WNIST1.FOR
C      need subroutine SINHCOSH.FOR
C***** C
C
      SUBROUTINE CWAVE2ND(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,AMP1,SIGN,
      #           SIGN2,WN,A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,BAMP1,
      #           A2,B2,C2,D2,E2,F2,G2,H2,BAMP2,AMP2,CRIT)
C.....
```

```

COMPLEX*16 Y1,Y2,Y3,Y4,Y5,Y6,Y7,Y8
COMPLEX*16 W1,W2,W3,W4,W5,W6,W7,W8,W9,W10
COMPLEX*16 W11,W12,W13,W14,W15,W16,W17,W18,W19,W20
COMPLEX*16 W21,W22,W23,W24,W25,W26,W27
COMPLEX*16 A2,B2,C2,D2,E2,F2,G2,H2,AMP2,BAMP2
COMPLEX*16 BETA1,BETA2,SH1,SH2,CH1,CH2,SINH1,SINH2,COSH1,COSH2
COMPLEX*16 AN1,AN2,DA1,DA2
COMPLEX*16 A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,BAMP1,WN,DWN
REAL*8 DEN1,DEN2,WP,SMA,AMP1,SIGN,SIGN2
REAL*8 WD1,WD2,WD,DWD1,DWD2,CRIT
REAL*8 MU1,NU1,RBAMP1,RBAMP2,RAMP2
COMPLEX*16 MU2,NU2

C.....OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='OUT.DAT',STATUS='NEW')
C.....WD=WD1+WD2
NU1=MU1/DEN1
NU2=MU2/DEN2
SMA=.628D1/WP
C.....PRINT *, 'WD1=' ,WD1
C.....PRINT *, 'WD2=' ,WD2
C.....PRINT *, 'DEN1=' ,DEN1
C.....PRINT *, 'DEN2=' ,DEN2
C.....PRINT *, 'NU1=' ,NU1
C.....PRINT *, 'NU2=' ,NU2
C.....PRINT *, 'WP=' ,WP
C.....PRINT *, 'AMP1=' ,AMP1
C.....PRINT *, 'SIGN=' ,SIGN
C.....CALL WN1ST1(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,AMP1,SIGN,
#           WN,A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,BAMP1,CRIT)
C.....PRINT *, 'SIGN2='
C.....READ *,SIGN2
DWN=(.2D1,0.)*WN
BETA1=SIGN2*CDSQRT(DWN**2-(0.,.2D1)*SMA/NU1)
BETA2=SIGN2*CDSQRT(DWN**2-(0.,.2D1)*SMA/NU2)
C.....AN1=(0.,.1D1)*DEN1*SMA/WN-(.4D1,0.)*WN*MU1
AN2=(0.,.1D1)*DEN2*SMA/WN-(.4D1,0.)*WN*MU2
C.....DW1=.2D1*WD1
DW2=.2D1*WD2
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,DWD1,SH1,CH1)
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,DWD2,SH2,CH2)
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,WD1,SINH1,COSH1)
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,WD2,SINH2,COSH2)
DA1=SIGN*CDSQRT(WN**2-(0.,.1D1)*SMA/NU1)
DA2=SIGN*CDSQRT(WN**2-(0.,.1D1)*SMA/NU2)
C.....Y1=AMP1*(WN*A1*COSH1+WN*B1*SINH1+DA1*C1)
Y2=AMP1*MU1*((.2D1,0.)*DA1**2/WN**2)*(WN**2*(
#           A1*SINH1+B1*COSH1)+DA1**2*C1)-(WN**2*(
#           A1*SINH1+B1*COSH1)+DA1**4*C1/WN**2))
Y3=-(.2D1,0.)*AMP1*((.2D1,0.)*WN**3*(A1*COSH1+
#           B1*SINH1)+DA1*(WN**2+DA1**2)*C1)
Y4=BAMP1*(WN*A1-DA1*D1)
Y5=(.2D1,0.)*BAMP1*(WN**2*(E1*SINH2+F1*COSH2)+
#           DA2**2*G1-WN**2*B1-DA2**2*D1)
Y6=AMP1*(WN*(E1*COSH2-F1*SINH2)+DA2*G1-WN*A1+DA1*D1)
Y7=AMP1*(-MU2*(WN**2+DA2**2)*(E1*SINH2+F1*COSH2)-
#           MU2*(.2D1,0.)*DA2**2*G1+MU1*(WN**2+DA1**2)*B1
#           +(.2D1,0.)*MU1*DA1**2*D1)
Y8=AMP1*(MU2*((.4D1,0.)*WN**3*(E1*COSH2+F1*SINH2) +
#           (.2D1,0.)*DA2*(DA2**2+WN**2)*G1)-MU1*((.4D1,0.)*
#           WN**3*A1-(.2D1,0.)*DA1*(DA1**2+WN**2)*D1))
C.....W1=BETA2*SH1/DWN-CH1
W2=BETA2*CH2-DWN*SH2
C.....W3=AN1*CH1-(0.,.1D1)*DEN1*.98D1*SH1/SMA/(.2D1,0.)

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W4=AN1*SH1-(0.,1D1)*DEN1*.98D1*CH1/SMA/(.2D1,0.)
C.....W5=DWN*((.2D1,0.)*MU1*BETA1+(0.,1D1)*
#      DEN1*.98D1/SMA/(.2D1,0.))
W6=(W2*W3+DWN*W1*W4)/W5
W7=BETA2*W3/W5
W8=(BETA1*W3-DWN*W4)/W5
W9=(W3*Y5+DWN*W4*Y6-DWN*(Y2+
#      (0.,1D1)*DEN1*.98D1*Y1/SMA/(.2D1,0.))/W5
C.....W10=(.8D1,0.)*WN**2*(W2*SH1/DWN+W1*CH1)+
#      W6*(BETA1**2+DWN**2)
W11=(.8D1,0.)*WN**2*BETA2*SH1/DWN+
#      W7*(BETA1**2+DWN**2)
W12=(.8D1,0.)*WN**2*(BETA1*SH1/DWN-CH1)+
#      W8*(BETA1**2+DWN**2)
W13=Y3-(.8D1,0.)*WN**2*(SH1*Y5/DWN+CH1*Y6)
#      -W9*(BETA1**2+DWN**2)
C.....W14=W2*AN1/DWN-BETA2*AN2*CH2/DWN+
#      AN2*SH2+(0.,1D1)*(DEN2-DEN1)*.98D1*W1/SMA/(.2D1,0.)
W15=BETA2*AN1/DWN+(.2D1,0.)*MU2*BETA2*AN2
W16=BETA1*AN1/DWN+(.2D1,0.)*MU1*BETA1
W17=Y7-(0.,1D1)*(DEN2-DEN1)*.98D1*(Y6+Y4)/SMA/(.2D1,0.)
#      -AN1*Y5/DWN
C.....W18=(.8D1,0.)*MU1*WN**2*W1-(.8D1,0.)*MU2*WN**2*(BETA2*
#      *SH2/DWN-CH2)
W19=-(.8D1,0.)*MU2*WN**2*(BETA2**2+DWN**2)
W20=MU1*(BETA1**2-DWN**2)
W21=Y8-(.8D1,0.)*MU1*Y6*WN**2
C.....W22=W11*W14-W15*W10
W23=W12*W14-W16*W10
W24=W13*W14-W17*W10
W25=W11*W18-W19*W10
W26=W12*W18-W20*W10
W27=W13*W18-W21*W10
C.....D2=(W24*W25-W27*W22)/(W23*W25-W26*W22)
G2=(W24-W23*D2)/W22
H2=(W13-W11*G2-W12*D2)/W10
C.....F2=-H2
E2=BETA2*H2/DWN
BAMP2=(0.,1D1)*(W1*H2+Y6+Y4)/SMA/(.2D1,0.)
B2=W1*H2-D2+Y6
A2=(H2*W2+BETA2*G2+BETA1*D2+Y5)/DWN
C2=W6*H2+W7*G2+W8*D2+W9
AMP2=(0.,1D1)*(A2*SH1+B2*CH1+C2+Y1)/SMA/(.2D1,0.)
C.....RBAMP1=DREAL(BAMP1)
RBAMP2=DREAL(BAMP2)
RAMP2=DREAL(AMP2)
C      WRITE(10,140) WD1,WD2,WP,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2
C      WRITE(10,150) WN
C      WRITE(10,200) AMP1,RBAMP1
C      WRITE(10,300) RAMP2,RBAMP2
140  FORMAT(2X,'WD1=' ,F10.5,2X,'WD2=' ,F10.5,2X,'WP=' ,F10.5,2X,
#           'DEN1=' ,F10.5,2X,'DEN2=' ,F10.5,2X,'MU1=' ,F10.5,2X,
#           'MU2=' ,F10.5)
150  FORMAT(2X,'WAVE NUMBER=' ,F10.6,5X,F10.6)
200  FORMAT(2X,'AMP1=' ,F10.5,5X,'BAMP1=' ,F10.6)
300  FORMAT(2X,'AMP2=' ,F10.6,5X,'BAMP2=' ,F10.6)
C.....RETURN
END
C*****WN1ST1.FOR
C      The solutions to second-order wave over soft mud are

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C      composed of two parts: first order part and second          C
C      order part. This program is for solving (complex) wave number      C
C      using the secant method, and all coefficients                      C
C      A1,CB1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,B1 for the first part.                  C
C      Units are in Metric system, Double precision                      C
C      Need subroutines AIRY, FUNC1ST1, SINHCOSH.                         C
C*****C
C SUBROUTINE WN1ST1(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,AMP1,SIGN,
#           WN,A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,SAMP1,CRIT)
C.....COMPLEX*16 WFUN1,WFUNX,WN1,WN2,WN,DX
C.....COMPLEX*16 X,FOLD,FNEW,TED,TEG,TEH
C.....COMPLEX*16 A1,B1,C1,D1,E1,F1,G1,H1,SAMP1
C.....COMPLEX*16 DA1,DA2,SINH1,COSH1,SINH2,COSH2
C.....REAL*8 WP,SMA,WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,WDTEP
C.....REAL*8 WD,MU1,NU1,AMP1,SIGN,CRIT
C.....COMPLEX*16 MU2,NU2
C.....WD=WD1+WD2          ! TOTAL DEPTH
C.....NU1=MU1/DEN1
C.....NU2=MU2/DEN2
C.....SMA=.628D1/WP
C.....CRIT=0.000000001
C.....IF(WP.GT.1.9) THEN
C.....CRIT=0.0000001
C.....PRINT *, 'Need new CRIT='
C.....READ *,CRIT
C.....ENDIF
C.....WDTEP=WD1+WD1          ! FOR ITERATION PURPOSE
C.....CALL AIRY(WP,WD1,WN1)          !WN1>WN2
C.....CALL AIRY(WP,WDTEP,WN2)
C.....CALL AIRY(WP,WD,WN2)
C.....PRINT *, 'WN1=',WN1
C.....PRINT *, 'WN2=',WN2
C.....DX=WN2-WN1
C.....X=WN2
C.....CALL FUNC1ST1(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,SIGN,
#           AMP1,WN1,WFUN1,TED,TEG,TEH,H1,
#           DA1,DA2,SINH1,COSH1,SINH2,COSH2)
C.....FOLD=WFUN1
C.....N=0
100    CALL FUNC1ST1(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,SIGN,
#           AMP1,X,WFUNX,TED,TEG,TEH,H1,
#           DA1,DA2,SINH1,COSH1,SINH2,COSH2)
C.....N=N+1
C.....IF(N.GT.100) GO TO 200
C.....FNEW=WFUNX
C.....DX=-FNEW*DX/(FNEW-FOLD)
C.....X=X+DX
C.....PRINT *, 'N=',N,' ','WAVE NUMBER=',X
C.....IF(CDABS(DX).GT.CRIT) THEN
C.....    FOLD=FNEW
C.....    GO TO 100
C.....ENDIF
C.....200    WN=X
C.....PRINT *, 'N=',N
C.....D1=TED*H1
C.....G1=-TEG*H1
C.....F1=-H1
C.....E1=DA2*H1/WN
C.....SAMP1=(0.,.1D1)*(E1*SINH2+F1*COSH2+G1)/SMA
C.....          FIRST ORDER INTERFACIAL AMPLITUDE
C.....B1=E1*SINH2+F1*COSH2+G1-D1
C.....A1=(E1*WN*COSH2+F1*WN*SINH2+G1*DA2+D1*DA1)/WN
C.....C1=-(.2D1,0.)*NU1*AMP1*WN**2
C.....RETURN

```

```

END
C
C
C*****C
C      The following approximate solution to the dispersion      C
C      relation was proposed by Hunt (1979)                      C
C      Units are in Metric System                                C
C*****C
SUBROUTINE AIRY(PERIOD,DEPTH,WN)
COMPLEX*16 WN
REAL*8 GRAV,SUM,PERIOD,DEPTH,Y,CGM,DUM,D(10),KH
GRAV=.98D1
CGM=.62832D1/PERIOD
Y=CGM**2*DEPTH/GRAV
D(1)=0.066666666D1
D(2)=0.035555555D1
D(3)=0.01608465608D1
D(4)=0.00632098765D1
D(5)=0.00217540484D1
D(6)=0.00065407983D1
SUM=.1D1
C.....
DO J=1,6
DUM=Y**J
SUM=SUM+D(J)*DUM
END DO
C.....
C      KH=SQRT(Y**2+Y/SUM)                                     *C
KH=DSQRT(Y**2+Y/SUM)
WN=KH/DEPTH
C.....
RETURN
END
C
C*****C
C*      This subroutine is for preparing the function for the      *C
C*      secant method for solving the first order problem          *C
C*      Units are in Metric system, Double precision              *C
C*      Input information:                                         *C
C*      WD1=WATER DEPTH IN UPPER LAYER                           *C
C*      WD2=WATER DEPTH IN LOWER LAYER                           *C
C*      DEN1=DENSITY IN UPPER LAYER                            *C
C*      DEN2=DEMSITY IN LOWER LAYER                            *C
C*      MU1=DYNAMIC VISCOSITY IN UPPER LAYER                   *C
C*      MU2=DYNAMIC VISCOSITY IN LOWER LAYER                   *C
C*      WP=INCOMING WAVE PERIOD                               *C
C*      AMPL1=FIRST ORDER WAVE AMPLITUDE                     *C
C*      WN=WAVE NUMBER (COMPLEX)                             *C
C*      RETURNED INFORMATION:                                 *C
C*      FUNCTION WHICH WILL BE USED FOR SECANT THE METHOD    *C
C*****C
SUBROUTINE FUNC1ST1(WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,MU1,MU2,WP,SIGN,
#                  AMP1,WN,WFUN,TED,TEG,TEH,H1,
#                  DA1,DA2,SINH1,COSH1,SINH2,COSH2)
C.....
COMPLEX*16 DA1,DA2,S2,Q2,TED,TEG,TEH,WN
COMPLEX*16 AM1,AM2,SINH1,SINH2,COSH1,COSH2
COMPLEX*16 WFUN,H1
REAL*8 WP,SMA,WD1,WD2,DEN1,DEN2,NU1
REAL*8 MU1,AMP1,SIGN
COMPLEX*16 MU2,NU2
C.....
NU1=MU1/DEN1
NU2=MU2/DEN2
SMA=.628D1/WP
C.....
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,WD1,SINH1,COSH1)
CALL SINHCOSH(WN,WD2,SINH2,COSH2)
C.....
DA1=SIGN*CDSQRT(WN**2-(0.,0.1D1)*SMA/NU1) ! `+' OR `-' 
DA2=SIGN*CDSQRT(WN**2-(0.,0.1D1)*SMA/NU2)

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S2=SINH2-COSH2*DA2/WN
Q2=COSH2-SINH2*DA2/WN
AM1=(0.,.1D1)*SMA*DEN1/WN-.2D1*WN*MU1
AM2=(0.,.1D1)*SMA*DEN2/WN-.2D1*WN*MU2
TEG=(.2D1*DA1*(MU2*Q2-MU1*Q2)+  

#      (AM2-AM1)*S2-(0.,.1D1)*(DEN2-DEN1)*.98D1*Q2  

#      /SMA)/(.2D1*MU1*DA1+DA2*AM1/WN  

#      +.2D1*MU2*DA2+(0.,.1D1)*(DEN2-DEN1)*.98D1/SMA  

#      -DA1*MU2*(DA2**2+WN**2)/WN/WN)
TED=(.2D1*WN**2*(MU2*Q2-MU1*Q2)-TEG*  

#      (.2D1*MU1*WN**2-MU2*(DA2**2+  

#      WN**2)))/SMA/DEN1/(0.,.1D1)
TEH=(DA1*COSH1/WN-SINH1)*TED-
#      TEG*(DA2*COSH1/WN+SINH1)-
#      S2*COSH1-Q2*SINH1
H1=(DEN1*.98D1*AMP1-.4D1*DEN1*(NU1**2)*AMP1*  

#      (WN**2)*DA1)/AM1/TEH
C.....  

WFUN=(DA1*SINH1/WN-COSH1)*TED*H1-
#      (DA2*SINH1/WN+COSH1)*TEG*H1-
#      (S2*SINH1+Q2*COSH1)*H1+
#      AM1*WN*AMP1/DEN1
C.....  

RETURN
END

C*****C
C      This subroutine is for calculation of functions      C
C      sinh(x) and cosh(x) with double precision      C
C      complex variables      C
C*****C
SUBROUTINE SINHCOSH(WN,WD,SINHX,COSHX)
COMPLEX*16 XKH,WN,TEMP1,TEMP2,SINHX,COSHX
REAL*8 WD
C.....  

XKH=WN*WD
TEMP1=CDEXP(XKH)
TEMP2=CDEXP(-XKH)
SINHX=(TEMP1-TEMP2)/.2D1
COSHX=(TEMP1+TEMP2)/.2D1
C      PRINT *, 'KH=' ,XKH,'     ','COSH(KH)' ,COSHX
C.....  

RETURN
END
C.....
```

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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14. ABSTRACT The NAVSED program generates sediment concentration time histories due to passage of shallow draft navigation. This user's manual describes how to run the program interactively or how to set up batch files to run the program. The various input and output file formats are described and example files are presented.						
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