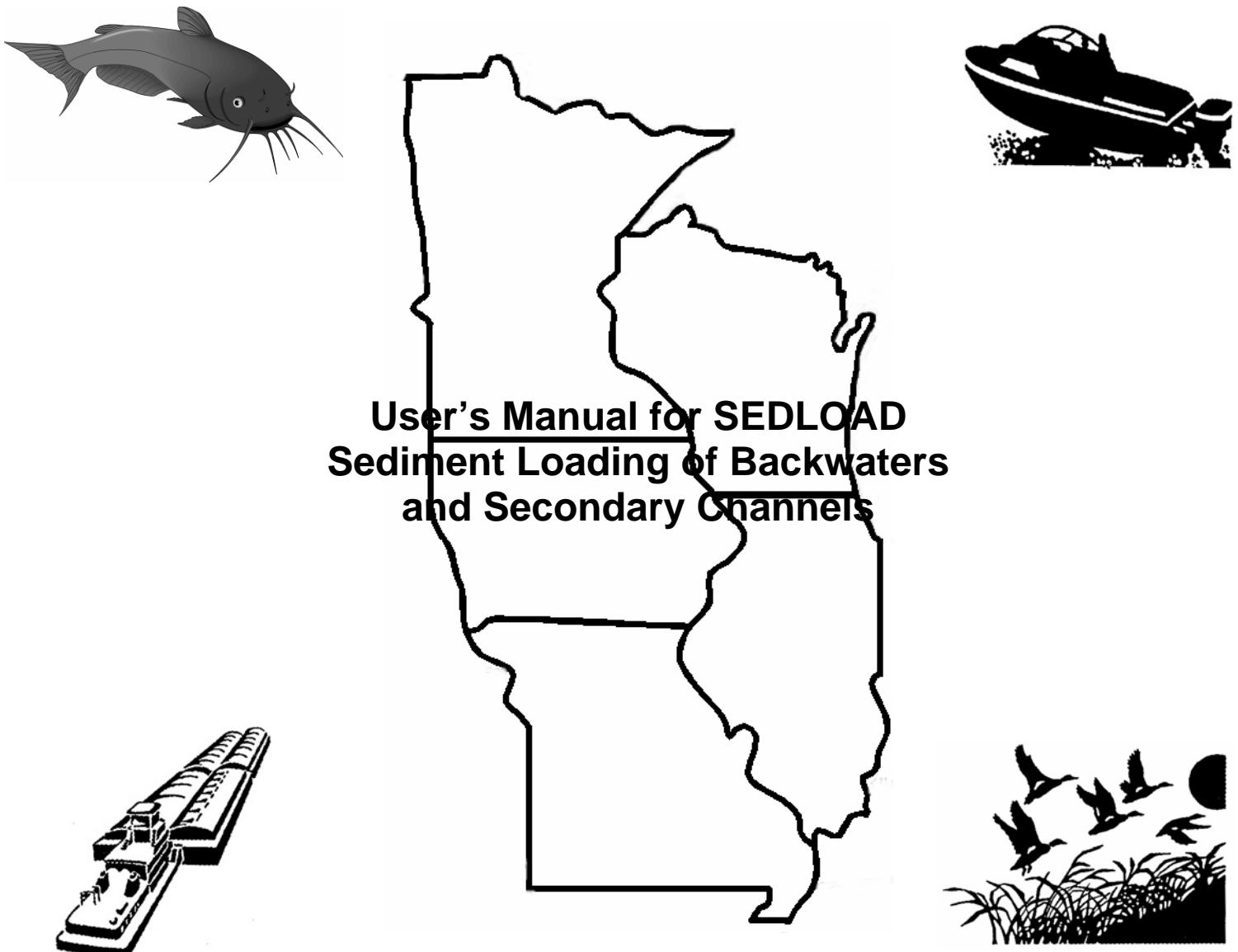


# Interim Report For The Upper Mississippi River – Illinois Waterway System Navigation Study

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US Army Corps  
of Engineers

August 2004

Rock Island District  
St. Louis District  
St. Paul District

# **User's Manual for SEDLOAD Sediment Loading of Backwaters and Secondary Channels**

Clay LaHatte , Stephen T. Maynard

*Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory  
U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center  
3909 Halls Ferry Road  
Vicksburg, MS 39180-6199*

Interim report

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**ABSTRACT:**

The SEDLOAD package is a group of programs designed to determine the sediment load delivered to the inlets of backwaters and secondary channels of a river due to river traffic, specifically tow traffic. This user's manual describes how to set up batch files, input and output file formats, example outputs, and source code listings in order to run the program.

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# Preface

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The work reported herein was conducted as part of the Upper Mississippi River—Illinois Waterway (UMR-IWW) System Navigation Study. The information generated for this interim effort will be considered as part of the plan formulation process for the System Navigation Study.

The UMR-IWW System Navigation Study is being conducted by the U.S. Army Engineer Districts of Rock Island, St. Louis, and St. Paul under the authority of Section 216 of the Flood Control Act of 1970. Commercial navigation traffic is increasing, and in consideration of existing system lock constraints, will result in traffic delays that will continue to grow in the future. The system navigation study scope is to examine the feasibility of navigation improvements to the Upper Mississippi River and Illinois Waterway to reduce delays to commercial navigation traffic. The study will determine the location and appropriate sequencing of potential navigation improvements on the system, prioritizing the improvements for the 50-year planning horizon from 2000 through 2050. The final product of the System Navigation Study is a Feasibility Report, which is the decision document for processing to Congress.

This study was conducted in the Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory (CHL), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), Vicksburg, MS. The work was conducted under the direction of Mr. Thomas A. Richardson, Director, CHL. This report was written by Mr. W. Clay Lahatte and Dr. Stephen T. Maynard, CHL, ERDC.

At the time of publication of this report, Director of ERDC was Dr. James R. Houston. COL James R. Rowan was Commander, ERDC.

This manual was last modified on Tuesday, March 30, 2004.

# 1 Overview

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## General

The SEDLOAD package is a group of programs designed to determine the sediment load delivered to the inlets of backwaters and secondary channels of a river due to river traffic, specifically tow traffic. The program treats backwaters and secondary channels differently. Technical background for this user's manual is provided in Pokrefke et al. (2003).

The programs in the SEDLOAD package are run in series, meaning the results from one program are used by the next program.

The final result for a given backwater or secondary channel area will be expressed as

- a. Volume delivered to the backwater or secondary channel through all of the inlets of that backwater or secondary channel (acre-ft/year).
- b. Rate of accumulation averaged over the entire area of a backwater or secondary channel (cm/year). This assumes all sediment delivered to the backwater or secondary channel there.
- c. Intensity of sediment delivery at an individual inlet (acre-ft/year/meter of inlet opening width).

For a given section of a river, called a "pool," an entire sediment loading scenario can be run by issuing one command. This automated method is accomplished using MS-DOS batch files to execute the various programs in the SEDLOAD package.

## SEDLOAD Components

SEDLOAD is composed of four Fortran codes that are run sequentially. The first three codes are independent of the amount of traffic. Description of the codes follows.

- a. **VOLUME.EXE** - Determines the vessel-induced exchange of water between the main channel and backwater or secondary channel as a result of the

drawdown created by the vessel. Program formulation is described in Appendix A of Pokrefke et al. (2003). The program outputs volume exchanged for all 108 tow types at each cell that represents a backwater or secondary channel for each of the nine combinations of stage and sailing line. Input and output files and source listing are provided in Appendix B.

*b. SEDMASS.EXE* - Uses as input the volume exchange caused by the tow drawdown from VOLUME.exe, the river flow into the backwater or secondary channel, and the sediment concentration at the edge of the main channel (from NAVSED). Determines the mass of sediment delivered to the backwater or secondary channel inlet per tow from the tow drawdown and from the river flow while the sediment concentration is elevated due to tow passage. Output is for all 108 tow types, each of the nine combinations of stage and sailing line, for each month of the navigation season. Input and output files and source listing are provided in Appendix C.

*c. BWMASSPROB.EXE* - Determines the sediment delivered to the inlet per tow in a probability of non-exceedance by a single tow ranging from 0.0 to 1.0 in increments of 0.1 based on a random sample of 5,000 tows. A probability of 0.0 represents the minimum value from the random sample of 5,000 tows. A probability of 1.0 represents the maximum value from the 5,000 random events. This step combines all 108 tow types and all nine combinations of stage and sailing line but keeps separate each month of the navigation season. Input and output files and source listing are provided in Appendix D.

*d. SED2BW.EXE* - The final code is the only step where the amount of traffic is an input. Based on a selected probability (such as 0.5 in UMR-IWW backwater/secondary channel studies), the sediment mass/tow for each month of the navigation season is multiplied by the number of tows for that month. The monthly sediment mass is summed to define the annual sediment mass delivered to the inlet. Input and output files and source listing are provided in Appendix E.

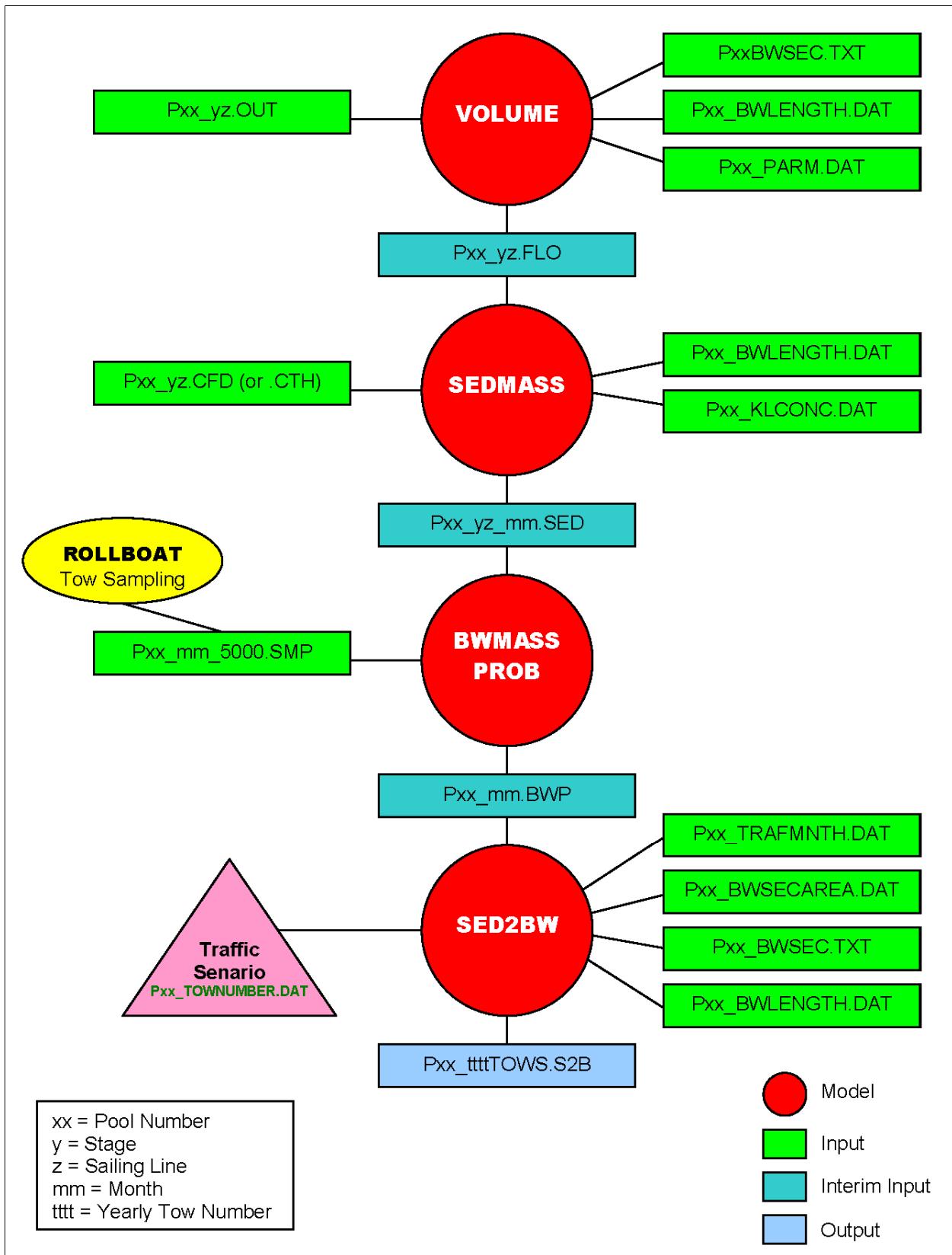
There are primarily two ways to run the SEDLOAD programs:

*a. Full Run* - This may be a new project or significant changes to an existing project. Prior to SEDLOAD, NAVEFF must be run to determine tow drawdown and NAVSED must be run to determine sediment concentration at the edge of the main channel. VOLUME.exe, SEDMASS.exe, BWMASSPROB.exe, and SED2BW.exe are then run sequentially.

*b. Traffic Scenario Run* - In cases where the fleet characteristics, sediment type, channel, and backwater geometry are established and don't change but different levels of traffic must be evaluated, only SED2BW.exe must be run.

## Data Flow Chart

The flow of data through the SEDLOAD process is shown in the flow chart below.



## **System Requirements**

► **FYI:** These programs have been tested only on a Windows-based personal computer.

No exhaustive testing has been done with these programs concerning system requirements. It is assumed you will need at least a Pentium or AMD processor-based computer with 128 MB RAM.

### **Disk space requirements**

Because of the sizes of the files involved with the backwater loading modeling processes, a large amount of hard disk space will generally be required. Typically you may want to have at least three GB of free space available for an entire project, and more if it is a large project with many pools and backwater inlets.

# 2 Installation

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## Step By Step

Listed below are the steps required to prepare for a new project and a complete run of the SEDLOAD package. Details can be found in the sections to follow.

### Set Up Directories:

For more information, see “Set Up Directories” on page 7.

- (1) Create a Project directory for the study.
- (2) In the Project directory, create a subdirectory for each Pool to be studied (**poolxx**).
- (3) In each Pool directory, create two subdirectories: **bw** and **sc**.

### Install Programs:

For more information, see “Programs” on page 8.

- (4) Copy all SEDLOAD executable (.exe) and batch files (.bat) into the Project directory.

### Install Pool Data Files:

- (5) Copy the nine NAVEFF output files (.out) for the **Pool** of interest to the matching **Pool** subdirectory under the Project directory. (These nine files are the combinations of three stages—low, medium, and high flow, and three sailing lines—left, middle, and right.)

- (6) Copy the nine NAVSED output files (.cfd or .cth) for the **Pool** of interest to the matching **Pool** subdirectory under the Project directory.

- (7) Copy the 12 (or less) monthly traffic rollup files (.smp) for the **Pool** of interest to the matching **Pool** subdirectory under the Project directory.

(8) Create a text file called **pxx\_townumber.dat** in the Pool subdirectory. Edit this file in a text editor. The first two lines of this file are reserved for comments. The data must begin on the third line. On the third line, put an integer value specifying the total number of tows for the year. This number can be changed to model traffic conditions for past or future years. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A.

(9) Create a text file called **pxx\_trafmnth.dat** in the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the percentage of tows to pass in this Pool for each month of the year. The actual number of monthly tows is calculated based on these values and the total tows for a year. Edit this file in a text editor. The first two lines of this file are reserved for comments. The data must begin on the third line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A.

(10) Create a text file called **pxx\_klconc.dat** in the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the ambient concentration data for this Pool. Edit this file in a text editor. The first two lines of this file are reserved for comments. The data must begin on the third line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A.

### **Install backwater data files**

(11) Create a text file called **pxx\_bwsecarea.dat** in the **bw** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the surface areas of the backwaters of interest in this Pool. Edit this file in a text editor. The first two lines of this file are reserved for comments. The data must begin on the third line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A.

(12) Create a text file called **pxx\_bwlenth.dat** in the **bw** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the lengths of the backwaters, as well as the sediment types. Edit this file in a text editor. The data must begin on the first line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A. If this file already exists, be sure it contains only data related to backwaters (no secondary channel data).

(13) Copy the file **pxxbwsec.txt** (no underscore) to the **bw** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file is from the GIS. Edit this file and remove any secondary channel (SECxx) data, leaving only backwater data. This file contains backwater inlet data. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A. *Be sure it contains only backwater data.*

### **Install secondary channel files**

(14) Create a text file called **pxx\_bwsecarea.dat** in the **sc** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the surface areas of the backwaters of interest in this Pool. Edit this file in a text editor. The first two lines of this file are reserved for comments. The data must begin on the third line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A.

(15) Create a text file called **pxx\_bwlenth.dat** in the **sc** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file contains the lengths of the backwaters, as well

as the sediment types. Edit this file in a text editor. The data must begin on the first line. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A. If this file already exists, be sure it contains only data related to secondary channels (no backwater channel data).

(16) Copy the file **pxxbwsec.txt** (no underscore) to the **sc** subdirectory of the Pool subdirectory. This file is from the GIS. Edit this file and remove any backwater channel (BKWxx) data, leaving only secondary channel data. This file contains secondary channel inlet data. Follow the format indicated in Appendix A. *Be sure it contains only secondary channel data.*

After these steps are completed, you should be ready to make an automated run. See “Making a Full Run” on page 11.

## Set Up Directories

To successfully run the SEDLOAD package, a specific directory structure must be used. A general outline showing the directory structure is shown below.

- Project Directory	Root of the project, executables are here.
- Pool 01	One of the pool data directories.
- bw	Subdirectory for <b>backwater</b> data for the pool.
- sc	Subdirectory for <b>secondary channel</b> data for the pool.
- Pool 02	Another pool data directory.
.	
.	... and so on, for all pools in this project.

► **Tip:** You can create the data directories as you install the input data files for the pools that you need.

### Project directory

The project directory is the root of the project. All data associated with this project will be located in subdirectories of this project directory.

All SEDLOAD executable programs and batch files are to be stored in the project directory.

Example:

Project Directory:  
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis

### Data directories

The Data Directories will hold the pool data. Each pool will have its own data directory.

Example:

One or more Data Directories:

C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool**xx**

Where **xx** = pool number

Example:

C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool13

### **Backwater and secondary channel specific subdirectories**

Each data directory also should contain a subdirectory for input data specific to backwaters (bw), and a subdirectory for input data specific to secondary channels (sc), in that pool.

Example:

C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool13\bw  
C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermiss\pool13\sc

These are separated because there can be cases in which the same cell number will apply to both a backwater and a secondary channel.

## **Programs**

All the executable programs and batch files associated with the SEDLOAD package are to be installed in the project directory. The SEDLOAD package consists of these files:

<b>Batch Files</b>	<b>Executable Files</b>
GO_SEDLOAD.BAT	VOLUME.EXE
GO_SED2BW.BAT	SEDMASS.EXE
GO_VOLUME.BAT	BWMASSPROB.EXE
GO_SEDMASS.BAT	SED2BW.EXE
GO_BWMASSPROB.BAT	

To install the program files:

(1) Create a directory to contain the current project.

(2) Copy all SEDLOAD executable (.exe) and batch files (.bat) into the project directory.

# Input Data Files

## Overview

You will need all the files described below in order to make a complete automated run.

**Data Directories (Pools).** These files should be in the pool data directories.

- NAVEFF output (.out).
- NAVSED output (.cth or .cfld) (.cfld files result from assigning a fixed depth when running NAVSED).
- .SMP files (traffic rollup sampling files).
- Pxx\_KLCONC.DAT (monthly ambient concentration data).
- Pxx\_TRAFMNTH.DAT (percentage of traffic for each month).

**Backwater (bw) and Secondary Channel (sc) Subdirectories.** These files must be in the **bw** and **sc** subdirectories for the pool.

- PxxBWSEC.TXT (from GIS, file name contains no underscore).
- Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT (contains the sediment type information).
- Pxx\_PARM.DAT (tow characteristics).
- Pxx\_BWSECAREA.DAT (surface area in acres of each backwater).

## Separate backwater and secondary channel data

The backwater and secondary channel input data must be kept separate for the results to be accurate. You should make sure the backwater data is in its own input files in the **bw** subdirectory, and secondary channel data is in its own files in the **sc** subdirectory. The two files that might originally have both types combined are the following:

- Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT. Backwater data contains **BW** in the last column. Secondary Channel data contains **SEC** in the last column.
- PxxBWSEC.TXT. Backwater data begins with **BWK**. Secondary Channel data begins with **SEC**

If not already separate, split these two files into four files, with the two backwater related files going into the **bw** subdirectory, and the two secondary channel related files going into the **sc** subdirectory.

► **Important:** Be sure this data is kept separate. To ensure reliable results, all the cell numbers in any one file should be unique.

# 3 Executing the Programs

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## Types of Runs

There are primarily two ways to run the SEDLOAD programs:

### Full Run

This may be a new project or significant changes to an existing project. Prior to SEDLOAD, NAVEFF must be run to determine tow drawdown and NAVSED must be run to determine sediment concentration at the edge of the main channel (these programs are outside the scope of this document). VOLUME.exe, SEDMASS.exe, BWMASSPROB.exe, and SED2BW.exe are then run sequentially.

### Traffic Scenario Run

In cases where the fleet characteristics, sediment type, and channel and backwater geometry are established and don't change, but different levels of traffic must be evaluated, only SED2BW.exe needs to be run.

## Making a Full Run

The process for running the entire SEDLOAD package has been made fairly simple. Once all the input files are in the proper locations, starting a run involves only the following steps:

- (1) If in Windows, open an MS-DOS command session.
- (2) Navigate to the directory of the pool in which you are interested.  
Example: `cd C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis\pool13`
- (3) Start the processes by typing `..\go_sedload xx` where `xx` = the pool number. Example: `..\go_sedload 13`. This will execute the batch file `go_sedload.bat` located in the project directory, i.e., `c:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis`, and begin the SEDLOAD run.

## Making a Traffic Scenario Run

If you need to make a change only to the yearly traffic number for the pool, you need to rerun only SED2BW.EXE to obtain the new results. The input files required to run only SED2BW are shown in “Data Flow Chart” on page 2. The new yearly tow number can either be input via the keyboard or read from the Pxx\_TOWNNUMBER.DAT file, depending on the choice made while answering the SED2BW prompts.

If all the previous steps of the SEDLOAD process already have been performed, do the following to make a new traffic scenario run:

- (1) If in Windows, open an MS-DOS command session.
- (2) Navigate to the backwater or secondary channel data directory of the pool in which you are interested. Example:  
cd C:\Windows\Desktop\Uppermis\pool13\bw
- (3) Run SED2BW.EXE by typing ..\..\sed2bw xx where xx = the pool number. Example: ..\..\sed2bw 13

The results are stored in the backwater (bw) or secondary channel (sc) subdirectory in a file called Pxx\_ttttTOWS.DAT, where xx is the pool number and tttt is the yearly number of tows used for the run.

# 4 Output

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## Final Results

The final output of SED2BW consists of a file called **pxx\_ttttows.s2b** written in both the **bw** and **sc** subdirectories of the pool subdirectory, where *xx* is the pool and *tttt* is the yearly number of tows used. This file reports the backwater or secondary channel, and the corresponding worst case sediment loading based on the input traffic scenario.

The result for a backwater or secondary channel is given as a level of significance for the three loading types as follows:

Loading by...	BLUE Negligible Impact Potential	YELLOW Medium Impact Potential	RED High Impact Potential
Volume	< 1.0 acre-ft/year	≥ 0.1 acre-ft/year	No criteria
Rate	< 0.1 cm/year	≥ 0.1 cm/year < 1.0 cm/year	≥ 1.0 cm/year
Inlet Intensity	< 0.01 acre-ft/year/m	> 0.01 acre-ft/year/m	No criteria

The following are included in the output:

- The area in acres of the backwater or secondary channel
- The cell ID associated with the backwater or secondary channel
- Sediment type in the backwater/secondary channel
- Traffic Impact by Volume given as acre-ft/year, and as a severity color
- Traffic Impact by Rate given as cm/year, and as a severity color
- Traffic Impact by Unit Volume given as acre-ft/year/meter, and as a severity color
- The worst of the three traffic impact types is provided in summary for the backwater/secondary channel as a severity color.

## Example Output

SEDIMENTS TO BACKWATER OR SECONDARY CHANNEL (SEE FEATURE), POOL13

BASED ON 50 percent ROLLUP

Total tows for year: 2361

FEATURE	AREA Acres	CELLID	SEDIMENT_TYPE	IMPACT_BY_VOLUME acre-ft/year	IMPACT_BY_RATE cm/year	IMPACT_BY_UNIT_VOLUME acre-ft/year/meter	WORST_CASE
BKW01_01	746	315L5560	Cohesive-Medium	.00001 BLUE	.00003 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW01_02	746	105L5555	Cohesive-Medium	.00071 BLUE	.00003 BLUE	.00001 BLUE	BLUE
BKW02_01	33	65L5520	Noncohesive	.00384 BLUE	.00355 BLUE	.00003 BLUE	BLUE
BKW04_01	876	115R5465	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW05_03	782	355L5400	Cohesive-Medium	.00000 BLUE	.01968 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW05_05	782	135L5390	Cohesive-Medium	.18336 BLUE	.01968 BLUE	.00075 BLUE	BLUE
BKW05_06	782	125L5390	Cohesive-Medium	.32091 BLUE	.01968 BLUE	.00137 BLUE	BLUE
BKW05_07	782	85L5385	Cohesive-Medium	.00068 BLUE	.01968 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW06_01	934	195R5410	Cohesive-Soft	.47150 BLUE	.01539 BLUE	.00112 BLUE	BLUE
BKW07_01	399	265L5370	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW07_03	399	395L5345	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW07_04	399	385L5345	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW07_05	399	545L5340	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW07_06	399	565L5335	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW09_01	127	235R5345	Cohesive-Medium	.00571 BLUE	.00137 BLUE	.00025 BLUE	BLUE
BKW10_01	1181	315R5335	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW10_04	1181	165R5310	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW10_05	1181	325R5305	Noncohesive	.00001 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW10_07	1181	685R5300	Noncohesive	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	.00000 BLUE	BLUE
BKW11_01	1122	455L5330	Cohesive-Soft	.30954 BLUE	.44665 YELLOW	.00525 BLUE	YELLOW
BKW11_02	1122	445L5330	Cohesive-Soft	.01047 BLUE	.44665 YELLOW	.00024 BLUE	YELLOW
BKW11_03	1122	435L5330	Cohesive-Soft	.01314 BLUE	.44665 YELLOW	.00037 BLUE	YELLOW
BKW11_07	1122	95L5325	Cohesive-Soft	4.02252 YELLOW	.44665 YELLOW	.02174 YELLOW	YELLOW
BKW11_08	1122	475L5310	Cohesive-Soft	.33900 BLUE	.44665 YELLOW	.00030 BLUE	YELLOW
BKW11_09	1122	75L5300	Cohesive-Soft	.20700 BLUE	.44665 YELLOW	.00397 BLUE	YELLOW
BKW11_12	1122	15L5290	Cohesive-Soft	11.54011 YELLOW	.44665 YELLOW	.02410 YELLOW	YELLOW

# Appendix A

## File Formats

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### General

This section contains some of the file formats for files used as input to the various components of the SEDLOAD package. These file format descriptions are provided for reference in the event custom input files may need to be created.

### Pxx\_TOWNUMBER.DAT

The number of tows passing through a given pool for the period of a year.

Used by: SED2BW

ASCII Text File, Free field. Data starts on the third line.

Line	Column	Type	Description
1, 2	Any	N/A	User Comments.
3	1	Integer	Number of tows for the year.

Example:

Total tows for year 2000 – Pool 13

Other comments

2306

### Pxx\_TRAFMNTH.DAT

Traffic percentage by month.

Used by: SED2BW

ASCII Text File, Free field. Data starts on the third line.

Line	Column	Type	Description
1, 2	Any	N/A	User Comments.
3-14	1	Real	Values for months 1 through 12, one per line, listed as the percentage of the total number of tows to pass for the particular month.

Example:

Traffic percentage by month - Pool13

Other comments

0.0  
0.0  
0.0761  
0.1196  
0.1313  
0.1184  
0.1353  
0.1223  
0.0979  
0.1039  
0.0849  
0.0105

All these values should sum to 1.

► Note: 0 . 0 indicates no navigation for that month, usually due to winter shutdown.

## Pxx\_KLCONC.DAT

File contains ambient concentration values for 12 months.

**Used by:** SEDMASS

ASCII Text File, Free field. Data starts on the third line.

Line	Column	Type	Description
1, 2	Any	N/A	User Comments.
3-14	1	Character*2	Two-character number specifying the month.
3-14	2	Real	The ambient concentration for the month specified.

Example:

Ambient Concentration Values – Pool 13

Other comments

01 -1.0  
02 -1.0  
03 51.6  
04 83.0  
05 72.0

06 58.0  
07 48.5  
08 33.1  
09 34.3  
10 34.7  
11 30.1  
12 -1.0

► **Note:** -1 . 0 indicates no navigation for that month, usually due to winter shutdown.

## Pxx\_BWSECAREA.DAT

File contains surface areas in acres of the specified backwaters/secondary channels.

**Used by:** SED2BW

ASCII Text File, Free field. Data starts on the third line.

Line	Column	Type	Description
1, 2	Any	N/A	User Comments.
3-??	1	Character	The backwater/secondary channel, in the form of: BKWxx or SECxx, where xx is a two-digit number.
3-??	2	Integer	The surface area in acres of the backwater/secondary channel specified.

### **Example:**

Backwater Areas – Pool 13

Other comments

BKW01 746

BKW02 33

BKW03 83

BKW04 876

BKW05 782

BKW06 934

BKW07 399

BKW09 127

BKW10 1181

BKW11 1122

## Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT

File contains the lengths and sediment types of the backwaters/secondary channels.

**Used by:** VOLUME, SEDMASS, SED2BW

ASCII Text File, Free field. Data starts on the first line.

Line	Column	Type	Description
Any	1	Character	Cell ID at backwater/secondary channel inlet.
	2	Integer	Length in meters of the backwater/secondary channel.
	3	Integer	Sediment Type. Cohesive sediments = 2 Non-cohesive sediments = 3
	4	Integer	Sediment Class—applicable only to cohesive sediments. Soft = 1 Medium = 2 Hard = 3
	5	Character	Indicates the backwater/secondary channel number.

**Example:**

315L5560	1200	2	2	BW1
105L5555	400	2	2	BW1
65L5520	800	3	9999	BW2
455L5475	850	9999	9999	BW3
115R5465	1700	3	9999	BW4
345R5455	3000	9999	9999	BW4
355L5400	1600	2	2	BW5
135L5390	300	2	2	BW5

► **Note:** 9999 indicates no data or not applicable.

## PxxBWSEC.TXT

File contains various types of data from the GIS.

**Used by:** VOLUME, SED2BW

Line 1 is for user comments. In the case of the example below, the meanings of the values are presented.

The data starts on line 2. The file contains these values, separated by commas:

- (1) Feature, in the form of BKW\_yy or SEC\_yy, where xx = backwater/secondary channel number, and yy = inlet/outlet number.
- (2) Cell ID at backwater/secondary channel inlet
- (3) Actual river mile
- (4) Inlet width, meters
- (5) Low flow cross-sectional area of inlet, square meters
- (6) Medium flow cross-sectional area of inlet, square meters

- (7) High flow cross-sectional area of inlet, square meters
- (8) Low flow average inlet depth, meters
- (9) Medium flow average inlet depth, meters
- (10) High flow average inlet depth, meters
- (11) Low flow rate of inlet, cubic meters per second
- (12) Medium flow rate of inlet, cubic meters per second
- (13) High flow rate of inlet, cubic meters per second
- (14) Specifies whether the channel is an inlet or outlet. SEDLOAD deals only with inlets.

**Example:**

```
FEATURE,CELL_ID,ACTUAL_RM,WIDTH,L_XAREA,M_XAREA,H_XAREA,L_AVGDEP,M_AVGDEP,H_AVGDEP,L_FLOWRATE,M_F
LOWRATE,H_FLOWRATE,IN_OUT
BKW01_01,315L5560,555.9,91.0,124.0,193.3,382.0,1.3,2.1,4.2,1.90,6.07,-999.00,INLET
BKW01_02,105L5555,555.7,121.5,99.9,192.5,436.9,0.8,1.6,3.6,2.28,6.71,-999.00,INLET
BKW01_03,125L5555,555.5,116.7,185.9,274.9,509.6,1.6,2.3,4.4,2.29,5.62,-999.00,OUTLET
BKW01_04,145L5500,550.0,378.0,715.5,957.5,1602.7,1.9,2.5,4.2,4.72,14.58,-999.00,OUTLET
BKW02_01,651L5520,552.1,133.0,150.6,239.7,483.0,1.1,1.8,3.6,2.83,8.85,-999.00,INLET
BKW02_02,155L5505,550.5,217.3,183.6,322.8,700.4,0.8,1.5,3.2,3.89,11.16,-999.00,OUTLET
BKW03_01,445L5475,547.4,267.9,30.3,185.5,601.9,0.1,0.7,2.3,-999.00,-999.00,-999.00,INLET
BKW04_01,115R5465,546.2,27.0,24.3,38.3,77.8,0.9,1.4,2.9,0.58,1.42,-999.00,INLET
BKW04_02,345R5455,545.4,37.6,64.2,83.7,137.5,1.7,2.2,3.6,-999.00,-999.00,-999.00,INLET
BKW04_03,335R5415,541.3,123.5,162.0,210.9,361.5,1.3,1.7,2.9,2.62,9.06,-999.00,OUTLET
BKW05_03,355L5400,540.1,49.5,14.5,34.2,88.5,0.3,0.7,1.8,0.16,0.92,-999.00,INLET
BKW05_05,135L5390,539.1,243.5,728.5,810.1,1069.9,3.0,3.3,4.4,31.71,80.76,-999.00,INLET
```

A value of -999.00 indicates the inlet is submerged at that flow condition.

► **Note:** The first line has been wrapped in the example. It should be one long line of text.

# **Appendix B**

# **VOLUME Program**

---

## **Files**

### **Input**

PxxBWSEC.TXT (from GIS)

Pxx\_PARM.DAT (tow characteristics)

Pxx\_yz.OUT (NAVEFF output file)

Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT (length of the channels)

where

xx = Pool Number

y = Stage, z = Sailing Line

### **Output**

Pxx\_yz.flo

where

xx = Pool Number

y = Stage, z = Sailing Line

### **Brief Output Description.**

Field	Description
1	Cell ID
2	Traffic scenario
3	Stage/sailing line
4	Wave period, in seconds
5	Inlet area, in square meters
6	Channel length, in meters
7	Water depth, in meters
8	Input drawdown, in meters

9	Modified drawdown at the inlet, in meters
10	Channel type (backwater or secondary channel)
11,13,15	Discharge for wave
12,14,16	Wave duration, in seconds
17	Low flow rate, cubic meters per second
18	Medium flow rate, cubic meters per second
19	High flow rate, cubic meters per second
20	Total volume, in cubic meters

## Source Code

```

      program compute_flux
c
c The program reads the lengths of channels from chlength.dat,
c the cell_ids and dimensions of channels from the
c Backwater/Secondary-channel data file,
c and the drawdowns from NAVEFF output.
c
c The program then calls subroutines BACKWATER and SIDE_CHANNEL to
c compute the flow rate of water. It is assumed that the rate is constant
c for each cycle as a step function.
c
c The results units are m**3/sec

      character*2 pool, flowchan
      character*200 PATH, naveffpath

      real      rm
      character*1 dir, speed, size, draft, turbine, stage, sl_pos

      character*8 feature, id1, id2, id3, ch_type*2, cellid(1000)
      character*6 in_out
      character*256 lin

      real*8      q(3), time(3)
      real      n
      real*8      width
      real*8      ldepth, mdepth, hdepth
      real*8      lxarea, mxarea, hxarea
      real*8      lfrate, mfrate, hfrate
      real*8      drawdown, drawdownx

      character*5 traffic, stg_sl*2

      character*64 BWDAT, BWDATTMP, NAVOUTDAT, NOUTDATTMP, CHANLENDAT, OUTDAT

cccc ccccccc cccccccc cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

      write (*,*) 'This program requires files...'
      write (*,*) 'PxxBWSEC.TXT'
      write (*,*) 'Pxx_yz.OUT'
      write (*,*) 'CHLENGTH.DAT'
      write (*,*) ' where xx=Pool Number'
      write (*,*) '           y=Stage, z=Sailing line'
      write (*,*) '----'
      write (*,*) ' '

      n = 0.020 ! Default

      write(*,*) 'Enter the Pool Number (2 characters - Ex: 13):'
      read (*,*) pool
      write(*,*) 'Enter the Flow/Channel (2 characters - Ex: LR):'
      read (*,*) flowchan
*     write(*,*) 'Enter directory for reading data (. for current):'
*     write(*,*) ' **** DO NOT ADD TRAILING BACKSLASH ****'
*     read (*,*) PATH

```

```

*   PATH = 'c:\windows\desktop\uppermiss\pool'//trim(pool)://'\
PATH=''

write(*,*) 'Enter the path for the NAVEFF output files.'
write(*,*) 'If the same as the default, enter 0 (zero)'
read(*,*) naveffpath

BWDAT=trim(PATH)//'p'//pool//`bwsec.txt'
BWDATTMP=trim(PATH)//'p'//pool//`bwsec.tmp'
if(naveffpath .eq. '0')then
    NAVOUTDAT=trim(PATH)//'p'//pool//'_//flowchan//'.out'
else
    NAVOUTDAT=trim(naveffpath)//'p'//pool//'_//flowchan//'.out'
end if
NOUTDATTMP=trim(PATH)//`VOLUME.TMP'
CHANLENDAT=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_bwlength//'.dat'
OUTDAT=trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_//flowchan//'.flo'

c  goto 12

open(20,file=BWDAT,status='old')
open(21,file=BWDATTMP,status='unknown')
open(30,file=NAVOUTDAT,status='old')
open(35,file=NOUTDATTMP,status='unknown')

write(*,*) 'Extracting useful information from ',NAVOUTDAT
read(20,*) lin ..... ! Skip first line of text.
nid = 0
do
    read(20,*,end=100) feature, id1, actual_rm, width,
    &           lxarea,mxarea,hxarea,
    &           ldepth,mdepth,hdepth,
    &           lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,
    &           in_out
    i_pos=scan(in_out,'I')
    if (i_pos .ne. 0) then
*     if (in_out .eq. 'INLET ') then
        if (lfrate.eq.-999.0 .and. mfrate.eq.-999.0
&.and. hfrate.eq.-999.0) then
            ! Ignore cells with no flow data.
        else
            nid = nid + 1
            cellid(nid) = id1
c         do i=1, nid
c             if (cellid(i) .eq. id1) then
c                 num_occur(i) = num_occur(i) + 1
c             end if
c         end do
            write(21,21) feature, id1, actual_rm, width,
            &           ldepth,mdepth,hdepth,
            &           lxarea,mxarea,hxarea,
            &           lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,
            &           in_out
21        format(a8,',',a8,',',f6.2,',',f9.3,',',1x
            ,f9.3,',',f9.3,',',f9.3,',',1x
            ,f9.3,',',f9.3,',',f9.3,',',1x
            ,f9.3,',',f9.3,',',f9.3,',',
            ,a6)
            end if
        end if
    end do
100  write(*,*) nid, ' cells with INLETS used from ',BWDAT

! Write to temp file.
do
    read(30,*,end=299) rm,dir,speed,size,draft,
    &           turbine,stage,stg_s1_pos,
    &           traffic, stg_s1,
    &           id1,depth,ret_vel,drawdown

    do j = 1, nid
        if (trim(id1).eq.trim(cellid(j))) then
            write(*,*) id1, ' ', traffic, ' ', stg_s1
            write(35,200) id1,traffic,stg_s1,drawdown

```

```

        end if
    end do
end do
c 202 format(a10,2x,a5,2x,a2,f10.3)
299  close(35)
      close(30)
      close(21)
      close(20)

12   open(10,file=CHANLENDAT,status='old')
      open(20,file=BWDATTMP,status='old')
      open(30,file=NOUTDATTMP,status='old')
      open(50,file=OUTDAT,status='unknown')

      i = 0
      DO
        read(10,*,end=999) id1, ch_length ! , ch_type
c 90   format(2x,a8,f10.1,3x,a2)

*       ch_length = ch_length*41000.0*2.54/100.0 ! Use Only if input file
is in inches.

      rewind (20)
      DO
        read(20,*,end=500) feature,id2, actual_rm, width,
&                           ldepth,mdepth,hdepth,
&                           lxarea,mxarea,hxarea,
&                           lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,
&                           in_out
95   format(a8,2x,a8,7f8.1,3f8.2,a8)

        if (trim(id1).eq.trim(id2)) then
          rewind (30)
          DO
            read(30,200,end=501) id3, traffic, stg_sl,drawdown
            format(a8,4x,a5,2x,a2,f12.6)
            if (trim(id3).eq.trim(id1)) then
              speed = traffic(2:2)
              size = traffic(3:3)
              stage = stg_sl(1:1)

              call conv(j,speed,size,stage,
&                           ldepth,mdepth,hdepth,
&                           lxarea,mxarea,hxarea,
&                           T,Area,H)

c           ~~~~~ Computing the volume of water ~~~~~
Perimeter = width + 2.0*H
R = Area/Perimeter

drawdownx = drawdown.... ! Retain drawdown for writing          out

        if (lfrate.eq.0.0 .and. mfrate.eq.0.0
& .and. hfrate.eq.0.0) then
          ch_type = 'BW'
          n = 0.020
          call backwater(drawdownx,H,Area,R,
&                           ch_length,n,T,q,time,vsum)
        else
          ch_type = 'SC'
          n = 0.020
          call side_channel(drawdownx,H,Area,R,
&                           ch_length,n,T,q,time,vsum)
        end if

        write(50,300) id1,traffic,stg_sl,T,Area,ch_length,
H,drawdown,drawdownx,ch_type,
&                           q(1),time(1),q(2),time(2),q(3),time(3),
&                           lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,vsum
300   format(a8,2x,a5,2x,a2,3f10.2,
&                           f10.3,2f10.4,3x,a2,2x,

```



```

c      AREA x-sectional area of the backwater
c      R      hydraulic radius
c      T      period
c Outputs:
c      q      flow rate
c      A0
c      vsum
c
c      real*8  A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,V1,pi
c
c      real     L,n
c      real*8  q(3),time(3)
c
c      pi = 4.0*atan(1.0)
c      g = 9.8
c
c      vsum=0.0
c
DO I = 1, 3
c
      CALL ENT_LOSS(A0,A1,H)                                !
c
      V1 = Area*A1*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi                         ! Add volume using A1
c
      CALL FRICTION(A1,A2,H,R,n,L)                          ! friction loss
c
      C      V2 = Area*A2*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi                   ! Volume using A2, the
negative                                         ! wave leaving the channel
draws                                              ! water into the channel
c
      CALL ENT_LOSS(A2,A3,H)
      CALL ENT_LOSS(A3,A4,H)
c
      V4 = Area*A4*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi                         ! Volume using A4, a + wave
entering the channel
c
      CALL FRICTION(A4,A5,H,R,n,L)                          ! friction loss
c
      CALL ENT_LOSS(A5,A6,H)
c
      A0 = A6
c
      stuff=2.0*L/sqrt(g*H)
      if(stuff.gt.400.0)then !After 1200 seconds, most activity is done.
        stuff=400.0
      end if
      time(i) = float(i)*stuff
      q(i) = (V1 + V4)/stuff !(2.0*L/sqrt(g*H))
c
      vsum=vsum+V1+V4
c
END DO
c
RETURN
END
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
SUBROUTINE ENT_LOSS(A0,A1,H)
c input  amplitude: A0
c output amplitude: A1
      real*8  A0,A1
      real*8  pi
c
      pi = 4.0*atan(1.0)
c
      A1 = (2.0*H)/pi*(-1.0 + sqrt(1.0 + pi*A0/H))
c
RETURN
END
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

```

```

SUBROUTINE FRICTION(A0,A1,H,R,n,X)

c input amplitude: A0
c output amplitude: A1
c X: the channel length
    real*8 A0,A1
    real*8 pi

    real     n

    pi = 4.0*atan(1.0)
    g = 9.8

*      A1 = A0/(1.0 + pi/(4.0*H)*(n/(R**2.0/3.0))**2*g*A0*X)
    A1 = A0 - (pi/(4.0*H)*(n/(R**2.0/3.0)))*g*A0*A0*X)/
        & (1+(pi/(4.0*H)*A0))
    if (A1 .lt. 0.00001) then
        A1 = 0.0
    endif

    RETURN
    END

cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

SUBROUTINE BACKWATER(A0,H,AREA,R,L,n,T,q,time,vsum)

c
c The routine computes the volumetric flux (q) for a backwater
c due to the drawdown. Initial three cycles are used. In calculating
c the water volume only V1 and V4 are used. The reflection coefficient
c is assumed to be 1.0.
c
c Inputs:
c     L    channel length
c     n    0.050
c     H    water depth
c     AREA x-sectinal area of the backwater
c     R    hydraulic radius
c     T    period
c Outputs:
c     q    flow rate
c     A0
c     vsum
c
    real*8 A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,V1
    real*8 pi

    real     L,n
    real*8 q(3),time(3)

    Rc = 1.0                               ! reflection coeff.

    pi = 4.0*atan(1.0)
    g = 9.8

    vsum=0.0

DO I = 1, 3

    CALL ENT_LOSS(A0,A1,H)                  ! (1)

    V1 = Area*A1*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi           ! (2) Volume using A1

    X = 2.0*L                                ! no reflection loss

    CALL FRICTION(A1,A2,H,R,n,X)            ! friction loss

c      V2 = Area*A2*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi          ! volume using A2

    CALL ENT_LOSS(A2,A3,H)
    CALL ENT_LOSS(A3,A4,H)

```

```

V4 = Area*A4*sqrt(g/H)*T/pi           ! Add volume using A4
CALL FRICTION(A4,A5,H,R,n,X)          ! friction loss
CALL ENT_LOSS(A5,A6,H)
A0 = A6
stuff=4.0*L/sqrt(g*H)
if(stuff.gt.400.0)then !After 1200 seconds, most activity is done.
  stuff=400.0
end if
time(i) = float(i)*stuff
q(i) = (V1 + V4) /stuff !(4.0*L/sqrt(g*H))

vsum=vsum+V1+V4

END DO

RETURN
END

```

# **Appendix C**

# **SEDMASS Program**

---

## **Files**

### **Input**

Pxx\_yz.CTH (or CFD (fixed depth), currently used - 11/14/01) (NAVSED output file)

Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT (lengths of channels)

Pxx\_yz.flo (Output from VOLUME program)

Pxx\_KLCONC.DAT (Monthly ambient concentration data)

where

xx = Pool Number

y = Stage, z = Sailing Line

### **Output**

Pxx\_yz\_mm.SED

where

xx = Pool Number

y = Stage, z = Sailing Line

mm = month

### **Brief Output Description.**

Field	Description
1	Cell ID
2, 3	Traffic scenario
4	Mass added due to tow drawdown, in kilograms
5	Mass added due to disturbed sediment added to the river from tow passing, in kilograms
6	Total mass added to the backwater/secondary channel, in kilograms
7	Total volume, in cubic meters

## Source Code

```
program sedmass

c The program computes the mass of sediment due to boat passage given
c flows and concentration values for each cellid and tow configuration
c given.
c
c From TMPDATA:
c The program reads times and calculates time increments.
c The program reads concentration time histories in mg/l
c (concentration at each time) for appropriate cell_id's.
c
c From FLOWDATA:
c The program reads flows (q1, q2, and q3)
c at times (t1, t2, and t3), and river flows at low, medium,
c and high stages for each cell_id.
c
c common/com/timehist

character*10 PROGNAME

character*256 lin

character*2 pool, flowchan
character*255 PATH, navsedpath, navsedfileext, klconcpath

      real      reflq(3), refltime(3)
real timehist(1000)
integer deltaT(1000)
real conc(1000)

real*8 massriv, massboat !, mass_sc
      integer      noflow, nohflow
character   cnoflow*2, cnohflow*10

character*2 month, m

      real lfrate,mfrate,hfrate
      real q_river

c      values from FLOW file.
c      character .....cellid_f*9, last_cellid_f*9, traffic_f*5, stgs1_f*2
c      values from CONCENTRATION file.
c      character .....cellid_c*9, traffic_c*5, stgs1_c*2
c
c      character.....cell_c*18, cell_f*18 !cellid+traffic+stgs1
c
c      character*2 ch_type

integer npts ! read from CONCENTRATION file.
Integer nlns, nrm

real klac

integer index0.....! array index of time zero in CONCENTRATION file.

Integer errfile1

real      flowlins, conclins, pcenrcmp

character*1 ccc

character*64 TMPDATA, FLOWDATA, OUTFILE1, ERRFILE
character*64 CHANDATA, CTHDATA
integer UNITCONC, UNITFLOW, UNITOUT1, UNITERR

integer WRITE_AT

!number of reflections in secondary channel or backwater
integer REFLECTS
```

```

cccc ccccccc cccccccccc ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

c      Define 'constant' values...

PROGNAME= 'SEDMASS'

      write (*,*) 'This program requires files...'
write (*,*) 'Pxx_yz.CTH'
write (*,*) 'CHLENGTH.DAT'
write (*,*) ' where xx=Pool Number'
write (*,*) '          y=Stage, z=Sailing line'
write (*,*) ' '
write (*,*) 'Output file is Pxx_yz.SED'
write (*,*) '----'
write (*,*) ' '

      write(*,*) 'Enter the Pool Number (2 characters - Ex: 13):'
      read (*,*) pool
pool=trim(adjustr(pool))
if(pool(1:1) .eq. '') then
  pool(1:1) = '0'
endif
      write(*,*) 'Enter the Flow/Channel (2 characters - Ex: LR):'
      read (*,*) flowchan
*      write(*,*) 'Enter directory for reading data (. for current):'
*      write(*,*) ' **** DO NOT ADD.TRAILING BACKSLASH ****'
*      read (*,*) PATH
write(*,*) 'Enter the number corresponding to the month (2 chars)'
read (*,*) month
month=trim(adjustr(month))
if(month(1:1) .eq. '') then
  month(1:1) = '0'
endif

*      write(*,*) 'Enter the Kevin Landwehr ambient concentration:'
*      read (*,*) klac

*      PATH = 'c:\windows\desktop\uppermiss\pool'//trim(pool)//'\'
      PATH=''

      write(*,*) 'Enter the path for the concentration file KLCONC.DAT'
write(*,*) 'If the same as the default, enter a period(.)'
read(*,*) klconcp
! Add backslash if necessary
i_ccc=len(trim(klconcp))
ccc=klconcp(i_ccc:i_ccc+1)
if (ccc .ne. '\') then
.....klconcp = trim(klconcp)//'\'
end if

      write(*,*) 'Enter the path for the NAVSED output files'
write(*,*) 'If the same as the default, enter a period(.)'
read(*,*) navsedpath

write(*,*) 'Enter the NAVSED file extension (cth or cfd)'
read(*,*) navsedfileext
! Remove any leading period
if (navsedfileext(1:1) .eq. '.') then
.....navsedfileext = navsedfileext(2:199)
end if

      klac = -1.0
open(unit=23,file=trim(PATH)//trim(klconcp)//'P'//pool//_
& '_klconc.dat', status='old',action='read')
! Read two comment lines
read(23,*) lin
read(23,*) lin
! Read the data
do
  read(23,* , end=23) m, klac
  if(m .eq. month) then
    goto 24

```

```

        end if
    end do
23 klac = -1.0
24 close(23)
    if(klac .eq. -1.0) then
        write(*,*) ''
        write(*,*) '*** No KL Concentration for month ', month
        stop
    end if

    CHANDATA= trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_bwlength'//'.dat'
    if(navsedpath.eq. '0' .or. navsedpath.eq. '.')then
        CTHDATA = trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.'
& trim(navsedfileext)
    else
        CTHDATA = trim(navsedpath)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.'
& trim(navsedfileext)
    endif
    TMPDATA = trim(PATH)//trim(PROGNAME)//'.tmp'
    FLOWDATA= trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'.flo'
    OUTFILE1= trim(PATH)//'P'//pool//'_'//flowchan//'_'//
        & month//'.sed'
    ERRFILE= trim(PATH)//'nocels'//flowchan//'.txt'
    UNITCONC= 40
    UNITFLOW= 50
    UNITOUT1= 60
    UNITERR= 90

    WRITE_AT= 10000

!number of reflections in secondary channel or backwater
REFLECTS= 3

cccc ccccccc cccccccc ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc

        write (*,*) 'Program running...'
        write (*,*) 'Output file is ',OUTFILE1
        write(*,*) ''

c      Extract necessary cellid's from concentration data file.
c      Write a temporary and smaller concentration data file
c      for processing by this program.

        call concmake(CHANDATA,CTHDATA,TMPDATA)

c      Count the number of lines in flow data file (used for percent
complete).
        call cntlines(FLOWDATA, flowlins)
! flowlins is returned.

        open(unit=UNITCONC,file=TMPDATA,status='old')
        open(unit=UNITFLOW,file=FLOWDATA,status='old')
        open(unit=UNITOUT1,file=OUTFILE1,status='unknown')

c      Read the times.
        call gettimes(UNITCONC,starttm,endtm,npts,nlns,nrm)
! All parameters except UNITCONC are returned.

c      Find time zero.
        call gettime0(timehist, npts, index0)
! index0 is returned.

        if (index0 .lt. 0) then
            write(*,*) 'No time zero in file ', TMPDATA
            stop
        end if

c      Get the time intervals.
        call getdeltaT(timehist, npts, deltaT)
! deltaT() is returned.

c      Print a heading at the top of the output file.
        call outhead(UNITOUT1)

```

```

conclins = 0.0
do
301 ..... read(UNITFLOW,* , end=901) cellid_f,traffic_f,stgsl_f,T,Area,
      *           ch_length,H,dddummy,drawdown,ch_type,
      *           reflq(1),refltime(1),reflq(2),refltime(2),
      *           reflq(3),refltime(3),
      *           lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,vsum
300   format(a9,2x,a5,2x,a2,3f10.2,3f6.3,3x,a2,
      &           3(f8.4,f8.0),3f8.2,2x,f9.3)

*   if(cellid_f .eq. '345R5315 ')then
*   d=1
*   endif

      conclins = conclins + 1
c   Calculate percent complete.
pcentcmp = 100 * (1 - (flowlins - conclins)/flowlins)

cell_f = cellid_f//' //traffic_f//' '//stgsl_f
! Check for immediately following duplicates
if (cell_f .eq. cell_c) then
  goto 301
end if

c   Write something on the screen to show activity.
if(cellid_f .ne. last_cellid_f)then
  write(*,15) cell_f, pcenctmp
15   format(' Processing cell ', a18, 2x, f5.1, '%')
  last_cellid_f = cellid_f
i_cell_found=0
end if

c   Skip past the times in the concentration time history file.
call resetconcfile(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm).....
do

read(UNITCONC,* , end=902) cellid_c, traffic_c, stgsl_c

cell_c = cellid_c//' //traffic_c//' '//stgsl_c

if(trim(cell_f) .eq. trim(cell_c)) then
  ! The Meat!!!
  i_cell_found=-1

  call getconc(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm, klac, ch_type, conc)
  ! conc() is returned.

  call pickq_river(stgsl_f,lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,q_river)
  ! q_river is returned.

if(cell_f .eq. '325R5305  UMBEO HM')then
d=1
endif

  call calcmass(npts,timehist,deltaT,conc,reflq,refltime,
      *           index0,q_river,REFLECTS,massriv,massboat,
      *           noflow,nohflow)
  ! massriv, massboat, and noflow and nohflow are returned.

  cnoflow = ' '
  cnohflow = ' '
  if (noflow .eq. 1) then
    cnoflow = 'BW'
  end if
  if (nohflow .eq. 1) then
    cnohflow = 'No Hi Flow'
    goto 810 ! Skip this info
  end if

  write(UNITOUT1,20) cell_f, massriv, massboat,

```

```

      *                         massriv+massboat,vsum,cnoflow,cnohflow
20       format(1x,a18,1x,f13.2,2x,f13.2,2x,f13.2, 2x,f11.3,
      &                           3x,a2,3x,a10)

      ! Go on to the next cell/tow_config in FLOWDATA.
      goto 800
      else
c           Skip past the current set of values in the concentration time
history file.
      call skipconc(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm).....
      end if

810   end do

      if(i_cell_found .eq. 0) then
         write(*,*)"** Cell ',cell_f,' not found in ',TMPDATA
      end if

902   continue
*     if (errfile1 .eq. 0) then
*       errfile1=1
*       .....open(unit=UNITERR,file=ERRFILE,status='unknown')
*       write(UNITERR,*) trim(PROGNAME), ' Program'
*       write(UNITERR,201) TMPDATA
* 201       format('Cell ids and tow configurations that were not'
* 201        *          ' found in data file ', a64, /)
*       end if
*       write(UNITERR,*) cell_f
800   continue

      end do

901 close(unit=UNITFLOW)
      close(unit=UNITOUT1)
      close(unit=UNITERR)
      close(unit=UNITCONC, status='delete')

      stop
      end

c
c -----
c
c subroutine gettimes(UNITCONC,starttm,endtm,npts,
*                      nlns,nrm)
c     All parameters except UNITCONC are returned.
c     common/com/timehist

      real.....timehist(1000)
      integer.....npts
      integer.....nlns, nrm
      integer.....i,j,k
      integer.....UNITCONC

      read(UNITCONC,*)
      read(UNITCONC,*) starttm, endtm, npts
      read(UNITCONC,*) nlns = npts/ 10
      nrm = mod(npts,10)
      k=1
      do i = 1, nlns
         read(UNITCONC,15) (timehist(j), j=k, k+9)
         k=k+10
      end do
      if (nrm .gt. 0) then
         nrmm1=nrm-1
         read(UNITCONC,15) (timehist(j), j=k,k+nrmm1)
      end if

15 format(10f10.2)

```

```

        return
    end

c
c -----
-
c      subroutine resetconcfile(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm)
c          Skips past the times in the concentration time history file.

    integer nlns, nrm
    integer UNITCONC

    rewind(unit=UNITCONC)

    read(UNITCONC,*)
    read(UNITCONC,*)
    read(UNITCONC,*)
    do i = 1, nlns
        read(UNITCONC,*)
    end do
    if (nrm .gt. 0) then
        read(UNITCONC,*)
    end if

    return
end

c
c -----
-
c      subroutine skipconc(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm)
c          Skips past the current set of values in the concentration time
history file.

    integer nlns, nrm
    integer UNITCONC
    integer flag
    real      dummy

        read(UNITCONC, *) flag, dummy

    if (flag .eq. 1) then

        do i = 1, nlns
            read(UNITCONC,*)
        end do
        if (nrm .gt. 0) then
            read(UNITCONC,*)
        end if

        end if

    return
end

c
c -----
-
c      subroutine gettime0(timehist, npts, index0)
c          index0 is returned.

    real.....timehist(1000)
    integer.....npts, index0

    do index0 = 1, npts
        if(timehist(index0) .eq. 0) then
            return
        end if
    end do

    index0 = -1

    return

```

```

    end

c
c -----
-
c      subroutine getdeltaT(timehist, npts, deltaT)
c          deltaT() is returned.

real.....timehist(1000)
integer.....npts
integer.....deltaT(1000)

integer i

do i = 1, npts - 1
    deltaT(i) = timehist(i+1)-timehist(i)
end do

return
end
c
c -----
-
c      subroutine getconc(UNITCONC, nlns, nrm, klac, ch_type, conc)
c          conc() is returned.

integer.....nlns, nrm
real.....klac, conc(1000)
character*2 ch_type
integer UNITCONC
    integer flag
real    ambientc
integer i, j, k

read(UNITCONC, *) flag, ambientc

if (ch_type .eq. 'BW') then

    if (flag .eq. 1) then
        k=1
        do i = 1, nlns
            read(UNITCONC, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
            do j=k,k+9
                conc(j)=conc(j)-ambientc+klac
            end do
            k=k+10
        end do
        if (nrm .gt. 0) then
            nrmm1=nrm-1
            read(UNITCONC, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
            do j=k,k+nrmm1
                conc(j)=conc(j)-ambientc+klac
            end do
        end if
    else
        conc(1) = klac
        do i = 2, (nlns*10) + nrm
            conc(i) = klac
        end do
    end if

else

    if (flag .eq. 1) then
        k=1
        do i = 1, nlns
            read(UNITCONC, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
            k=k+10
        end do
        if (nrm .gt. 0) then
            nrmm1=nrm-1
            read(UNITCONC, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
        end if

```

```

    else
        conc(1) = ambientc
        do i = 2, (nlns*10) + nrm
            conc(i) = ambientc
        end do
    end if

end if

15 format(10f10.2)

      return
    end
c
c -----
-
c
      subroutine pickq_river(stgsl,lfrate,mfrate,hfrate,q_river)
c      q_river is returned.

character.....stgsl*2, stg*1
      real .....lfrate,mfrate,hfrate
real.....q_river

      if (lfrate.le.0.0 .and. mfrate.le.0.0 .and. hfrate.le.0.0) then
        q_river = -1.0 !Backwater
        goto 800
      end if
      if (hfrate.le.0.0) then
        q_river = -2.0 !No computation to make
        goto 800
      end if

      stg = stgsl

      if (stg .eq. 'L') then
        q_river = lfrate
      else if (stg .eq. 'M') then
        q_river = mfrate
      else if (stg .eq. 'H') then
        ! Check for no value for hfrate.
        if (hfrate .le. 0.0) then
          ! Return error code.
          q_river = -3.0 ! no hi flow value
          goto 800
        end if
        q_river = hfrate
      else
        q_river = -9.0 !No stage value found.
      end if

800  return
    end
c
c -----
-
c
      subroutine calcmass(npts,timehist,deltaT,conc,reflq,refltime,
      *                      index0,q_river,REFLECTS,massriv,massboat,
      *                      noflow,nohflow)
c      massriv, massboat, and noflow and nohflow are returned.

integer.....npts
real.....timehist(1000), conc(1000)
integer.....deltaT(1000)
real.....reflq(3), refltime(3), q_reflect
integer     REFLECTS

real*8.....mass_sc, massriv, massboat, thisdirt
integer.....noflow, nohflow

      real     con

      integer i, j, k, addons

```

```

massriv = 0.0
massboat= 0.0
mass_sc = 0.0

c      Add extra time increments if necessary to go through flow reflection
times.
      addons = 0
      do j = 1, REFLECTS
         if (refltime(j) .gt. timehist(npts+addons)) then
            addons = addons + 1
            timehist(npts + addons) = refltime(j)
            deltaT(npts + addons-1) = refltime(j)-timehist(npts+addons-1)
         end if
      end do
c

      q_reflect = reflq(1)
      k = 1
     noflow = 0
      nohflow = 0

      do i = index0+1, npts + addons
         if(k.le.REFLECTS)then
            if(timehist(i) .gt. refltime(k)) then
               k = k + 1
               if (k .lt. REFLECTS+1) then
                  q_reflect = reflq(k)
               else
                  q_reflect = 0.0.....! no more reflection flow
               end if
            end if
            else
               q_reflect = 0.0 .....! no more reflection flow
            end if
         !if q_river is indicating the 'no value condition'...
         if (q_river .lt. 0.0) then
            if (q_river .eq. -1.0) then
               noflow = 1      !set flag indicating cell has no initial flow
            end if
            if (q_river .eq. -3.0) then
               nohflow = 1
               return
            end if
            q_river = 0.0..... !set q_river to 0 for calculation below...
         end if

         if (i .gt. npts) then
            con = conc(1)
         else
            con = ((conc(i-1)+conc(i))/2)
         end if

         thisdirt = (con-conc(1)) * q_river * deltaT(i-1) /1000
         if (thisdirt .lt. 0.0) then
            thisdirt = 0.0
         end if
         massriv = massriv + thisdirt

         if(noflow .ne. 0) then
            thisdirt = con * q_reflect * deltaT(i-1) /1000
         else
            thisdirt = (con-conc(1)) * q_reflect * deltaT(i-1) /1000
         end if
         if (thisdirt .lt. 0.0) then
            thisdirt = 0.0
         end if
         massboat = massboat + thisdirt

      end do

      return
   end
c -----

```

```

-
c
      subroutine outhead(UNITOUT1)
      integer UNITOUT1

      write(UNITOUT1,*) 'MASS per cell of sediment moved due to'
      write(UNITOUT1,*) 'the river and to the boat passage (units: kg)'
      write(UNITOUT1,*) ' '
      write(UNITOUT1,20)
      write(UNITOUT1,30)
20   format(' Cell      Tow Config      kg(River)      kg(Boat)'
      *           ' Total          Volume      ---- Other ----')
30   format('-----'
      *           '-----')
      return
      end

c
c -----
-
c
      subroutine cntlines(filename, numlines)
      ! counts number of lines in the given file.
      ! Returns numlines

      character*64 filename
      real         numlines

      open(unit=10,file=filename,status='old')
      numlines = 0.0
      do
        read(10,*,end=10)
        numlines = numlines + 1
      end do
10   close(10)

      return
      end
c
c -----
-
c
      subroutine concmake(CHANDATA,CTHDATA,TMPDATA)

      common/com/timehist

      character*64 CHANDATA,CTHDATA,TMPDATA

      integer npts, nlns, nrm

      character*9 cellid(1000), cell
      character traffic*5, stgsl*2
      real.....conc(1000)

      real starttm, endtm
      real timehist(1000)

      integer flag
      real     ambientc

      integer i, j, k, l, cellcnt

      write (*,*) ' Extracting useful data from ', CTHDATA
      write (*,*) ''

      open(unit=10,file=CHANDATA,status='old')
      open(unit=11,file=CTHDATA,status='old', action='read')
      open(unit=12,file=TMPDATA,status='unknown')

      do cellcnt = 1, 1000
        read (10,*, end=910) cellid(cellcnt)
      end do
910 .....close (10)

```

```

      cellcnt=cellcnt-1

c      Read the times.
call gettimes(11,starttm,endtm,npts,nlns,nrm)
      ! All parameters except the first are returned.

      write(12,*)
      write(12,*) starttm, endtm, npts
      write(12,*)
      k=1
      do i = 1, nlns
         write(12,15) (timehist(j), j=k, k+9)
         k=k+10
      end do
      if (nrm .gt. 0) then
         nrmm1=nrm-1
         write(12,15) (timehist(j), j=k,k+nrmm1)
      end if

      do
         read (11,* , end=911) cell, traffic, stgsl

         do l = 1, cellcnt
            if(trim(cell) .eq. trim(cellid(l))) then
               read(11, *) flag, ambientc
               if (flag .eq. 1) then
                  k=1
                  do i = 1, nlns
                     read(11, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
                     k=k+10
                  end do
                  if (nrm .gt. 0) then
                     nrmm1=nrm-1
                     read(11, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
                  end if
               end if

               write (12,120) cell, traffic, stgsl
               format (a9, 2x, a5, 1x, a2)

            write (12,121) flag, ambientc
            format (1x, i1, 1x, f8.2)

            if (flag .eq. 1) then
               k=1
               do i = 1, nlns
                  write (12, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
                  k=k+10
               end do
               if (nrm .gt. 0) then
                  nrmm1=nrm-1
                  write (12, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
               end if
            end if

            goto 400
         end if
      end do  !end of l

         read(11, *, end=911) flag, ambientc
         if (flag .eq. 1) then
            k=1
            do i = 1, nlns
               read(11, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
               k=k+10
            end do
            if (nrm .gt. 0) then
               nrmm1=nrm-1
               read(11, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
            end if

```

```
        end if
    end if

400  end do

911 .....close (11)
      close (12)

15 .....format(10f10.2)

      write(*,*) ' '
      write(*,*) ' '

return
end
```

# Appendix D

## BWMASSPROB Program

---

### Files

#### Input

Pxx\_mm\_5000.SMP (Tow data)

Pxx\_yz\_mm.SED (SEDMASS Output file)

where

xx = Pool Number

y = Stage, z = Sailing Line

mm = month

#### Output

Pxx\_mm.BWP (sediment loading probabilities)

where

xx = Pool Number

mm = month

**Brief Output Description.** The BWMASSPROB program output contains three sets of 11 values. Each set is a range of probabilities from 0.0 to 1.0 in increments of tenths.

The data sets are as follows:

Set 1:	Total mass added
Set 2:	Mass added due to tow drawdown
Set 3:	Mass added due to disturbed sediment added to the river from tow passing

## Source Code

```
program bwmassprob

USE MSFLIB

character*7 flowtype
character*5 towconfig(50000) !, last_tr, tc_last
character dumb, d1, d2, d3 !, d4*2
integer linesread, numevents(9) !, done_tc
character*2 sl(9)

integer confignum(50000)
dimension i_noread(9),i_cellcnt(9) !,i_numread(9)
dimension i_done_file(9) ! , i_done_sorted(9), i_skip_rmf(9)

character*254 PATH, samplefile, smppath
character*2 monthnum

character*3 month
integer i_month

character*22 dum22

character*6 rm,last_rm,current_rm !,first_rm,rmx(9)
character*10 id1,last_id1

character cellid(800000)*10,traf_sed(10000)*5
character*254 line(800000)

character*2 pool

LOGICAL(4) result

data sl/'hl','hm','hr','ml','mm','mr','ll','lm','lr'/

i_debug=0
ih_debug=0

write(*,*) 'What is the pool (2 characters - Ex: 08)?'
read(*,*) pool

write(*,*)

write(*,*) 'What is the month (2 characters - Ex: 04)?'
read(*,*) monthnum
monthnum=trim(adjustr(monthnum))
if(monthnum(1:1) .eq. '') then
    monthnum(1:1) = '0'
endif

c
* This one is for when running in the debugger
PATH = 'c:\windows\desktop\uppermiss\mass\pool'//trim(pool)///\''

PATH = ''

write(*,*) 'What is the path to the .SMP file (0 for current)?'
read(*,*) smppath
if (smppath .eq. '0') then
smppath = PATH
end if

samplefile=trim(smppath)//'p'//trim(pool)//'_'//trim(monthnum)//
& '_5000.smp'

open(300,file=samplefile,status='old',err=12000
& ,action='read')

i_probout=60

do
read(300,* ,end=305) flowtype
linesread=linesread+1
```

```

c          Pull out the month...
if(linesread.eq.6) then
  read(300,304) dum22, month, i_month
304  format(a22,a3, 3x,i12)
      goto 305
end if
end do
rewind(300)

305  i_firsttime= -1
      write(*,*) ' '
      rewind(300)
      linesread=0
      do
        read(300,*) flowtype
        linesread=linesread+1

        if (flowtype .eq. 'File.HL') then
          rewind(300)
          goto 20
        end if
        end do
20      do 100 i=1, linesread-1
        read(300,*) dumb
100    continue

        i_cont=0

        i_infile_tmp=20
        i_celfile=30
        i_tmpsortfile=40

        open(i_tmpsortfile,file=trim(PATH)//'tmpsort.tmp',
& status='unknown')

        open(i_celfile,file=trim(PATH)//'cel.tmp',
& status='unknown')

        do i_infile=1,9
c          Initialize value
          i_line=0
          i_done_file(i_infile)=0

c          Get the tow data
          read(300,*) flowtype,d1,d2,d3,numevents(i_infile)
          do 110 i=1, numevents(i_infile)
            read(300,*) d1, confignum(i), towconfig(i)
            continue
            write(*,*) flowtype, ' ', sl(i_infile)

            if (numevents(i_infile).eq.0) then
              if(i_infile.eq.9) then
                last_rm = current_rm
                current_rm = rm
              end if
              goto 221
            end if
            call heapsort(numevents(i_infile), confignum, towconfig)

            open(i_infile+10, file=trim(PATH)//'p'//trim(pool)//'_'//
& sl(i_infile)//'_ '//trim(monthnum)//'.sed',status='old'
, action='read')
            write(*,*) 'Opened .sed file ', sl(i_infile)

            call resetinfile(i_infile+10)

            i_cellcnt(i_infile)=0
            i_noread(i_infile)=0

            do
              i_line = i_line + 1
              read(i_infile+10,160, err=161) line(i_line)
160            format(a254)

```

```

        traf_sed(i_line) = line(i_line)(12:16)
      end do
      i_line = i_line - 1
      close(i_infile+10)

      call heapsort3(i_line, traf_sed, line)

      i_traf_sed=0
      i_bartell=0
      i_dups=0
      i_wrote=0
400      i_bartell = i_bartell + 1 + i_dups
      i_dups=0
      if(i_bartell .gt. numevents(i_infile)) goto 490
      if(towconfig(i_bartell+i_dups+1) .eq.
      towconfig(i_bartell)) then
        i_dups = i_dups + 1
      goto 403
      end if
      i_gotone=0
401      i_traf_sed = i_traf_sed + 1
      if(i_traf_sed .gt. i_line) goto 400
      if(trim(towconfig(i_bartell)) .eq.
      trim(traf_sed(i_traf_sed))) then
        i_gotone = -1
        do i=1, i_dups+1
        i_wrote = i_wrote + 1
        write(i_tmpsortfile,402) line(i_traf_sed)
      end do
402      format(a254)
      i_traf_sed = i_traf_sed + 1
      goto 420
      else
      if(i_gotone .eq. 0) then
        goto 401
      else
        i_traf_sed = 0
        goto 400
      end if
      end if
      goto 400

490      &      write(*,*) 'Number of events for ', sl(i_infile),': ',
      numevents(i_infile)
      write(*,*) 'Wrote ',i_wrote,' items for ',sl(i_infile)

221      end do
      close(i_tmpsortfile)

      open(i_tmpsortfile, file=trim(PATH)//'tmpsort.tmp',
      & status='old')
      i_line=0
      do
        i_line = i_line + 1
        read(i_tmpsortfile,...,160, end=450) line(i_line)
        cellid(i_line)=line(i_line)(2:10)
      end do
450      i_line = i_line - 1
      close(i_tmpsortfile, status='delete')

      write(*,*) 'Sorting...'
      call heapsort2(i_line, cellid, line)
      write(*,*) 'Sorted ',i_line,' items by cellid'

      open(72,file='sortline.txt', status='unknown')
      do 383 iq=1,i_line
        write(72,*) trim(line(iq))
      continue
      close(72)

*      open(i_probout, file=
*            & trim(PATH)//'bwprob/p//pool//'_//trim(monthnum)//'.bwp',
*            & form='formatted',status='unknown')
      open(i_probout, file=
        & trim(PATH)//'p//pool//'_//trim(monthnum)//'.bwp',

```

```

& form='formatted',status='unknown')

i_line_cf=0
i_done=0
last_id1=line(1)(2:10)

write(i_probout,120) pool, i_month
format ('MASSPROB Output, Pool ', a2, ', Month ',i2)
write(i_probout,*) 'Mass Units: kg/tow'
write(i_probout,*) '3 data sets, 11 values/set,',
& ' Probabilities 0% - 100%'
write(i_probout,*) '0% is the smallest tow contribution'
write(i_probout,*) '100% is the largest tow contribution'
write(i_probout,*) 'Set 1: Total Mass'
write(i_probout,*) 'Set 2: Mass due to tow drawdown'
write(i_probout,*) 'Set 3: Mass due to disturbed sediment added',
& ' to the river from tow passing'
write(i_probout,*) 
write(i_probout,127)

127 format('CELL ID',4x,
&12x,'0%',14x,'10%',13x,'20%',13x,'30%',13x,'40%',
&13x,'50%',13x,'60%',13x,'70%',13x,'80%',13x,'90%',13x,'100%',
&12x,'0%',14x,'10%',13x,'20%',13x,'30%',13x,'40%',
&13x,'50%',13x,'60%',13x,'70%',13x,'80%',13x,'90%',13x,'100%',
&12x,'0%',14x,'10%',13x,'20%',13x,'30%',13x,'40%',
&13x,'50%',13x,'60%',13x,'70%',13x,'80%',13x,'90%',13x,'100%')
write(i_probout,128)

128 format(540(''))

do
open(i_celfile,file=trim(PATH)//'cel.tmp',
& status='unknown')

471      i_line_cf = i_line_cf + 1
if(i_line_cf .gt. i_line) then
i_done = -1
goto 472
end if
idl = line(i_line_cf)(2:10)
if(idl .eq. last_id1) then
write(i_celfile,160) line(i_line_cf)
goto 471
end if
i_line_cf = i_line_cf - 1
close(i_celfile)

472      call hist(PATH, 'cel.tmp', i_month, last_id1,
& i_tows1992,i_tows100pc,ambientc_inp, i_probout)
if(ih_debug .eq. -1) then
write(*,*) ' '
write(*,*) ' '
write(*,*) ' '
end if
i_cont = i_cont + 1
write(*,*) 'Processed cell number ',i_cont,'... ID: '
& , last_id1
write(*,*) ' '

last_id1 = idl

if(i_done .ne. 0) goto 1001

900      end do

1001      open(i_celfile,file=trim(PATH)//'cel.tmp',
& status='unknown')
close(i_celfile, status='delete')

close(i_probout)

30       format(f5.1,'',al,'',al,'',al,'',al,'',al,'',al,'',
& a5,'',a2,'',a10,'',f5.2,'',f6.3,'',f6.3,'',f8.1,'',f6.3,
& f10.4,'',f9.4,'',f12.6,'',f12.6,'',f9.4)

goto 90000

```

```

12000      write(*,*) 'ERROR! Sample File '//trim(samplefile)//
&           ' was not found.'
90000      stop
end

*****
subroutine hist(path, infil, i_month, cellid,
*                 i_tows1992, i_tows100pc, ambientc_inp, i_probout)
*
character*254 path
character*64 infil
character*10 cellid
integer i_month

dimension val(10)

character TRAFFIC*5, STG_SL*2, ID1*10
DIMENSION PFP(5,5001), CLASS(4001), SUMCLASS(4001)
DIMENSION PCGCLASS(4001), PROB(11), CUMPCT(4001)

real massriv, massboat, masstotal

integer CLASSNUM

sumx = 0

ih_debug=0

i_loop=1

write(*,*) 'In HIST subroutine using cellid ',cellid
*
open(115,file=trim(path)//trim(infil), form='formatted',
& status='old', action='read')
* NAVFPROB STATEMENT
read(115,*) id1, traffic, STG_SL, massriv, massboat, masstotal

do 1400 i_loop=1,3

sumx=0
avgx=0

2      CONTINUE

rewind(115)

PFPMIN = 100000000.
PFPMAX = 0.

do i_c=1,5000
PFP(i_loop, i_c)=0.0
end do

*
*      READ AND STORE DATA IN ARRAY, FIND MAX AND MIN
*
I = 1

* NAVFPROB STATEMENT
1      read(115,* , end=50) id1,traffic,STG_SL,massriv,massboat
masstotal=massriv+massboat
val(1)=masstotal
val(2)=massriv
val(3)=massboat

* NAVF      if (val(i_loop) .ge. 9999.0) goto 1      ! No data
PFP(i_loop,I)= val(i_loop)

sumx=sumx+val(i_loop)

```

```

        IF(PFP(i_loop,I).GT.PFPMAX) PFPMAX = PFP(i_loop,I)
        IF(PFP(i_loop,I).LT.PFPMIN) PFPMIN = PFP(i_loop,I)
        I = I + 1
if (I .gt. 5001) then
    write(*,*)'More than 5000 tows. Data truncated'
    goto 50
end if
GOTO 1
*
50   NUMDAT = I-1
if (NUMDAT .lt. 5000) then
    write(*,*)'Less than 5000 tow data elements. This cell skipped.'
*   Exit and Go to the next cell
    goto 1500
end if
RNUMDAT = NUMDAT

avgx=sumx/RNUMDAT
if (avgx .eq. 0.0) then
    ratio = 1.0
else
    ratio=10*PFPMAX/avgx
end if
*   COMPUTE CLASS WIDTH
    if(ratio .gt. 1000.0) ratio = 1000.0
    if(ratio .lt. 25.0) ratio = 25.0
    CLASSWID = avgx/ratio

NN = 4 * ratio
CLASSNUM = NN
*
CLASS(1) = PFPMIN
CLASS(NN+1) = PFPMAX
SUMCLASS(1) = 0.0
DO 100 II = 2 , NN
    CLASS(II) = CLASS(II-1) + CLASSWID
    SUMCLASS(II) = 0.0
100   CONTINUE
*
*   DETERMINE NUMBER OF VALUES IN EACH CLASS
*
    DO 300 II = 1, NUMDAT
    DO 400 I = 1, NN
        IF(PFP(i_loop,II).LT.CLASS(I)) GOTO 400
        IF(PFP(i_loop,II).GT.CLASS(I+1)) GOTO 400
        SUMCLASS(I) = SUMCLASS(I) + 1.
300   CONTINUE
300   CONTINUE
450   CONTINUE
*
*   FLAG = 0 (ALL INTERVALS HAVE AT LEAST ONE VALUE)
*   FLAG = 1 (ONE OR MORE INTERVALS HAVE NO VALUES WHICH MEANS
*   CLASSNUM WILL HAVE TO BE REDUCED FOR PROGRAM TO RUN)
*
    flag = 0.0
    SUMPCT = 0.0
    CUMPCT(1) = 0.0
*   WRITE(*,*) 'CLASS  LOWLIM  HILIM  CLASSREP  #HIT CLPROB CUMPROB'
    DO 500 J = 1 , NN
        if(sumclass(j).eq.0.0) flag = 1.0
*
        write(*,*) 'RNUMDAT = ',RNUMDAT,'I=',I,'J=',J,'NN= ',NN,
& 'i_loop= ',i_loop
*
        if(RNUMDAT .le. 0.00001)then
            write(*,*) 'RNUMDAT = ',RNUMDAT,' in HIST. I=',I
            stop
        else
            PCGCLASS(J) = SUMCLASS(J)/RNUMDAT
        end if
        SUMPCT = SUMPCT + PCGCLASS(J)
        CUMPCT(J+1) = SUMPCT

```

```

500      CONTINUE
*
*      test for flag = 1, if so go to end and REDUCE CLASSNUM BY 1
*
***      IF(flag.eq.1.0) goto 1000
*
*      FIND PFP AT PROB 0-1.0 IN 0.1 INCREMENTS USING LINEAR INTERP
*      THIS IS BEING STORED IN THE SAME ARRAY AS THE ORIGINAL VALUES
*      WHICH ARE NO LONGER NEEDED. PFPMIN IS USED FOR PROB = 0,
*      PFPMAX IS USED FOR PROB = 1.0
*
PROB(1) = 0
PFP(i_loop,1) = PFPMIN
DO 600 J=2,11
PROB(J) = PROB(J-1) + 0.1
DO 700 I = 1,NN
IF(PROB(J).LT.CUMPCT(I)) GOTO 700
DELT = PROB(J)-CUMPCT(I)

if(PCGCLASS(I) .le. 0.000001)then
    write(*,*) 'PCGCLASS(I) = ',PCGCLASS(I), ' in HIST, I = ',I
    goto 700
else
    write(*,*) 'PCGCLASS(I) = ',PCGCLASS(I), ' I = ', I
    RATIO = DELT/PCGCLASS(I)
end if
DIFF = RATIO*CLASSWID
PFP(i_loop,J) = CLASS(I) + DIFF
700      CONTINUE
600      CONTINUE
PROB(11) = 1.0
PFP(i_loop,11) = PFPMAX

goto 1401
1000     CONTINUE

1401      WRITE(*,14) NUMDAT,i_loop
14      format(' NUMBER OF DATA POINTS = ',i6,' LOOP ', i2)

1400      continue

        WRITE(i_probout,126)    cellid,
&      (PFP(1,ii1),ii1=1,11),
&      (PFP(2,ii2),ii2=1,11),
&      (PFP(3,ii3),ii3=1,11)

125      format(6x,f3.1,6x,f12.3,1x,f12.3,1x,f12.3,1x,f12.3)
126      format(a10,1x,32(f15.3,','),f15.3)

1500      CLOSE (115)

2000      return
      end

*****
c
c -----
c
c      subroutine heapsort(n, ra, ca)
c      ra is the "control" !
c      integer ra(n)
c      character*5 ca(n),cca
c      !
c      if(n .le. 1) then
c          return
c      end if

l=n/2+1
ir=n

10      continue
      if(l .gt. 1) then
          l=l-1
          rra=ra(l)
          cca=ca(l)      !

```

```

        else
            rra=ra(ir)
            ra(ir)=ra(1)
            cca=ca(ir) !
            ca(ir)=ca(1) !
            ir=ir-1
            if(ir .eq. 1) then
                ra(1)=rra
                ca(1)=cca !
                return
            endif
        endif
        i=l
        j=l+1
20      if(j .le. ir) then
            if(j .lt. ir) then
                if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
            endif
            if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
                ra(i)=ra(j)
                ca(i)=ca(j) !
                i=j
                j=j+j
            else
                j=ir+1
            endif
            goto 20
        endif
        ra(i)=rra
        ca(i)=cca !
        goto 10
    end

c
c -----
c
c subroutine heapsort2(n, ra, ca)
c     ra is the "control" !
character*10 ra(n),rra
character*254 ca(n),cca
c
! if(n .le. 1) then
    return
end if

l=n/2+1
ir=n

10    continue
    if(l .gt. 1) then
        l=l-1
        rra=ra(l)
        cca=ca(l) !
    else
        rra=ra(ir)
        ra(ir)=ra(1)
        cca=ca(ir) !
        ca(ir)=ca(1) !
        ir=ir-1
        if(ir .eq. 1) then
            ra(1)=rra
            ca(1)=cca !
            return
        endif
    endif
    i=l
    j=l+1
20      if(j .le. ir) then
            if(j .lt. ir) then
                if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
            endif
            if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
                ra(i)=ra(j)
                ca(i)=ca(j) !
                i=j
                j=j+j
            else
                j=ir+1
            endif
            goto 20
        endif
        ra(i)=rra
        ca(i)=cca !
        goto 10
    end

```

```

        else
            j=ir+1
        endif
    goto 20
    endif
    ra(i)=rra
    ca(i)=cca!
    goto 10
end

c
c -----
c
        subroutine heapsort3(n, ra, ca)
        ra is the "control" !
character*5 ra(n),rra
character*254 ca(n),cca
c
        !
if(n .le. 1) then
    return
end if

l=n/2+1
ir=n

10   continue
    if(l .gt. 1) then
        l=l-1
        rra=ra(1)
        cca=ca(1) !
    else
        rra=ra(ir)
        ra(ir)=ra(1)
        cca=ca(ir) !
        ca(ir)=ca(1) !
        ir=ir-1
        if(ir .eq. 1) then
            ra(1)=rra
            ca(1)=cca !
            return
        endif
    endif
    i=l
    j=l+1
20   if(j .le. ir) then
        if(j .lt. ir) then
            if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
        endif
        if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
            ra(i)=ra(j)
            ca(i)=ca(j) !
            i=j
            j=j+1
        else
            j=ir+1
        endif
    goto 20
    endif
    ra(i)=rra
    ca(i)=cca!
    goto 10
end

c
c -----
c
        subroutine gettimes(UNITIN,starttm,endtm,npts,
*                           nlns,nrm,timehist)
c     All parameters except UNITIN are returned.
*     common/com/timehist

real.....timehist(50000)
integer.....npts
integer.....nlns, nrm
integer.....i,j,k

```

```

integer.....UNITIN
read(UNITIN,*)
read(UNITIN,*) starttm, endtm, npts
read(UNITIN,*)
nlns = npts/ 10
nrm = mod(npts,10)
k=1
do i = 1, nlns
    read(UNITIN,15) (timehist(j), j=k, k+9)
    k=k+10
end do
if (nrm .gt. 0) then
    nrmm1=nrm-1
    read(UNITIN,15) (timehist(j), j=k,k+nrmm1)
end if

15      format(10f10.2)

return
end

c
c -----
c
c     subroutine resetinfile(UNITIN)
c     Skips past the times in the concentration time history file.

        integer UNITIN
        character*254 line

        rewind(unit=UNITIN)

        do i = 1, 4
            read(UNITIN,*) line
        end do

        return
end

c
c -----
c
c     subroutine getconc(UNITIN, nlns, nrm, conc, ambientc)
c     conc() is returned.

        integer.....nlns, nrm
        real.....conc(50000)
        integer UNITIN
        integer flag
        real ambientc
        integer i, j, k

        read(UNITIN, *) flag, ambientc

        if (flag .eq. 1) then

            k=1
            do i = 1, nlns
                read(UNITIN, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+9)
                k=k+10
            end do
            if (nrm .gt. 0) then
                nrmm1=nrm-1
                read(UNITIN, 15) (conc(j),j=k,k+nrmm1)
            end if
        else
            conc(1) = -999.0
            do i = 2, (nlns*10) + nrm
                conc(i) = 0.0
            end do
        end if

15      format(10f10.2)

return

```

```

    end
c
c -----
c
c      subroutine getdeltaT(timehist, npts, deltaT)
c      deltaT() is returned.
c
c      real.....timehist(50000)
c      integer.....npts
c      integer.....deltaT(50000)
c
c      integer i
c
c      do i = 1, npts - 1
c          deltaT(i) = timehist(i+1)-timehist(i)
c      end do
c
c      return
c
c
c -----
c
c      subroutine get_rm(idl, c_rm, rm)
c      character*10 idl
c      real rm
c
c      character*6 c_rm, cc_rm
c
c      i_pos=scan(idl,'LR')
c      c_rm=trim(idl(i_pos+1:i_pos+6))
c      c_rm=adjustr(c_rm)
c      cc_rm=c_rm(6:6)
c      c_rm=trim(cc_rm(2:5))//'.'//cc_rm
c      c_rm=adjustl(c_rm)
c
c      Convert rivermile string to a real
c      open(401,file='temp.tmp',status='unknown')
c      write(401,102) c_rm
c      102      format(a)
c      rewind(401)
c      read(401,103) rm
c      103      format(f5.1)
c      close(401, status='delete')
c
c      return
c

```

# Appendix E

## SED2BW Program

---

### Files

#### Input

Pxx\_TOWNNUMBER.DAT (annual number of tows – in the poolxx directory  
– this file is optional based on runtime preferences – the value can optionally be  
input at the keyboard)

Pxx\_TRAFMNTH.DAT (in the poolxx directory – percent values of traffic  
per month)

Pxx\_BWSECAREA.DAT (area in acres of each backwater)

Pxx\_mm.BWP (sediment loading probabilities)

Pxx\_BWLENGTH.DAT (contains the sediment type information)

PxxBWSEC.TXT (from GIS)

where

xx = Pool Number

mm = month

#### Output

Pxx\_tttTOWS.S2B (traffic impact potentials)

where

xx = Pool Number

ttt = number of yearly tows used

► Note: See “4Output“ on page 13 for a complete description of the output format.

### Source Code

```
program sed2bw
```

```

c      poolxx is the working directory...
c      This program requires input from:
c      TRAFMNTH.DAT
c      Pxx_BWSECAREA.DAT
c      Pxx_mm.BWP
c      Pxx_BWLENGTH.DAT
c      PxxBWSEC.TXT

c      Variable prefixes used...
c      i_ = integer
c      r_ = real
c      c_ = character
c      rec_ = record (structure)

USE MSFLIB ! for the $MAXPATH, PATH routines, etc.

* -----
      ! Final storage for all resulting bw/sec channel information
STRUCTURE /bwsec_info/
  CHARACTER*5 c_number
    integer i_area
    real r_totalacre_ft_peryear
    real r_cm_peryear
    integer i_color_by_rate ! via cm_peryear
END STRUCTURE
  record /bwsec_info/ rec_bwsecinfo(100)

STRUCTURE /bw_length/
  CHARACTER*10 c_cellid
    integer i_sedtype ! Cohesive, Noncohesive
    real r_sedspecweight
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_length/ rec_bwlength(100)
Cohesive sediment is represented by 2, specific weight, 78.0 pounds/ft^3
c  Non-cohesive sediment is represented by 3, specific weight, 96.3 pounds/ft^3
  real specweight_sedtype(10)
  character*15 c_sedtype(10)

STRUCTURE /bw_sec/
  CHARACTER*8 c_feature
    character*10 c_cellid
    real r_width
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_sec/ rec_bwsec(100)

STRUCTURE /bw_prob/
  character*10 c_cellid
  real r_prob(11)
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_prob/ rec_bwprob(100)

      ! Final storage for all resulting cell information
STRUCTURE /bw_cellinfo/
  CHARACTER*8 c_feature
    character*10 c_cellid
  real r_probvalue
    real r_mass(12)
    real r_tonsperyear
    real r_acre_ft_peryear
    integer i_color_by_volume ! via acre_ft_peryear
    real r_acre_ft_peryear_perimeter
    integer i_color_by_unit_volume ! via acre_ft_peryear_perimeter
    integer i_sedtype ! Cohesive, Noncohesive
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_cellinfo/ rec_cellinfo(100)
  !

  character*6 c_colors(3)
  integer i_worst_color

  character*256 PATH, bwprobdir

  character*10 c_totaltows

```

```

character*2 pool, month
integer i, i_month, i_percentile
integer i_dum

character*10 c_lastcellid

character*1 c_readtows_how

real r_trafmonthpercent(12)
real i_towspermonth(12)
integer i_trafmonth
character*255 c_trafpercentfile

integer i_notows(12)

character*10 c_cellid
character*6 c_inout

integer i_sedtype

character*8 c_feature
character*5 c_bwsec
character*255 c_bwsecareacomment1, c_bwsecareacomment2

real r_width
integer bwsec_i_totalcells
integer bwlength_i_totalcells
integer bwprob_i_totalcells

real r_us_tonspermonth(12)

character*255 c_infile
character*255 c_lin
character*255 c_trafpercentcomment1, c_trafpercentcomment2
character*255 c_townumbercomment1, c_townumbercomment2

CHARACTER($MAXPATH) dir
INTEGER(4) length

character*1 ccc

* -----
c      Assign Values...

specweight_sedtype(1) = 0.0 ! ?
specweight_sedtype(2) = 78.0
specweight_sedtype(3) = 96.3
specweight_sedtype(9) = 9999 ! No data

c_sedtype(1) = 'Do Not Know'
c_sedtype(2) = 'Cohesive'
c_sedtype(3) = 'Noncohesive'
c_sedtype(4) = 'Cohesive-Soft'
c_sedtype(5) = 'Cohesive-Medium'
c_sedtype(6) = 'Cohesive-Hard'
c_sedtype(7) = 'Cohesive- ???'
c_sedtype(9) = 'No Sedtype Data'

c_colors(1) = 'BLUE'
c_colors(2) = 'YELLOW'
c_colors(3) = 'RED'

do 99 i=1,12
i_notows(i) = 0
continue
99

* -----
write(*,*) 'What is the pool (2 characters - Ex: 08)?'
read(*,*) pool

* write(*,*) 'What is the month (2 characters - Ex: 04)?'

```

```

*
*      read(*,*) monthnum
*      monthnum=trim(adjustr(monthnum))
*      if(monthnum(1:1) .eq. '') then
*          monthnum(1:1) = '0'
*      endif
*
c
*      This one is for when running in the debugger
*      PATH = 'c:\windows\desktop\uppermiss\pool'//trim(pool)//'\sc\''
*      PATH = ''
*
*      ! Show the working path...
*      if (PATH .eq. '') then
*          ! Get current directory for display info...
*          dir = FILE$CURDRIVE
*          length = GETDRIVEDIRQQ(dir)
*          ! Add backslash if necessary
*          i_ccc=len(trim(dir))
*          ccc=dir(i_ccc:i_ccc+1)
*          if (ccc .ne. '\') then
*              dir = trim(dir)//'\'
*          end if
*          !
*          IF (length .GT. 0) THEN
*              WRITE (*,*) 'Current directory is: '
*              WRITE (*,*) trim(dir)
*          ELSE
*              WRITE (*,*) 'Failed to get current directory'
*          END IF
*          PATH = trim(dir)
*      else
*          write (*,*) 'Current path is ', trim(PATH)
*      end if
*
*      bwprobdir = ''
*      write(*,*) ''
*      write(*,*) 'What is the subdirectory containing ' //
*      & 'BW or SC Probability data (.bpw files)?'
*      write(*,*) 'Normally BWPROB.'
*      write(*,*) 'If the same as the default, enter a period (dot)'
*      read(*,*) bwprobdir
*      if (trim(bwprobdir) .eq. '0' .or. trim(bwprobdir) .eq. '.') then
*          bwprobdir = ''
*      else
*          i_ccc=len(trim(bwprobdir))
*          ccc=bwprobdir(i_ccc:i_ccc+1)
*          if (ccc .ne. '\') then
*              bwprobdir = trim(bwprobdir)//'\'
*          end if
*      end if
*
*      write(*,*) 'How many total tows pass for the year? '
*      write(*,*) '"E" = Enter value, "F" = Read from file'
*      read(*,*) c_readtows_how
*      if (c_readtows_how .eq. 'E' .or. c_readtows_how .eq. 'e') then
*          write(*,*) 'How many tows?'
*          read(*,*) i_totaltows
*      else
*          open (10, file=trim(path)//'..\'p'//trim(pool)//'_townumber.dat',
*          & status='old', action='read')
*          read(10,550) c_townumbercomment1
*          read(10,550) c_townumbercomment2
*          read(10,*) i_totaltows
*          close(10)
*      end if
*
207       write(*,*) 'What percentile value do you wish to use?'
*      write(*,*) 'Choose 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, or 100%'
*      read(*,*) i_percentile
*      if (i_percentile .ne. 0 .and. i_percentile .ne. 10
*          & .and. i_percentile .ne. 20 .and. i_percentile .ne. 30
*          & .and. i_percentile .ne. 40 .and. i_percentile .ne. 50
*          & .and. i_percentile .ne. 60 .and. i_percentile .ne. 70
*          & .and. i_percentile .ne. 80 .and. i_percentile .ne. 90
*          & .and. i_percentile .ne. 100) then

```

```

        write(*,*) 'Invalid percentage value, re-enter: '
        goto 207
        end if
        write(*,*)

c      Read the Traffic Percentages...
c_trafpcentfile=trim(path)//'..\\p'//trim(pool)//'_'//
& 'trafmnth.dat'
open(10, file=c_trafpcentfile, status='old', action='read')
!Skip the first two header lines
read(10,550,end=906) c_trafpcentcomment1
read(10,550,end=906) c_trafpcentcomment2
do 102 i_trafmonth=1,12
  read(10,*) r_trafmonthpercent(i_trafmonth)
  if (r_trafmonthpercent(i_trafmonth) .gt. 0) then
    i_towspermonth(i_trafmonth) = i_totaltows /
    & r_trafmonthpercent(i_trafmonth)
  else
    i_towspermonth(i_trafmonth) = 0
  end if
102  continue
      goto 107
906      write(*,*) 'Unexpected end of file reading ',
& trim(c_trafpcentfile)
107      continue

      ! Read the backwater/secondary channel areas...
c_infile = trim(path)//'p'//trim(pool)//'_bwsecarea.dat'
open(25, file=c_infile, status='old', action='read')
i = 0
! Read first two comment lines
read(25,550) c_bwsecareacomment1
read(25,550) c_bwsecareacomment2
do
  i = i + 1
  read(25,*, end=916) rec_bwsecinfo(i).c_number,
  & rec_bwsecinfo(i).i_area
end do
916      continue
      close(25)
      i_totalbwsecs = i - 1

550      format(a255)

      i_found_tow_data = 0
      ! Open .bwp files for the 12 months and prepare to read the data...
      do 105 i_month=1,12
        ! Convert integer i_month to two characters
        write(month,505) i_month
        format(i2)
        month=trim(adjuststr(month))
        if(month(1:1) .eq. '') then ! Fill blank space with zero
          month(1:1) = '0'
        endif
        !
        c_infile = trim(path)//trim(bwprobdir)//'p'//
        & trim(pool)//'_ '//month//'.bwp'
        write(*,*) trim(c_infile)
        open(10+i_month, err=301, file=c_infile, status='old',
        & action='read')
        ! Skip past header info
        do
          read(10+i_month,506, end=903, err=903) c_lin
          format(a255)
          if (c_lin(1:2) .eq. '--') then
            goto 201
          end if
        end do
        goto 201
506      continue ! If a read error...
        write(*,*)

```

```

        write(*,*) 'Error reading data from ', trim(PATH),
        & trim(c_infile), '. File is not in the correct format.'
        write(*,*)
        goto 301
        continue

201      i_found_tow_data = 1 ! Found some data - flag

        goto 305
        continue
        i_notows(i_month) = 1
        write(*,507) i_month
        format(' ... No tows for month ', i2)

305      continue

105      continue
        !

        ! If no tow data found then exit...
        if (i_found_tow_data .eq. 0) then
        write(*,*) 'No .bpw files were read. No tow data. Exiting...'
        stop
        end if

c       Aquire the .bpw data...
        i_cell = 0! Cell Counter
        do
        i_cell = i_cell + 1 ! Cell Counter
        rec_bwprob(i_cell).c_cellid = ''
        rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_tonsperyear = 0.0 ! Initialize value for sum
        i_haveread_thiscell = 0
        do 106 i_month=1,12
        if (i_notows(i_month) .ne. 0) then
        goto 106
        end if
        if (i_haveread_thiscell .ne. 0) then
        c_lastcellid = rec_bwprob(i_cell).c_cellid
        end if
        ! Read the cellid and first set of 11 values (Mass Totals)...
        read(10+i_month,*,end=904)
        & rec_bwprob(i_cell).c_cellid,
        & (rec_bwprob(i_cell).r_prob(iil),iil=1,11)
        if (i_haveread_thiscell .ne. 0) then ! Check for cellid sync
        if (trim(rec_bwprob(i_cell).c_cellid) .ne.
        & trim(c_lastcellid)) then
        write(*,*)'Problem: .bpw input files cellids',
        & ' do not sync.'
        stop
        end if
        end if
        i_haveread_thiscell = 1
        ! Calculate tons per month for cell i
        r_us_tonspermonth(i_month) = i_towspermonth(i_month) *
        & rec_bwprob(i_cell).r_prob((i_percentile/10)+1) *
        &2.203 / 2000
        ! Keep a running total of tons for cell i for the year
        rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_tonsperyear =
        & rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_tonsperyear +
        & r_us_tonspermonth(i_month)
106      continue
        ! Store the cellid in the 'Results' array
        rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_cellid =
        & rec_bwprob(i_cell).c_cellid
        end do

904      do 108 i_month=1,12
        close(10+i_month)
        continue

108      bwprob_i_totalcells = i_cell - 1

c       Must match cellids in other files with those in .bpw file

```

```

c   Open pxx_bwlength.dat, read cellid and sediment type into array
open(10, file=trim(path)//'p'//
&trim(pool)//'_//bwlength.dat', status='old', action='read')
i_cell = 0
do
i_sedtexture = 0
read(10,* , end=901) c_cellid, i_dum, i_sedtype, i_sedtexture
! Find the matching cellid stored earlier in the 'Results' array
do 115 i=1,bwprob_i_totalcells
if(rec_cellinfo(i).c_cellid .eq. c_cellid) then
i_cell = i_cell + 1
rec_bwlength(i_cell).c_cellid = c_cellid
rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype = i_sedtype
if (rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype .gt. 3) then
rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype = 9

*
*      write(*,*) 'No "Type of sediment" data for cell ',
&trim(rec_bwlength(i_cell).c_cellid)
end if
rec_bwlength(i_cell).r_sedspecweight =
&specweight_sedtype(rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype)
rec_cellinfo(i).i_sedtype =
&rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype
if (i_sedtype .eq. 2) then
if ((i_sedtexture .ge. 1) .and.
(i_sedtexture .le. 3)) then
rec_cellinfo(i).i_sedtype = i_sedtype + 1 +
&i_sedtexture
else
rec_cellinfo(i).i_sedtype = 7
end if
end if
goto 116
end if
115      continue
116      continue
end do
901      close(10)
bwlength_i_totalcells = i_cell
*      call heapsort1(bwlength_i_totalcells,rec_bwlength.c_cellid,
*&rec_bwlength)

c   Open pxxbwsec.dat, read cellid and other stuff
open(10, file=trim(path)//'p'//
&trim(pool)//'bwsec.txt', status='old', action='read')
read(10,*) c_lin ! Skip first line (description line)
i_cell = 0
do
read(10,* , end=902) c_feature, c_cellid, dum, r_width, dum,
&dum,dum,dum,dum,dum,dum,dum, c_inout
if (trim(c_inout) .eq. 'INLET') then
! Find matching cellid in rec_cellinfo array
do 117 i=1,bwprob_i_totalcells
if(rec_cellinfo(i).c_cellid .eq. c_cellid) then
i_cell = i_cell + 1
rec_bwsec(i_cell).c_feature = c_feature
rec_cellinfo(i).c_feature = c_feature.....! Fill in the feature value
rec_bwsec(i_cell).c_cellid = c_cellid
rec_bwsec(i_cell).r_width = r_width
goto 118
end if
117      continue
118      continue
end do
902      close(10)
bwsec_i_totalcells = i_cell
*      call heapsort2(bwsec_i_totalcells,rec_bwsec.c_cellid,rec_bwsec)

! Calculate Acre-ft/year, need density value based on sedtype
do 120 i_cell = 1,bwprob_i_totalcells
if ((rec_bwlength(i_cell).r_sedspecweight .eq. 0) .or.
&(rec_bwlength(i_cell).i_sedtype .gt. 3)) then

```

```

        write(*,*) 'Cannot calculate Acre-ft/year for cell ',
        &trim(rec_bwlength(i_cell).c_cellid), '.', '
        &'No "Type of sediment" data for this cell.'
        end if
        . ! Find Matching cellid in rec_bwlength array for Specific Weight Value
        do 121 i=1,bwlength_i_totalcells
        if (rec_cellinfo(i).c_cellid .eq.
        &rec_bwlength(i_cell).c_cellid) then
        rec_cellinfo(i).r_acre_ft_peryear =
        &rec_cellinfo(i).r_tonsperyear * 2000 /
        ! Density value
        &rec_bwlength(i_cell).r_sedspecweight /43560 ! 43560 ft^2/Acre
        ! Assign Impact Potential color by VOLUME
        if (rec_cellinfo(i).r_acre_ft_peryear .lt. 1.0) then
        rec_cellinfo(i).i_color_by_volume = 1
        else
        rec_cellinfo(i).i_color_by_volume = 2
        end if
        goto 122
        end if
        continue
121
122
        continue
120
        continue
        !

    ! Calculate cm/year into each backwater/secondary channel for all associated
inlets
do 126 i_bwsec=1,i_totalbwsecs
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear = 0.0
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_totalacre_ft_peryear = 0.0
! Find matching bw/sec numbers in rec_bwsecinfo array
do 127 i_cell=1,bwprob_i_totalcells
c_bwsec = rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_feature(1:5)
if (rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).c_number .eq. c_bwsec) then
! Sum the Acre-ft/year for this Backwater/Secondary channel
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_totalacre_ft_peryear =
&rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_totalacre_ft_peryear +
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear
end if
continue
! Finish the cm/year calculation
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear =
&( rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_totalacre_ft_peryear /
&rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_area ) * 30.48 ! Convert ft to cm
! Assign Impact Potential color by RATE
if (rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear .lt. 0.1) then
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_color_by_rate = 1
else
if ((rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear .ge. 0.1) .
&.and.
&(rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear .lt. 1.0)) then
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_color_by_rate = 2
else
rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_color_by_rate = 3
end if
end if
127
        continue

    ! Calculate Acre-ft/yr/meter for each cellid in rec_cellinfo array
do 130 i_cell = 1,bwprob_i_totalcells
! Find matching cellid from the rec_bwsec array
do 131 j_cell = 1, bwsec_i_totalcells
if (trim(rec_bwsec(j_cell).c_cellid) .eq.
&trim(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_cellid)) then
if (rec_bwsec(j_cell).r_width .eq. 0) then
write(*,*) 'Width for cell ',
&trim(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_cellid),
&' is 0. Must skip this cell.'
goto 130
end if
rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear_permeter =
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear /

```

```

&rec_bwsec(j_cell).r_width
! Assign Impact Potential color by UNIT VOLUME
if (rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear_perimeter
&.lt. 0.01) then
rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_color_by_unit_volume = 1
else
rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_color_by_unit_volume = 2
end if
goto 130
end if
continue
continue

131
130

c
Write Results
! Cloodge to convert integer to character
open(101,file='sed2bw.tmp',status='unknown')
write(101,*) i_totaltows
rewind(101)
read(101,*) c_totaltows
close(101, status='delete')
!
open(10, file=trim(path)//'p'//
&trim(pool)//'_'//trim(c_totaltows)//'tows.s2b',
&status='unknown')
write(10,*) 'SEDIMENTS TO BACKWATER OR SECONDARY CHANNEL ',
&'(SEE FEATURE), POOL',
&trim(pool)
write(10,530) i_percentile
format (' BASED ON ', i3, '% ROLLUP')
write(10,*) 'Total tows for year: ', i_totaltows
write(10,*)
write(10,531)
format( 'FEATURE      AREA      CELLID      SEDIMENT_TYPE',
&'           IMPACT_BY_VOLUME   ',
&'           IMPACT_BY_RATE    ',
&'           IMPACT_BY_UNIT_VOLUME  WORST_CASE')
write(10,532)
format( '                  acres          ',
&'                  acre-ft/year   ',
&'                  cm/year        ',
&'                  acre-ft/year/meter')
write(10,533)
format(135('---'))

! Sort rec_cellinfo array by c_feature
call heapsort1(bwprob_i_totalcells, rec_cellinfo.c_feature,
&rec_cellinfo)
do 135 i_cell=1,bwprob_i_totalcells
do 136 i_bwsec=1,i_totalbwsecs
if (rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).c_number .eq.
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_feature(1:5)) then
i_worst_color=max(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_color_by_volume,
&rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_color_by_rate,
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_color_by_unit_volume)
write(10,536) rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_feature,
&rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_area,
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).c_cellid,
&c_sedtype(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_sedtype),
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear,
&c_colors(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).i_color_by_volume),
&rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).r_cm_peryear,
&c_colors(rec_bwsecinfo(i_bwsec).i_color_by_rate),
&rec_cellinfo(i_cell).r_acre_ft_peryear_perimeter,
&c_colors(rec_cellinfo(i_cell).
&i_color_by_unit_volume),
&c_colors(i_worst_color)
end if
136
continue
135
continue
536
format(a8,2x,i7,3x,a10,1x,a15,2x,
&4x,f10.5,2x,a6,
&4x,f10.5,2x,a6,
&4x,f10.5,2x,a6,
&11x,a6)

```

```

        close(10)

        stop
        end

*****
c
c -----
c
        subroutine heapsort1(n, ra, ca)
        ra is the "control" !
        character*8 ra(n), rra
STRUCTURE /bw_cellinfo/
        CHARACTER*8 c_feature
            character*10 c_cellid
        real r_probvalue
            real r_mass(12)
            real r_tonsperyear
            real r_acre_ft_peryear
            integer i_color_by_volume ! via acre_ft_peryear
            real r_acre_ft_peryear_permeter
            integer i_color_by_unit_volume ! via acre_ft_peryear_permeter
            integer i_sedtype
END STRUCTURE
        record /bw_cellinfo/ ca(n), cca

c
        !
if(n .le. 1) then
    return
end if

l=n/2+1
ir=n

10   continue
        if(l .gt. 1) then
            l=l-1
            rra=ra(l)
            cca=ca(l) !
        else
            rra=ra(ir)
            ra(ir)=ra(1)
            cca=ca(ir) !
            ca(ir)=ca(1) !
            ir=ir-1
            if(ir .eq. 1) then
                ra(1)=rra
                ca(1)=cca !
                return
            endif
        endif
        i=1
        j=i+1
20   if(j .le. ir) then
        if(j .lt. ir) then
            if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
        endif
        if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
            ra(i)=ra(j)
            ca(i)=ca(j) !
            i=j
            j=j+j
        else
            j=ir+1
        endif
        goto 20
    endif
    ra(i)=rra
    ca(i)=cca!
    goto 10
end

c

```

```

c -----
c
c          subroutine heapsort2(n, ra, ca)
c            ra is the "control" !
c            character*10 ra(n), rra
c
STRUCTURE /bw_sec/
  CHARACTER*8 c_feature
    character*10 c_cellid
  real r_width
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_sec/ ca(n), cca

c
c          !
c          if(n .le. 1) then
c            return
c          end if

l=n/2+1
ir=n

10  continue
  if(l .gt. 1) then
    l=l-1
    rra=ra(1)
    cca=ca(1) !
  else
    rra=ra(ir)
    ra(ir)=ra(1)
    cca=ca(ir) !
    ca(ir)=ca(1) !
    ir=ir-1
    if(ir .eq. 1) then
      ra(1)=rra
      ca(1)=cca !
      return
    endif
  endif
  i=1
  j=l+1
20  if(j .le. ir) then
    if(j .lt. ir) then
      if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
    endif
    if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
      ra(i)=ra(j)
      ca(i)=ca(j) !
      i=j
      j=j+j
    else
      j=ir+1
    endif
    goto 20
  endif
  ra(i)=rra
  ca(i)=cca!
  goto 10
end

c
c -----
c
c          subroutine heapsort3(n, ra, ca)
c            ra is the "control" !
c            character*10 ra(n), rra
c
STRUCTURE /bw_prob/
  CHARACTER*10 c_cellid
  real r_prob(11)
END STRUCTURE
  record /bw_prob/ ca(n), cca

c
c          !
c          if(n .le. 1) then
c            return
c          end if

l=n/2+1

```

```

        ir=n

10    continue
      if(l .gt. 1) then
        l=l-1
        rra=ra(1)
        cca=ca(1) !
      else
        rra=ra(ir)
        ra(ir)=ra(1)
        cca=ca(ir) !
        ca(ir)=ca(1) !
        ir=ir-1
        if(ir .eq. 1) then
          ra(1)=rra
          ca(1)=cca !
          return
        endif
      endif
      i=l
      j=l+1
20    if(j .le. ir) then
      if(j .lt. ir) then
        if(ra(j) .lt. ra(j+1)) j=j+1
      endif
      if(rra .lt. ra(j)) then
        ra(i)=ra(j)
        ca(i)=ca(j) !
        i=j
        j=j+j
      else
        j=ir+1
      endif
      goto 20
    endif
    ra(i)=rra
    ca(i)=cca!
  goto 10
end

```

# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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